

THE NAPANEE

Vol. XLVIII No 23 -E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANA

Robert Light

Manufacturer and Dealer in

Lumber,
Lath,
Shingles,
Cedar Posts and Stakes,
Patent Roofing,
Hardwood Flooring.

Doors,
Sash,
Blinds,
Mouldings,
Verandah Columns,
Stairs and Brackets,
and Interior Finish.

Machine Work Done Promptly.

Telephone 53.

CLEANING HOUSE !

is what the majority of people are doing these fine days. We want to be in the fashion, so have decided to CLEAN HOUSE by disposing of all our Ends and Small Lots of

WALLPAPER at a Sacrifice

These goods are new, but the season is so far advanced that we are not warranted in repeating orders. Come and see some of our bargains. The most of our stock is complete now, particularly PARLOR AND HALL PAPERS.

WINDOW SHADES—We have secured a lot of OIL SHADES we are selling at 10 cents. These are bargains.

PICTURE FRAMING IS OUR ONE GREAT SPECIALTY.

We have the only Matt Cutter in town. We import regular picture glass.
We have the best matting machines obtainable.
Bring along some pictures and see how we can surprise you.

STERLING PAINTS ARE STIBLING IN QUALITY.

BASE BALL CLUBS Supplied at Toronto Rates.

A. E. PAUL,

The Wallpaper Man.

Notice to the Public



The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Co.

CASH ASSETS EXCEED
\$55,000,000.

Policy-holders of the above Company are hereby notified that the Agency has been transferred from D. L. Green to D. McCLEW, Napanee. All matters of transfer or endorsement, etc. in connection with existing Policies or any new business will be promptly attended to by

D. McCLEW, Agent, Napanee.
OFFICE—Grange Block, John St.
P. O. Box 136.

TOWN COUNCIL.

Council Chamber,
May 17th, 1909.

Council met in regular session on Monday evening, Mayor Simpson in the chair. Present—Councillors Gibbard, Rogart, Alexander, Steacy, Burrows, Kimmerly. The minutes of the last regular session were read and adopted.

A communication was read from Mr. F. E. Miller stating that he had examined the covered bridge and in his opinion the bridge was not as safe as it was last fall, owing to the fact that the supports under it had been carried away. Mr. Miller claimed the cables recently placed under the bridge were of no material benefit in strengthening the bridge.

Reeve Rutman entered. Moved by Coun. Kimmerly, seconded by Coun. Steacy, that the communication be referred to the Streets Committee.

Moved in amendment by Reeve Rutman, seconded by Coun. Gibbard, that the communication be filed. Carried.

A communication was read from W. S. Herrington, re complaint against the Gas Works emptying refuse into the river, and suggested, as the officials of the Gas Co., were willing to do what was right in the matter, that a committee be appointed, and an endeavor made to arrive at an amicable settlement. Filed.

A petition was read from a large number of citizens asking the council to grant the band the sum of \$100 towards defraying expenses of giving band concerts in the Harvey Warner Park during the summer months. Granted.

The Streets Committee reported recommending that the walk asked for by Mr. S. C. Denison be built, and that all material furnished by him be paid for at current rates, and that Mr. Denison pay the usual proportion for building such walks. Adopted.

The clerk was instructed to prepare a form of contract to be signed by all parties having granolithic walks built this year.

The Streets Committee reported recommending that Mr. H. V. Fralick be granted sufficient tile to build a drain across Adelphi street.

In reference to the complaint of Mr. C. H. Finkle as to the condition of the York road, the committee reported that the portion of road complained of was a county road, therefore the town was not responsible, and Mr. Finkle had been so informed, and told to register his complaint with the County Council. The committee also informed the council that parties making excavations on the streets, did not leave the street in good repair. Report adopted.

The Fire Water and Light Committee reported that they had made a request for an early meeting between the Waterworks Co., and the council, for the purpose of arranging a new contract between the two parties. Adopted.

The chairman of the above committee also read a lengthy report from the Fire Underwriters' Association, which was referred to the Committee to report.

The Fire Water and Light Committee were given power to negotiate for the purchase of 500 feet of new hose.

The Town Property Committee reported recommending the acceptance of S. Howard's tender for the caretaking of the Harvey Warner Park; also that the account of M. S. Madole, \$9.50, was correct, and that it be paid. Adopted.

A dog by-law was introduced and given its first and second reading, when the committee rose, reported progress and asked leave to sit again.

A charity grant of \$1.00 was made to Jane Hamilton.

Mr. J. Storms complained to the council that his cellar was being flooded by a defective street drain and asked the council to remedy the evil.

The Street Commissioner reported the work done.

The Chase Board was granted the privilege of using the council chamber for their

NEWS NOTES.

About \$3,800 was collected from Cobalt violators of the liquor law in fines.

A St. Catharines correspondent says the fruit crop prospects are very good.

Three young Montreal men were fined and sent to jail for beating a horse to death.

By-laws were carried by Owen Sound ratepayers to extend the waterworks and the electric light plant.

Workmen digging in a peach orchard in Niagara county, N. Y., found a pit containing about fifty human skeletons.

A man locked up in the police cells at Moncton, N. B., for violating the Scott act, found a hundred-dollar pearl in a dish of clams.

Reports of the killing of Christians in Asia Minor have been greatly exaggerated. Probably not more than ten thousand have been slain.

The electric light and water works commissioners of Picton are considering the question of instituting a day service for power purposes.

Picton seems to be populated with some hard-hearted citizens. Not satisfied with doing away with dogs by poisoning, they tie them to clothes lines and beat them to death.

Levi J. Satterfield, Wilmington, Del., was wondering why a cigar that he was smoking would not draw, and upon making an investigation found a handsome diamond, weighing two carats and worth over \$300, firmly imbedded in the filler.

Saturday night St. Yves, Sellen, and Marsh, famous long distance runners, will meet in a fifteen mile contest at Hanlon's Island, Toronto. The track will be carefully surveyed and there will be no chance for a dispute as to the distance covered.

The Kingston Pulp Company is incorporated, with its head office at Kingston, and with a capital stock of \$100,000. Daniel Smith, Colin A. Macpherson, Hugh Macpherson and Francis King, Kingston, and Fred Hall Hooper, Brownsburg, Que., are the incorporators.

Edwin S., better known as "Chaucer," Elliott was married at Burlington, Vt., on May 6th to Miss Elizabeth Gertrude Montague, second daughter of Mr. J. W. Montague, Madison, Wis. The many friends of the well known baseball player, hockey referee, and general all-round "sport" will congratulate him on the good move.

Don't look surprised if you should see some of Napanee's fashionable young men strutting around town with their trousers creased down the side instead of down the front. It is noted by a Paris despatch that since His Majesty King Edward has been in Paris, incognito, that he wears his trousers creased down the side instead of down the front.

Have you tried McConkey's (hand made) Chocolates? They are always fresh, and made of the best material. "The choice of Royalty." The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper, agent for Napanee.

Capt. Peter C. Hains, U. S. Army, who was convicted of manslaughter in the first degree for killing Wm. E. Annis, at the Bayside Yacht Club last August, will be sent to Sing Sing. The sentence is an "undeterminate one under which the minimum period of imprisonment will be eight years, and the maximum sixteen years. His time in prison must be spent in hard labor.

While adjusting the tackle at the top of a derrick in Murphy's stone quarry, a mile out of Tweed, Tuesday afternoon, the structure gave way and John McDonald fell upon the rocks below, receiving terrible injuries. One leg is broken, the ankle tendon being completely loose from the



We have opened up a salesroom, two doors east of Boyle & Son's hardware store, and are handling the William Gray & Son Carriages, also Harness, Plows and Farm Implements, Stoves, Ranges, Refrigerators, Kitchen Cabinets, Scales and the celebrated Capital Cream Separator, the easiest turned and best all round Separator on the market. It will pay anyone to inspect these goods before looking elsewhere.

GILLESPIE & ROBLIN.

STR. REINDEER

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

Daily, Sundays Excepted. Effective Wednesday, April 22nd, 1933. Subject to change without notice.

	A.M.	
Napanee	Leave	6:00
Deseronto		7:30
Hough's		7:20
Thompson's Point		7:40
Glen Island		8:10
Glenora		8:10
Pictou	Arrive	8:30
Pictou	Leave	9:30
Thompson's Point		10:00
Hough's		10:20
Deseronto	Arrive	11:00
	P.M.	
Deseronto	Leave	1:45
Hough's		2:00
Thompson's Point		2:35
Pictou	Arrive	3:00
Pictou	Leave	4:00
Glenora		4:20
Glen Island		4:20
Thompson's Point		4:45
Hough's		5:15
Deseronto		5:30
Napanee	Arrive	6:30
—Stop on signal.		

CONNECTIONS.

At Deseronto with Bay of Quinte and Grand Trunk Railway Trains for all points East, West and North, with Steamer Elia, boats for Upper Bay of Quinte. At Pictou with Central Ontario Railway.

JAS. COLLIER, Captain.

CRACKING

We have installed the latest and best machinery procurable for

CRACKING GRAIN

and would solicit a share of your patronage.

You will find our rates reasonable.

D. S. COLLIER,

Near Reindeer Dock.

Steady Employment.

for a reliable Local Salesman representing

Canada's Oldest and Greatest Nurseries

in Napanee and adjoining country. You will find there is a good demand for Nursery Stock on account of the high prices that growers have realized on their fruit this season.

Our salesmen are turning in big business to us this year. Be one of them and earn good wages through the winter months. Territory reserved. Pay weekly. Free sample outfit, etc.

Write for particulars.

STONE & WELLINGTON.

Fonthill Nurseries—850 acres

TORONTO, ONT. 11-11

CAR LOAD OF

BANANAS

JUST ARRIVED.

Pineapples

4 for 25 Cents.

M. PIZZARIELLO,

PHONE 89.

GOOD SALARIES

Go Only to the Well-Trained.

Our graduates are to be found in the best mercantile, banking and professional offices in the Dominion. Catalog and beautiful Xmas calendar sent free on request.



Kingston, Ont.

Winter term opens January 4th 1933.
T. N. STOCKDALE, Prin.

ALBERT COLLEGE,

Belleville, Ont.

Conservatory of Music.

Prof. V. P. Hunt, A. A. G. O., Director. Graduate of Royal Conservatory, Leipzig, Germany. Organist and Choir Master of Bridge Street Methodist Church. Teacher of Advanced Piano, Pipe-Organ, Harmony, etc.

Prof. Dan A. Cameron, recent Baritone Soloist of Metropolitan Church, Toronto, etc. Has studied under the best masters in London, New York and Boston. Teacher of Voice Culture and Artistic Singing.

Full staff of Specialists in PIANO, PIPE-ORGAN, VOICE, VIOLIN, and THEORY OF MUSIC. New Pipe-Organ recently added.

Toronto Conservatory and University Examinations held annually in the College Buildings.

Over 300 successful Candidates at these Examinations in past six years. Several have taken A. T. C. M. standing with distinguished ranking. A. A. C. M. granted on Normal Course for Teachers.

Special attention given to Matriculation, Teachers Course, Elocution, Fine Art, Physical Culture.

College re-opens Tuesday, Sept. 26th, 1933. For illustrated Calendar, address,

PRINCIPAL DYER, M.A., D.D.

Collapsible

GO-CARTS,

—for—

\$5.50

Napanee Bicycle and Carriage Works.

W. J. NORMILE, Prop.

mittor rose, reported progress and asked leave to sit again.

A charity grant of \$4.00 was made to Jane Hamilton.

Mr. J. Storms complained to the council that his cellar was being flooded by a defective street drain and asked the council to remedy the evil.

The Street Commissioner reported the work done.

The Cheese Board was granted the privilege of using the council chamber for their meetings the same as previous years.

Moved by Coun. Gibbard, seconded by Coun. Bogart, that the solicitor be instructed to institute proceedings against Sir, R. J. Cartwright to test the Tax By-law of 1908, at the first Division Court.

Yas—Alexander, Burrows, Bogart, Gibbard.

Nays—Kimmerly, Rutlan, Simpson, Steacy. Lost.

The following accounts were ordered paid:
J. L. Boyes.....\$ 3.90
Graham & VanAlstyne.....60
W. M. Cambridge.....6.82
S. Kelly.....50
D. W. Spencer.....1.50
R. J. Dickinson.....1.00
Council adjourned.

What is wrong with my eyes? We are prepared to answer this question in a most scientific manner. Your eyes tested free and satisfaction guaranteed at The Medical Hall, Fred M. Hooper.

DENBIGH.

Spring at last seems to have come to stay and our farmers are all busy doing their springs seeding. Seed grain of all kinds and seed potatoes are very scarce and some of our farmers are also short of feed.

Miss Maude Glaeser, who has been in New York City for a couple of years, is home for a good long visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Glaeser.

His Honor, Judge Jas. Madden, will hold Division Court here on the 27th inst., and the Court of Revision for this Municipality will be held at the Chatson House, in this Village, on the 29th inst. Both Courts promise to be very interesting, as quite a number of suits have been entered with our Division Court Clerk and a large number of appeals against Assessments have been filed with the Township Clerk.

Mrs. E. Sallans met with the misfortune to fall down stairs and have her right arm put out of joint.

CASITORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Late reports from Winnipeg say the spring wheat seeding is now practically completed throughout the Canadian prairie west. In the earlier districts, good progress has been made with oats and other coarse grains. Where seeding was accomplished under the most favorable conditions, grain is already showing above ground, while weather conditions of alternating warm sunshine and showers could hardly be bettered for bringing along the crop. Only in the heavy low lying country, where land is wet and cold, does any appreciable percentage of the land prepared for wheat remain unseeded. Speaking generally, the crop has been got in under splendid conditions, and in good time, as compared with any average season. Old-timers say that in the spring wheat if in the ground by May 21, it is in plenty time for a good crop, provided subsequent conditions are favorable. There is, therefore, no foundation for any anxiety which may have been felt a few weeks ago regarding the lateness of the season. Fall wheat in southern Alberta is reported looking good.

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, has opened an office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences. Residence: West Street, near Made's grocery.

the sentence is an undetermined one under which the minimum period of imprisonment will be eight years, and the maximum sixteen years. His time in prison must be spent in hard labor.

While adjusting the tackle at the top of a derrick in Murphy's stone quarry, a mile east of Tweed, Tuesday afternoon, the structure gave way and John McDonald fell upon the rocks below, receiving terrible injuries. One leg is broken, the ankle tendon being completely loose from the bone, and his head is badly bruised. His nose is split open, also his lips. It is difficult to determine yet whether there is concussion of the brain or not.

The Pictou Gazette says: The new steel cages for the office of the Chief of Police have arrived in town, and Pictou may be considered to have attained the dignity of a "lock-up." These cages are of ample proportions to contain several offenders against the peace, and are located in the office formerly occupied by Mr. R. A. Norman, the former town clerk. Now, who will be the first "lucky" man to come into the hands of the law and get locked up? How would the fellow who tied the dog to the clothes line and beat it to death look in one of them, Mr. Gazette?

A big steer, raised 30 miles north of Glenora, is to be taken to the Alaska-Yukon Exposition to show the possibilities of Alberta's natural grasses. The animal, although only three or four years old, stands 6 feet high, is eleven feet 2 inches long, measures 8 ft. 8 in. around the girth, and six feet on the hips, and weighs 2,500 lbs. The steer was worked in an ox team last fall and was turned out on grass, never seeing the inside of a stable throughout the winter. It is thought the steer will, before the end of the season, weigh 3,500 lbs. The owners have refused \$4,000 for it.

Campbell's Varnish Stain is made with Varnish worth \$1.00 a gallon. We have Rosewood, Light Oak, Dark Oak, Mahogany, Natural, White Enamel, Gloss Black, Hat Black, etc., just the thing for renewing furniture of any kind.

A new agreement has been drawn up between Pat Powers and "Tom" Longboat. If Longboat sticks to this agreement, which is far more favorable for him than the first one he signed, he will receive at its expiration on the first of November all the money that he earned in the race with Shrub in Montreal. Both Mr. Powers and Longboat have put up bonds of a thousand dollars to bind the new agreement, which "Tom" signed with the approval of his wife. Longboat now gets seventy-five per cent. of all his earnings in Canada and every cent of his earnings when he runs in the United States.

Saturday last, Gladys, the six-year-old daughter of Frank Schram, liverman, of Chatham, while walking on the street with her mother was attacked by a bull-mastiff, which knocked her down, biting her about the face and arms. The little girl's life was saved only by her mother courageously tearing her daughter from the dog's grip by main force. The child's nose, right cheek, arm, and the back of her head were badly bitten, the wounds requiring fourteen stitches. The dog was afterwards shot. There are fortunately no indications of hydrophobia.

Consternation spread throughout western Canada and the adjoining states of the Union Saturday night last, when the whole of the vast area of country between New Ontario on the east, and Swift Current on the west, Prince Albert on the north, and St. Paul on the south, was shaken by an earthquake. It occurred about 10.20 o'clock, and the disturbance lasted from thirty seconds to a minute. No damage to property has been reported, although many people, in places where the shake was more severe, were greatly alarmed. In Winnipeg, the tremor seemed to be most pronounced in the vicinity of the Assiniboine River Valley.

The Nox Tasteless Liquor, Drug and Tobacco Cure.

We have yet to hear of one failure to cure where a fair trial had been given. Can be given without the person knowing it, is harmless and absolutely without taste. Mother, sister or wife, you would be doing a great work by giving this remedy to some members of your family. We will mail a full month's treatment for five dollars. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

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THE EXPRESS.

A QUARTER OF A CENTURY

finds us in the lead for
Plumbing, Steam, Hot
Water and Hot Air
Heating.

M. S. MADOLE.

.. CANADA—FRIDAY, MAY 21st, 1909

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

What about the 24th

No doubt you will want a

NEW HAT NEW SHIRT NEW TIE

or something in the toggery line. Our stock is very complete in all lines of holiday attire and you will make no mistake by visiting our store for your outfit.

Come where the stock is large and prices are right.

J. L. BOYES,

DESERONTO.

The 5th Field Battery go into camp on Barriefield on June 15. They will march from Deseronto to Kingston, bivouacking en route. The officers commanding are Major Malley, Capt. F. T. Cartwright and Lieuts. W. Barker and W. Dunn. The corps this year will be exceptionally strong, as a great deal of attention has been given to drill and instruction during the past winter and up till now. The 6th Field Battery have always stood high in merit marks for discipline as well as in target practice.

Mrs. Howard Vandusen, of Picton, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Valieu, Stanley Avenue.

Mr. F. W. Johnston, Montreal, spent Wednesday in town.

Mrs. Edward Wilson, of Napanee, spent last Thursday in town.

Miss Etta Pigeon, of Belleville, spent a few days of last week with friends in town.

Mrs. Robert Owens intends leaving for Syracuse in a few weeks to join her husband, who has a good position, and where they will make their home in the future.

On Thursday afternoon last business was practically suspended, and every one seem to feel the loss that Deseronto has sustained in the death of the late A. H. McLaughney. The private service was conducted at the home by Rev. T. J. O'Connor, Trenton. The

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.

Middle School (Division B.)

Algebra—Marion McCall, Harold Wright, Gertie Killoran, Gladys Calder, Annie Killoran, Stanley Henderson, George Scott, Maggie Sexsmith.

Geometry—Gertie Killoran, Marion McCall, Annie Killoran, Gladys Calder, George Scott, Stanley Assestine, Harold Wright, Lucy Murphy, Muriel Paul, Livonia Grange, Maggie Sexsmith.

French—Marion McCall, Aubrey Cowan, Maggie Sexsmith, Harold Wright, George Scott, Flossie Baldwin, Katie Gates, Hazel Leonard, Ross Dafeo, Winnie Craig, Stanley Assestine.

Literature—Marion McCall, Gertie Killoran, Livonia Grange, Stanley Assestine, Aubrey Cowan, Lucy Murphy, Muriel Paul, Stanley Henderson, Harold Wright, Gladys Calder, Willie McLeod, Alan Simpson, Ross Dafeo, George Scott, Annie Killoran.

British and Canadian History—Gladys Calder, Marion McCall, Alan Simpson, Ross Dafeo, Stanley Assestine, Aubrey Cowan, Stanley Henderson, Annie Killoran, Gertie Killoran, Maggie Sexsmith, Willis Huffman, Winnie Craig, George Scott.

Composition—Marion McCall, Alan Simpson, Annie Killoran, Stanley Assestine, Livonia Grange, Willie McLeod, Lucy Murphy, Ross Dafeo, Katie Gates, Aubrey Cowan, Maggie Sexsmith, Stanley Henderson, Willis Huffman, Gertie Killoran, Harold Wright.

Latin—Marion McCall, Harold Wright, Lucy Murphy, Gladys Calder, George Scott, Stanley Assestine, Stanley Henderson, Hazel Leonard, Aubrey Cowan, Susie Donovan, Maggie Sexsmith, Ross Dafeo.

Ancient History—Marion McCall, Annie Killoran, Gladys Calder, Gertie Killoran, Muriel Paul, Stanley Assestine, Lucy Murphy, Stanley Henderson, Harold Wright, Susie Donovan, Maggie Sexsmith, Hazel Leonard.

Physics—Marion McCall, Annie Killoran, Gertie Killoran, Gladys Calder, Livonia Grange, Muriel Paul, Lucy Murphy.

Chemistry—Marion McCall, Gladys Calder, Annie Killoran, Gertie Killoran, Alan Simpson, Stanley Henderson, Stanley Assestine, Livonia Grange, Muriel Paul.

Maticulation Physics—Alan Simpson, Ross Dafeo.

Upper School.

Biology—Faye Johnston, Alvin Wartman.

Chemistry—Alvin Wartman, Herbert Baker, Frank Ryan.

Mineralogy—Alvin Wartman, Frank Ryan.

Mediaeval History—Maggie McDonald, Ross Sills, Gertrude Preston, Edith Milling, Genevieve Bogart.

Latin Composition—Faye Johnston, Marjorie Simpson, Ken Shaver, Alvin Wartman, Frank Ryan, Herbert Baker.

Latin Authors—Faye Johnston, Marjorie Simpson, Herbert Baker, Ken Shaver, Frank Ryan, Alvin Wartman.

French—Faye Johnston, Alvin Wartman, Herbert Baker.

German—Faye Johnston, Ken Shaver.

Literature—Gertrude Preston, Genevieve Bogart, Lena Herrington, Edith Milling, Maggie McDonald, Edna File, Ross Sills, Wilmot VanLoven, Bidwell Conway.

Composition—Lena Herrington, Genevieve Bogart, Edith Milling, Bruce Jemmett, Maggie McDonald, Edna File, Ross Sills, Gertrude Preston, Bidwell Conway, Wilmot VanLoven, Grace Assestine.

Algebra—Edna File, Bidwell Conway, Miles Miller, Gertrude Preston, Ross Sills, Grace Assestine, Wilmot VanLoven, Maggie McDonald, Genevieve Bogart.

Geometry—Edna File, Grace Assestine, Maggie McDonald, Gertrude Preston, Ross Sills.

Trigonometry—Ross Sills, Edna File, Bruce Jemmett, Maggie McDonald, Gertrude Preston, Grace Assestine, Bidwell Conway, Wilmot VanLoven.

NEW LUMBER YARD

Messrs. J. R. Dafeo and W. T. Waller, have purchased the lumber stock and business of Mr. M. S. Madole, and have overhauled the machinery of the planing mill and have it equipped for first-class work, and are prepared to supply the following first-class building material:—

Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Verandah Posts. Also Cement, Sand, Lime, Building Paper, Roofing Drain Tile

in fact anything required in the building trade. **Lumber Dressed, and Sash and Doors, Etc. Prepared to order.**

When intending to build, give us a call, foot of East Street.

DAFOE & WALLER,

Orders left at T. H. Wallers' Hardware Store, or at J. R. Dafeo's Office will receive prompt attention. Telephone No. 14.

DR. C. E. WILSON,
Physician, Surgeon, Acconchour.

Office—Bridge Street, opp. site Western Methodist Church. Phone No. 138.

BEAUTIFUL GASOLINE LAUNCH
for sale at a great bargain—\$1500.00. Also a canoe to sell. ARTHUR CHINNECK, Napanee.

FOR SALE—A 19 foot Motor Boat, with Folding Canopy Top and Curtains—good reliable Motor. Apply to W. A. ASHLEY, Napanee.

WANTED—A General Blacksmith in a good locality, the Township of Adolphustown. House and shop free of rent for one year. Apply to EDWARD GALLAGHER, Dorland, P. O.

40 FARMS FOR SALE in Napanee and Belleville districts. Many of these are valuable farms, and at right price. Call at once or write for list. We can suit you, and you will save time and money. Also some good town properties. W. G. H. BROWN, Real Estate—Opposite Royal Hotel, Napanee.

FOR SALE, MAN OR WOMAN—My South African Veteran Bounty Land Certificate, issued by the Department of the Interior, Ottawa; good for 320 acres of any Dominion Land open for entry in Alberta, Saskatchewan, or Manitoba. Any person over the age of 18 years, MAN OR WOMAN, can acquire this land with this certificate. For immediate sale \$700.00. Phone, write or wire to E. T. FORD, 131 Shuter Street, Toronto, Main 3 66.

Court of Revision

Notice is hereby given that the Court of Revision for the hearing and determining of appeals against the assessment of the village of Bath for the year 1909, will be held in the town hall, Bath, on Wednesday, May 26th, 1909, at 7.30 p. m.

MAN ROBINSON,
Clerk of the Municipality of Bath.

NOTICE OF MEETING.

The County Council

of Lennox and Addington will meet at the Council Chambers, in the Court House, Napanee, on

Tuesday, 8th June, 1909,
at 2 o'clock p. m.

All accounts must be in the hands of the undersigned, not later than Wednesday, 9th June, 1909, in order that they may be

DOXSEE & CO. MILLINERY

As usual we are in the forefront with all that is newest and prettiest in dainty head wear, and no matter what the requirement we can suit you.

Novelty Neckwear

We have a select stock of all the newest designs in Muslin Stocks, Silk Ties, Soft Embroidered Linen Collars, Fancy and Plain.

Children's Tams.

We have them in Velvet, Cloth, Leather, Linen.

We are sole agents for the P. D. Corsets—it will pay you to see them before buying.

The Leading Millinery House.

THE - DOMINION - BANK NAPANEE BRANCH

PAID UP CAPITAL \$5,981,000
RESERVE 4,979,000
TOTAL DEPOSITS BY THE PUBLIC
OVER \$36,973,000.

DUDLEY L. HILL,

Manager, Napanee Branch.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND RESERVE OVER
\$10,400,000.
UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

year. The future.
On Thursday afternoon last business was practically suspended, and every one seem to feel the loss that Deseronto has sustained in the death of the late A. H. McGaughney. The private service was conducted at the home by Rev. T. J. O'Connor, Trenton. The public funeral, which was one of the largest held in Deseronto for some time, took place at three o'clock to St. Mark's church, under the auspices of Craig Lodge, he being a charter member. There were a large number present, also a large representation of members from Mount Sinai Chapter, of Napanee, he being a companion for twenty-five years. The service of the Church of England was conducted by Rev. T. J. O'Connor, Trenton, and Mr. McGreer, of Trinity University, Toronto, read the lesson, after which the remains, followed by a large concourse of brethren of lodges of which he was a member, was placed in Deseronto cemetery vault. The floral tributes were numerous and beautiful coming from friends from far and near, showing the universal esteem in which he was held. The pall-bearers were Messrs. Russell, J. M. Hurley, Judge Deroche, of Belleville, J. T. Macfarlane, A. S. Vallean and G. W. Wright of Deseronto. The following are some of those who attended: H. B. Sherwood, Edward Wilson, H. M. Deroche, of Napanee, C. B. Dougherty, of Ottawa, Rev. R. J. Craig, of Kingston, S. Russell, J. M. Hurley, P. Wins, Judge Deroche, of Belleville, Joseph Hoppes, of Kingston, E. Lowe, V. Marshall, of Brockville, R. Rayburn, of Tweed.

The town council held its regular meeting, Tuesday evening. The councillors welcomed Major John Newton, it being the first meeting he has been able to attend this year on account of illness. The public library committee waited on the council in regard to removing the public library from Colpe block to the town hall.

The reform association held a meeting in Union hall on Tuesday evening, when the following were elected: P. Shavin, President; James Knox, first vice-president; John T. Cowan, secretary-treasurer; N. D. Carter and Alexander Thierien, committee. The names of James Goulin for postmaster and E. J. Edwards for deputy postmaster, were recommended for appointment.

J. Pierson is spending a few weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Black, of Trenton.
Miss Ella Powless, of Picton, spent a few days with Mrs. Robert Jack.
Miss Cora Dorland, of Picton, spent Sunday with Mrs. Robert Owens.
Miss Mary G. Callaghan, of Smith's Falls, is spending a few weeks with her mother, Mrs. John Callaghan.
Mrs. J. Macfarlane and daughter, Margaret, returned home this week from Brockville, where they spent some weeks with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Bolton Webster are spending a few weeks in Toronto and Georgetown, with relatives.
Arthur McGreer, B. A., nephew of the late Rural Dean Stanton, of St. Mark's, who is to be ordained on Trinity Sunday next, has been appointed to Barriefield Church of England.
The schooner Isabella Reid, is in port from Erie with a load of coal for the the Marlboro, Cement Company.
The schooner Lizzie Metzner cleared, to-day for Port Milford with a load of box shooks.

Paints, Varnish Stains, Floor Stains, paint oils. Gasoline Heybert grade.
BOYLE & SON.

Paint brushes, at Eaton's prices, at Wallace's Drug Store.

Paint brushes, at Eaton's prices, at Wallace's Drug Store.

Grace Assestine, Wilmot VanLoven, Maggie McDonald, Genevieve Bogart.
Geometry—Edna File, Grace Assestine, Maggie McDonald, Gertrude Preston, Rosa Sills.
Trigonometry—Rosa Sills, Edna File, Bruce Jemmett, Maggie McDonald, Gertrude Preston, Grace Assestine, Bidwell Conway, Wilmot VanLoven.
Physics—Edna File, Gertrude Preston.

ANNUAL MEETING

—of the—
Lennox - Farmers' - Institute

will be held in the Council Chamber, in the town hall, on

Saturday, June Fifth,
at 1.30 p.m.

for the purpose of electing officers, and other general business. A full attendance is requested.

D. W. SHEA, President.
D. AYLSWORTH, Sec'y.

Court of Revision.

Notice is hereby given that a Court of Revision for the Township of Richmond, will be held in the Town Hall, Selby, on Monday, the seventh day of June, 1909, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m., for the purpose of hearing appeals against the Assessment Roll of 1909. All persons concerned will take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

ABRAM WINTERS,
Township Clerk.
Selby, May 17, 1909.

Court of Revision Notice.

The first session of the Court of Revision for the Municipality of Denbigh, Abinger and Ashby, in the County of Lennox and Addington, for the year 1909, will be held at the Chateau House, in the village of Denbigh, on Saturday, the 20th day of May, 1909, commencing at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

PAUL STEIN,
Clerk of the said Municipality.
Dated at Denbigh, this 14th day of May, 1909.

NOTICE.

The Court of Revision for the Municipality of Sheffield will be held in the Town Hall, Tamworth, on MONDAY, JUNE THE SEVENTH, 1909, at the hour of 10 a.m., for the purpose of hearing appeals against the Assessment Roll for 1909. All parties concerned will govern themselves accordingly.

JAS. AYLSWORTH,
Township Clerk.
Dated at Tamworth this 13th day of May, 1909.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS

TO
Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta

Special Train leave Toronto 2.00 p.m. on
APRIL 6, 20 MAY 4, 18 JUNE 1, 18
JULY 13, 27 AUG. 10, 24 SEPT. 7, 21

Second class tickets from Ontario stations to principal Northwest points at

LOW ROUND-TRIP RATES

Winnipeg and return \$32.00; Edmonton and return \$42.50, and to other points in proportion. Tickets good to return within 60 days from going date.

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS

on all excursions. Comfortable berths, fully equipped with bedding, can be secured at moderate rates through local agent.

Early application must be made
ASK FOR HOMESEEKERS' PAMPHLET
containing rates and full information.
Apply to nearest C.P.R. Agent or to R. L. Thompson,
Dist. Pass. Agt., Toronto.

ONLY DIRECT LINE NO CHANGE OF CARS

E. McLAUGHLIN, Agent, Napanee

the Council Chambers, in the Court House, Napanee, on

Tuesday, 8th June, 1909,
at 2 o'clock p.m.

All accounts must be in the hands of the under signed, not later than Wednesday, 9th June, 1909, in order that they may be considered.

W. G. WILSON,
County Clerk.

Dated May 12th, 1909.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Estate of Clarissa McMichael, deceased

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 129, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, section 38, and amending acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Clarissa McMichael, late of the town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, deceased, who died on or about the 10th day of April, A. D. 1909, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to Honnold Madden Deroche, Napanee, Ontario, Solicitor for Nathan Fellows, Executor of the last will and testament of the said Clarissa McMichael, deceased, on or before the 15th day of June, A. D. 1909, their claim and demands, in full, with a list of their claims and demands, duly verified and the nature of the security of any claim held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 15th day of June, A. D. 1909, the said Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims or demands, or which they shall then have received, paid or will not be responsible for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they have not received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

H. M. DEROCHE,
Solicitor for the said executor.
Dated the 10th day of May, 1909.

JUDICIAL NOTICE

TO THE CREDITORS OF THE W. A. ROSE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Pursuant to the Winding up Order made by the High Court of Justice, in the matter of the Winding up Act and Amendments thereto, and in the matter of The W. A. Rose Company, Limited bearing date the 20th day of April, 1909, the creditors of the above named company and all others who have claims against the said Company formerly carrying on business in the Town of Napanee, are on or before the 20th day of May A. D. 1909, to send by post prepaid to C. M. Warner, Esq., or W. F. Hall, Esq., Liquidators of the said Company, addressed to them at Napanee, their claim and demands, in full, with a list of their claims and demands, duly verified by oath and in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefits of the said Winding up Order.

The undersigned Master of the High Court of Justice at Napanee, will on the 21st day of May, A. D. 1909, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at his Chambers in the Court House in the Town of Napanee adjudicate upon the claims of creditors submitted to him pursuant to this notice and let all parties then attend.

SEAL & S. LAZIER,
Local Master.
Herrington, Warner & Grange,
Napanee,
Solicitors for Petitioners.
Dated this 10th day of May, A. D. 1909.

Northern Crown Bank!

Capital (authorized)	=	\$6,000,000
Capital (paid up)	=	\$2,200,000

Every accommodation consistent with prudent banking will be cheerfully extended to responsible business men. We offer a sound, conservative service to those who desire satisfactory banking privileges.

MANAGERS:

<p style="text-align: center;">Napanee Branch, R. G. H. TRAVERS, Manager,</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Enterprise Branch, W. F. MORGAN DEAN, Act'g. Mgr.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Odessa Branch, A. P. S. DONALDSON, Manager.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Bath Branch, W. GORDON, Act'g. Mgr.</p>
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OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND RESERVE OVER
\$10,400,000.

UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid.
Early Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee Branch,
W. A. BELLHOUSE, Mgr.

Yarker Branch,
E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.



The Key to the Situation

If you are looking for a situation a Classified Want Ad. is the key which will unlock the door to the private office of the business man. He is too busy to interview all promiscuous callers, but you can catch his attention and secure an appointment by a "Situation Wanted" ad.

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DEVELOPMENTS OF TIME

The business methods of to-day are entirely different from those of years ago

Kingston Business College

Limited.

To teach the latest business methods. Its graduates in Book Keeping, Short-hand, Typewriting, Telegraphy, Civil Service, etc., secure the best positions available in the Dominion.

Students prepared for matriculation. Special courses for backward students. Individual instruction. Catalogue and terms free.

Winter term opens Jan. 4, 1909.

H. F. METCALFE, J. E. CUNNINGHAM,
President. Secretary.

INDEED THEY ARE WONDERFUL

WHAT THOS. McDONALD SAYS
OF DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

He Had Lame Back, Kidney Disease and Heart Fluttering's and One Box Cured Him.

Shubenacadie, Hants Co., N. S.,—May 17. (Special).—"I suffered from Lame Back, Kidney Disease and Heart Fluttering's, caused by cold and a strain, for three years. I was looking over some papers and saw Dodd's Kidney Pills advertised and I bought one box which completely cured me. Dodd's Kidney Pills are wonderful."

That is the simple straightforward statement of Mr. Thomas McDonald, a well-known resident of that place. It shows how quickly Dodd's Kidney Pills cure Kidney Disease when taken in its earliest stages. Lame Back is one of the first symptoms of sick Kidneys. Heart Fluttering is another symptom. It is caused by blood, from which the sick Kidneys have failed to strain the impurities, increasing the work of the heart. Dodd's Kidney Pills make the sick Kidneys well, the lame back disappears, the blood is purified, the heart is relieved and the flutterings stop.

If the case is of long standing, it may take longer to cure it, but Dodd's Kidney Pills never fail to do it.

NICOTINELESS TOBACCO.

Very Popular in France for Smokers with Weak Nerves.

What is known as "nicotineless" tobacco has become within recent years very popular in France, finding favor with smokers who suffer from weak nerves or heart trouble. It does in reality contain some nicotine, but most of the alkaloid has been removed by washing the leaf in water. Druggists were first to take up the idea of preparing such a tobacco, for sale to special customers; but its popularity became so great that the French Government, which monopolizes the tobacco trade in France, adopted the idea and started in to manufacture it on a large scale.

The process described has the disadvantage that, incidentally to the washing, not only the nicotine, but certainly other constituents of the tobacco are lost. It would be much better, of course, if "nicotineless" varieties of the plant could be grown; and of this there seems to be a sure prospect, in view of the success of the experiments in which Government scientists have been engaged. It might be possible indeed, to carry the matter too far. The Sumatra leaf, which is so largely used for wrapping cigars, contains very little nicotine, and has almost no flavor, save a slight bitter taste. Its value, indeed, is largely due to its tastelessness—this being very desirable in a wrapper.

BAD LEG FOR 60 YEARS.

Zam-Buk Works a Complete Cure.

THE MYSTERIOUS KEY

OR, PLANNING FOR THE
FUTURE.

CHAPTER II.

With a sharply indrawn breath, Gerald turned to the table, took up Miss Winchester's letter, and began to unfold it.

"I had almost forgotten it," he said wearily; "but I will read it aloud, for you will be interested in its contents."

"Perhaps there may be some things in it which I should not hear," Lady Bromley gently objected. "If there was any vital secret in connection with your mother's marriage to Mr. Brewster, it may be as well for it to remain such to every one but yourself."

"How thoughtful you always are!" Gerald replied, and bending an appreciative look upon her. "You have always been so good to me I find myself turning to you in every emergency, almost as naturally as I would if you were my mother."

"Thank you, Gerald, for that assurance, and I trust that you will always allow me to act as such in so far as I may. I am sure that our fondness for each other is mutual," responded his companion, with evident emotion.

"Then I shall have no secrets from you," he smilingly returned; "so I will follow my first impulse and read Aunt Honor's letter to you. Sit here," he added, placing a comfortable rocker for her, and then, when she was seated, he brought the dismantled Winchester heirloom and placed it before her.

"Put your feet upon this sacred repository—for as such I shall henceforth regard it—and take your ease. How this poor relic has fretted me every time I have packed my trunk! But now it could not be purchased from me for its weight in gold, and very soon we will have it made over into a fitting ornament for your room."

Then, drawing another chair opposite her, he began to read from Miss Winchester's letter.

"My dear boy," was the tender form of address, "I do not know when, if ever, this will meet your eyes, for I am greatly exercised in my mind as to the wisdom of unraveling for you the mystery which from your birth has enshrouded your life. You are far too young to be told anything about it at present, and yet I am impelled to write out the history of your mother and your origin, together with certain data and events, which may possibly become very valuable to you some time in the future, and would otherwise be utterly lost—swallowed in oblivion by some unforeseen happening to myself. If we should both live until you attain your majority, I should then feel it my duty to tell you everything, and allow you to make such use of your knowledge as you might deem best. If, on the other hand, I should be taken from you before that time, the story would be ready for you, and I should doubtless

discouraged them; but, immediately following his death, young Brewster persuaded her to marry him secretly—at least, their relations were to remain a secret only until his college course was ended, which would be the following summer, when he would immediately establish himself in business, and then take her to a home such as he wished her to occupy—"

"Oh! how strange!" suddenly broke forth Lady Bromley, in a voice of such intense pain that Gerald turned to her in astonishment.

"I—I mean how strange it is that girls will allow themselves to be drawn into such snares," she hastened to explain, while she struggled to regain her self-control.

"Why cannot they have sufficient resolution and moral courage to say 'no'—to be firm to resist temptation, and tell their lovers that when they are ready to give them their rightful place in the world as honored wives, then they will give their hand in marriage? Oh! a secret marriage is a selfish and cowardly thing for any man to urge upon an innocent maiden, and many a one has had her happiness ruined for life by weakly yielding to her lover's persuasions."

"Yes, I believe that is true," said Gerald thoughtfully.

He understood now that her ladyship must have been startled by learning that the circumstances attending the union of his father were so like the experience of her own marriage to Sir Charles Bromley; but he could not quite comprehend, in view of its happy outcome, why she should be so exceedingly bitter against the manner of it.

"Excuse me for interrupting you," she continued, smiling; "I spoke almost before I realized what I was saying."

Gerald turned to his letter and resumed:

"So Miriam trusted him fully; but upon the very day of her husband's graduation, he received a letter from his father, who was a wealthy banker of New York, summoning him immediately home—telling him that his mother, who at that time was in Paris—was on the point of joining a party to Norway, Sweden, and the North Cape, provided she could have a proper escort. The elder Brewster was unable to go himself, but insisted that Adam was to start at once in his place. The trip, he stated, would occupy about three months, and would be a pleasant change for the young man, who for so long had been closely confined to his studies. He also said that he had already cabled his mother that he would sail on the next steamer, so there was no time to lose. The young husband rebelled outright against this arbitrary command, but more against the prospective separation from his wife; but she, ever generous and considerate of others, advised him to do as his father wished, saying that she would do well enough to

"Why I Recommend Dr. Williams'

The Particulars of a Remarkable
Presbyterian Clergyman—
Back from Death's Door.

"Why I recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

St. Andrew's Manse.

Cardigan, P.E.I., Jan. 1908.

Though I have never been sick myself, and have not had occasion to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, I thought you ought to know of the remarkable cure they have wrought in Mr. Olding's case.

During a visit to my home in Merigomish, N. S., some years ago, I was grieved to find our next door neighbor and friend, Michael Olding, very low. "He is not expected to live," my mother informed me, "And you must go over and see him as he is liable to pass away at any moment." "Not expected to live," that was the opinion not only of the doctor who attended him, but of his wife and family as well. Upon visiting him myself I found abundant evidence to confirm their opinion.

Mr. Olding had for years been afflicted with asthma and bronchitis, but now a complication of diseases was ravishing his system. He had been confined to his bed for months and was reduced to a skeleton. Though evidently glad to see me, he conversed with the greatest difficulty, and seemed to realize that it was the beginning of the end. He was daily growing weaker; his feet were swollen to twice their natural size, and the cold hand of death was upon his brow. "It's no use," he said feebly, "the doctors' medicine is not helping me and I am going down rapidly." I prayed with him as for a man soon to pass into eternity, and when I took his hand in parting it was the last time I expected to see him in the flesh.

Three years later while on another visit to my mother's Michael Olding was seemingly in better health

"Her baby was born a month or six weeks later, and then I begged Miriam to let me seek her husband, or, in case anything had happened to him, seek his father, produce the proofs of her marriage, and demand that justice and proper recognition be accorded her and her child. But no; she was as firm as a rock—she had promised Adam that their union should remain a secret until he came to claim her and give her her proper place in the world, and she would never break her word. A week later, during one of her violent outbursts of grief, she ruptured a blood-vessel, and I knew that from that hour her doom was sealed—that she would go the same way her mother had gone before her. She, also, appeared to realize this, for as soon as the bleeding was stopped she insisted that I should pledge myself to bring up her boy in utter ignorance of his parentage, at least upon his father's side. I was to do the best I could for him, and trust the rest to God—if, she added wearily, there is any God. I have often wondered why she did not desert the proofs of her marriage, and thus preclude the possibility of any future knowledge of it. I have

than I said, sheer wife to him. I gan to ment rapidly, though four s able to in the even I troubl Mr. neighb letter, rescue —seen under timely William F

Mr. am gla you al I conf not be Pills I ago. aggers was it Pills. better self tl would did at good l nine; rema and I day's every years. praise and I to rec are ai

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Eye when I Strain, Room. City re alone Eye Care, for Rec Granula Murine Is Com d City Trouble in Baby gists Se Remedy terestin

regency due to its tastelessness—this being very desirable in a wrapper.

BAD LEG FOR 60 YEARS.

Zam-Buk Works a Complete Cure.

Mrs. J. Minett, of 192, Thurbers Avenue, Providence, Rhode Island, has been cured by Zam-Buk of a bad leg, which had defied all remedies for sixty long years. She says: "When a child of eight, I was bitten on the leg by a dog. A doctor cauterized the place, but it never healed up soundly, and I have suffered with an ulcerated leg for over sixty years. This occurred in England, and many English doctors tried in vain to heal the sore. At one time I was an in-patient at the East Suffolk Hospital for a long period, and for three years I was in and out of hospitals. I was continually in pain, and the sore would not heal, but continued to discharge. Twelve months ago I came out here to my daughter, and during the voyage I had to keep my bed. The ship's doctor examined my leg, and gave me a plaster, which I had to take off again, as it made the pain so intense. When I reached my daughter's home, she sent for a medical man, who said nothing could ever do it any good, and although I tried other American doctors, they did me no good. They said my leg would never be well."

"One day my youngest daughter brought home a box of Zam-Buk, and induced me to try it. With the first application I seemed to find ease, and further treatment with Zam-Buk did me so much good that I sent for a proper supply. I kept on with the Zam-Buk treatment, and soon saw that the wound was getting better. The discharge was reduced, and the pain was eased. I persevered with the Zam-Buk, and to cut a long story short, it effected a cure. It is marvellous to think that, after suffering for sixty years, Zam-Buk has been able to make my leg perfectly sound."

Zam-Buk is a combination of power and purity. Purely herbal, it is superior to all known remedies for chronic sores and wounds, eczema, all forms of ringworm, eruptions, varicose ulcers, cuts, burns, bruises, skin diseases. It also cures piles. All Druggists and stores sell it at 20c. A box, or post paid from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. Three boxes for \$1.25.

A man went to consult a famous physician, and waited in an anteroom until his patience became exhausted, he summoned an attendant. "Present my complaint," he said. "Do not," and told him, "I cannot inform you in five minutes, but I will do so in two hours."

Dr. J. E. P. Pills. Many of the ailments that man has to contend with are the result of an indigestion, or a disorder of the stomach, and it is again, the cause of the disturbance of the digestive system, and hence of all irregularities of the body, and of the various ailments. The ailments, for the most part, are regulated, now pressed on the attention of sufferers. Of these there is no remedy. "Pills." A reliable Pills. Their operation is gentle, effective, and the most delicate can use them.

There is always a pocket of room at the top of a man's chest, banding that has no relation.

A Haggling Cough drives sleep and comfort away. You can combat it with Allen's Lung Balm, which removes hard breathing, pain in the chest and irritation of the throat. Give it freely to the children.

People who are afflicted with hiccups, and always feel that they should take something for it.

Do You Want Money?

Have you a little knowledge of Bank Stock? Then write to ALONZO B. & Co. weekly salary of commission. No experience. Do part of the work on your own farm, or act as agent, sometimes absolutely new. Greatest easy money making opportunity.

ALONZO B. & Co. Toronto.

tain your majority. I should then feel it my duty to tell you everything, and allow you to make such use of your knowledge as you might deem best. If, on the other hand, I should be taken from you before that time, the story would be ready for you, and I should doubtless have warning sufficient to tell you where to find it, together with the record of your birth. I am not your own aunt, Gerald—you are not my brother William's child, as I have allowed you to believe. That was only a harmless fiction, to silence curious questions and gossiping tongues. He was the captain of a sailing-vessel, and died of fever on a homeward passage from South America. Your father also went across the sea, but no one has ever known why he never came back again to his wife. Your mother was Miriam Harris, the only child of my sister, who, against the wishes of her family, married Arthur Harris, a poor but talented musician. Their home was in New Haven, and when Miriam was seventeen years old her mother died very suddenly, of hemorrhage of the lungs. Her death broke her husband's heart, and he never seemed to have any courage to battle with the world afterward, and late the following winter he also passed away, after a brief struggle with that terrible enemy, pneumonia. This left Miriam entirely alone, and I offered her a home with me—I was at that time living in a neighboring town—but for some reason, unknown to me then, she preferred to remain in the city, and continue her music-teaching, which, however, barely gave her a living. She was one of the loveliest girls I ever saw, peculiarly refined in person and manner, and possessing a sweetness of temper that made her irresistible to almost every one. She told me that she should still keep the old home, which greatly astonished and displeased me, for I felt that the rental of it would materially add to her income; while I also felt that it was no right for a girl of her years to live alone. Later, I understood the strange freak and her obstinacy, as I then regarded her decision. The summer following the death of her father, which had occurred early in December, I realized that the girl's own health was failing, and again I urged her to break up her keeping and come to me. She still refused, and seemed strangely nervous and troubled. When I pressed the matter she even appeared to be restless and uncomfortable during the little visit she was making her, and I accordingly shortened it, returning to my own lonely home earlier than I had intended. I neither heard from nor saw her again until early in winter, when, one cold, stormy day, the child suddenly appeared before me, looking very ill and wretched. I realized at once that she was in no ordinary trouble; but I took her to my heart and bade her confide everything to me. Then I learned the reason of her strange behaviour, and her persistence in being alone in the home that had always been hers. She had been a wife since the month of April previous! A young man—Adam Brewster, by name, and a student at Yale—had been attentive to her some time previous to the death of her father. He had taken lessons on the violin from Professor Harris, as a blind, and for the sole purpose of enabling him to woo and win the heart of his lovely daughter. Mr. Harris did not approve of his attentions, and had openly

the next steamer, so there was no time to lose. The young husband rebelled outright against this arbitrary command, but more against the prospective separation from his wife; but she, ever generous and considerate of others, advised him to do as his father wished, saying that she would do well enough for the little while that he would be absent—three months would soon slip away, and she would be there in the old home, to welcome him back upon his return. Adam Brewster realized but too well that it would be a very inopportune moment to confess his marriage and plead that he did not want to leave his wife; he was entirely dependent upon his father, and he felt that if he should be thrown upon his own resources, he would have a tough struggle for existence. His plan, so he said, had been to get him to establish him in some paying enterprise, when, once settled upon a firm foundation, he would tell the truth, and introduce his bride. If he hoped to yet carry out this project, he knew he must obey his father, and so he consented to the tour abroad.

He left a handsome sum with Miriam for her immediate needs, promising to send her more, as he received his own remittances, and forward his address as soon as he knew just what his movements were to be. He said it would be best to still preserve the secret of their relations to each other; but ere the snows of winter fell she would be openly acknowledged before the world. Miriam trusted him implicitly. She promised to do exactly as he wished, and that promise proved fatal to her. It signed her own death-warrant and robbed you of your birthright; for, from the hour of their parting until her dying day, she never heard one word from the man who had pledged himself before God and man to love and cherish her so long as they both should live.

"Oh! how cruel, how cruel!" murmured Lady Bramley sorrowfully, while Gerald gnashed his teeth savagely, his face like a mask of chalk, a lurid light in his eyes.

The poor girl hoped and waited until longer waiting would have compelled her either to betray her secret and produce the proofs of it, or become the target for a scandal-loving public. The young man read on. She had not confided to her husband the fact that before the anniversary of their marriage should come round she hoped to become a mother. She feared that the knowledge might trouble him during his absence—three months would soon pass away, and her news would safely keep until then.

"This was the sad story she told me when she came to me, that dreary winter day, and asked me to give her food and shelter until she could die and hide in the grave what she had begun to believe was her shame. She would not hear one word against the author of her misery—she still loved him with idolatrous affection, and even though she could not fail to believe herself a deserted wife, yet a lawful wife she was, and she insisted that some undue influence—some treachery on the part of others, was what had caused his unfaithfulness. She commissioned me to have her house sold, and as I was fortunate enough to find a ready purchaser, her disappearance from the place where she had always lived was thus accounted for, and aroused no adverse comment.

to bring up her boy in utter ignorance of his parentage, at least upon his father's side. I was to do the best I could for him, and trust the rest to God—if, she added wearily, there is any God. I have often wondered why she did not destroy the proofs of her marriage, and thus preclude the possibility of any future knowledge of it. I have sometimes thought she meant to do so, for she kept them constantly by her, but clung to them as long as possible, vainly hoping that her husband might come before she died. She passed away suddenly while I was absent from her room only a few minutes, and I found her marriage-certificate and her wedding-ring clasped tightly in her left hand, which was concealed beneath her pillow. I put them both into the envelope containing your baptismal-certificate, Gerald—I had had that rite performed for you unknown to her, and took the responsibility of adding your father's name to the one she had chosen for you—and put them carefully away, feeling that, since she had not destroyed your birthright, a Higher Power had wisely ordered their preservation."

(To be continued.)

THE ILLS OF CHILDHOOD HOW TO CURE THEM

In thousands of homes throughout Canada Baby's Own Tablets is the only medicine used when the children are ailing, and the mother who keeps this medicine on hand may feel as safe as though there was a doctor constantly in the home. Baby's Own Tablets cure all stomach and bowel troubles, break up colds, destroy worms, and make teething easy. Guaranteed free from opiates and poisonous drugs. Mrs. Geo. Wilson, Wilson's, N. B., says: "I began using Baby's Own Tablets about five years ago, and since then have used no other medicine for my children. They never fail to bring relief, and I would advise all mothers to try them." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

UNABLE TO KNEEL.

One fancies that few types of men can, from time to time, have afforded royalty, more amusement of a quiet sort than provincial mayors of England. "From the Foreland to Penzance," by Clive Holland, contains the story of a mayor of Weymouth who, during one of the visits of King George to the town, was destined to afford "comic relief" to a ceremony of some importance.

The occasion was the presentation of an address of welcome to the king and we are told that the mayor, on approaching to present it, to the astonishment and dismay of all, instead of kneeling, as he had been told to do, seized the queen's hand to shake it as he might that of any other lady.

Colonel Gwynne, the master of the ceremonies, hurriedly told him of the faux pas, saying, "You should have kneeled, sir."

"Sir, I cannot," was the reply. "Everybody does, sir," hotly asserted the colonel.

The mayor grew red, and evidently much upset, exclaimed, "Confound it, sir, but I've got a wooden leg!"

History records that "a smile suffused the face of her majesty, and the king laughed outright."

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Commend Williams' Pink Pills

a Remarkable Cure Told by a Physician--The Sufferer Brought to His Door.

than I had ever seen him, for, as I said, he had always been ailing. In sheer desperation he had asked his wife to get him Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They soon began to help him. His appetite and strength began to improve, and to the astonishment of his family and friends he rapidly regained his health. Now, though the burden of well nigh four score years is upon him, he is able to do a fair day's work, and is in the enjoyment of good health, even the asthma has ceased to trouble him as in former years.

Mr. Olding himself, as well as his neighbors and the writer of this letter, confidently believe that his rescue from the very jaws of death—seemingly so miraculous—is due under the blessing of God to the timely and continuous use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

REV. EDWIN SMITH, M.A.

Mr. Olding himself writes:—"I am glad Rev. Mr. Smith has written you about my wonderful cure, for I confidently believe that if it had not been for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I would have been dead long ago. It would be impossible to exaggerate the desperate condition I was in when I began to use the Pills. No one thought I could get better. I scarcely dared hope myself that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills would bring me through, but they did and I have ever since enjoyed good health. Though I am seventy-nine years old people are always remarking on how young I look—and I feel young. I can do a fair day's work, and I am better in every way than I had been for years. I cannot say too much in praise of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I take every opportunity I can to recommend them to friends who are ailing."

AUSTRALIA'S CLIMATE.

Australia's huge northern territory has a tropical, almost an equatorial climate, and the heat is very enervating to Europeans. Its capital, Palmerston, contains more Chinese than Caucasians. The former are the ruling race and the employers; the whites are the servile and the employed. Large herds of buffaloes roam about the silent plains of this enormous territory, which would be a sportsman's paradise but for the wild natives, who are exceptionally fierce and treacherous and have killed a number of the hunters who came to hunt the buffaloes.

Eyes Are Relieved By Murine

when Irritated by Chalk Dust and Eye Strain, incident to the average School Room. A recent Census of New York City reveals the fact that in that City alone 17,328 School Children needed Eye Care. Why not try Murine Eye Remedy for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes, Granulation, Pink Eye and Eye Strain? Murine Doesn't Smart; Soothes Eye Pain. Is Compounded by Experienced Physicians. Contains no Injurious or Prohibitive Drugs. Try Murine for Your Eye Troubles. You Will Like Murine. Try It in Baby's Eyes for Scaly Eyelids. Druggists Sell Murine at 50c. The Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago. Will Send You Interesting Eye Books Free.

LAW-ABIDING COMMUNITY

VILLAGE CONSTABLE HAS NO WORK AND RESIGNS.

People Are So Honest That There
is no Encouragement for Police
Officer.

What other village can dispute with Fenny Drayton, in Leicestershire, England, the claim to be the most virtuous and law-abiding community in the land? At a parish meeting recently for the purpose of appointing a parish constable for the ensuing year, Mr. William Wale, the retiring constable, who had been recommended by the committee of selection for reappointment, declined the offer on the ground that the persistent honesty, sobriety and good conduct of the population of the parish gave no opportunity nor encouragement to a conscientious police officer.

During the whole of his year of office, Mr. Wale complained,

NOT A SNIGGLE OFFENCE

of any kind had been committed in the parish, and by his observation and knowledge he was forced reluctantly to the conclusion that in the twelve months ensuing, or for the matter of that as far ahead as the imagination could travel, no offence of any kind necessitating the intervention of the guardian of the peace was likely to be committed. He was discouraged and disappointed. He had done his best by the parish. But the parish had failed to respond. If it had provided him during the year with one single prisoner to arrest and prosecute, he would have taken it as evidence of good faith and an earnest for the future, and would have continued to serve. But things being as they were he felt it only due to his own dignity to retire.

The official insignia and instruments of his authority—the parish truncheon and pair of steel handcuffs—had hung idle upon the wall over the kitchen fire-place throughout the year. He had given unremitting personal attention to business, hoping from month to month that some opportunity of service would arise, but

NO BUSINESS HAD COME,

and he felt now that there was nothing for it but to withdraw and seek in the occupation of agricultural laborer a career of usefulness, which was denied to the professional thief-taker by the social conditions of Fenny Drayton.

The parish meeting, while thanking Mr. Wale for his past services and congratulating him upon the admirable order maintained in the parish during his term of office, could not but sympathize with him in his disappointment and regretfully accept his withdrawal.

A hopeful young villager, Mr. Thomas Cooper, had also been recommended for the office, and he being one of those sanguine-souled enthusiasts whom no hopeless prospects dismay, consent to accept it for a twelvemonth, and took over the truncheon and handcuffs, his fellow-parishioners assuring him of their good-will and their best wishes for his success.

SUFFERERS from rheumatism find instant relief in "The D & L" Menthyl Plaster. Be sure and get the genuine. Made by Davis & Lawrence Co.

Testimony From a High Authority as to the Value of Orange Meat.

IN an address to the Canadian Association of the Master Bakers at their Convention held in London, Ont., August 14th and 15th, 1906, Professor Harcourt, of the Guelph Agricultural College, said among other things as follows: Various types of breakfast foods may be roughly divided into the following classes: 1st, The uncooked, such as granulated oats, etc., which require long cooking to make them palatable and aid digestion; 2nd, Partially cooked, such as rolled and flaked grains. In this process the cell walls are ruptured by the crushing, consequently they require less time in their preparation for the table; 3rd, Cooked foods; 4th, Foods termed pre-digested, such as Orange Meat, etc.

A large number of foods have been analyzed and some of the results are incorporated in the following table. In nearly every case the figures are the average of a number of analyses:

	Calories per gram.
Orange Meat	3,965
White Bread	2,721
Entire Wheat Bread.....	2,486
Graham Bread	2,610

This shows the great advantage in favor of Orange Meat as a heat producer.

This company is giving away a cash prize of Seven Hundred Dollars. See post card in every package.



BELL

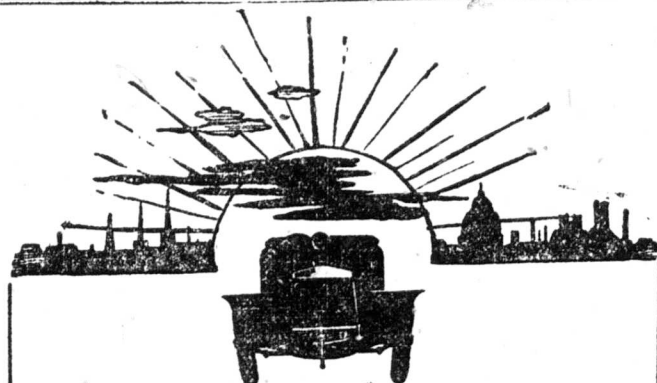
USED IN

Leading Conservatories, Colleges, Schools,
Theatres, and in thousands of homes where a piano
of distinctive merit is appreciated. The Bell is the
only piano with the Illimitable Repeating Action.

PIANOS

Send for (free) Catalogue No. 75.

The BELL PIANO & Organ Co., Limited GUELPH, ONTARIO.



The New DAIMLER

Extracts from a few of the letters received
by the Daimler Co. bearing out the claims
made for the 1903 engine.

CHAS E. MARTIN, ESQ. 12, 12, '08

"I have never experienced such a delightful feeling as when gliding along silently and smoothly on the New Daimler."

THE RT. HON. LORD BURTON. 20, 12, '08

"She runs very quietly and smoothly, even on very bad roads, and she pulls beautifully up hill. It is a real pleasure to ride in her."

MONSIEUR CIRARDOT.

8. 1. '09

ALEXANDER WARDEN,
(Late treasurer Presbyterian
Church in Canada)

BONDS AND STOCKS
Cobalt stocks bought and sold on commission.
IS TORONTO STREET, TORONTO, CANADA
Long Distance Phones—Main 2370, Main 2371.

WARREN GZOWSKI & CO.
Members Toronto Stock Exchange.
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STOCKS AND BONDS
We are now specializing in **COBALT** Stocks. Write us
for information.

INFANT KILLED BY A RAT

Child's Father Saw a Large Rodent Leap From the Cradle.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Death as the result of the bite of a rat was the sad fate of little Eugene Jambeau, the 9-days-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Jambeau, of 134 Bessier Street, on Thursday morning, after having been severely bitten on the hand by a large grey rat. The infant developed blood-poisoning. The baby had slept in its carriage in the same room as its parents for several nights, and on Friday night last this was also the case. Mrs. Jambeau retired about 1 o'clock, her

husband being already asleep. At 2 o'clock she was awakened by the sound of the baby's cry, and aroused her husband. On jumping out of bed he saw a large grey rat leap from the carriage to the floor, and escape in spite of his attempts to kill it. The baby was found with its left hand covered with blood from seven bites on the inside of the palm. Medical assistance was summoned, and an antiseptic applied, but blood poisoning soon set in, and the infant grew rapidly worse, until death ensued.

PRAIRIE PROVINCES SHAKEN

Earthquake Around Moose Jaw Sufficient to Move Buildings.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: A thirty-second earthquake tremor, reaching from Winnipeg to the mountains, was distinctly felt on Saturday evening at 10 o'clock. While in Winnipeg the shock was so slight as to be observed by few, it was so heavy around Moose Jaw as to move buildings and rattle glass. This is the first time in the history of the prairies that an earthquake was ever felt. Wetaskiwin, Alberta, on the west, Weyburn, Sask., on the south, Prince Albert, on the north, and Kenora on the east, was the scope of the quake.

HEAVY SHOCK AT MOOSE JAW.

A despatch from Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan, says: A very distinct earthquake shock was felt here at 9.16 Saturday night. The shock lasted 35 seconds. The tremor was felt all over the city and district. People rushed from residences and

stores in terror. Buildings were moved perceptibly. Several people in the upper storeys were knocked off their feet. The first impression was that a violent explosion had occurred. The tremor was preceded by a loud rumbling sound. People here from places where earthquakes are more or less common say this was one of the most distinct shocks they ever experienced.

WAS FELT IN MONTANA.

A despatch from Great Falls, Mont., says: A distinct earthquake shock was felt here on Saturday night at 9.15 o'clock and it was also felt at Choteau, Havre, Wagner and other points, showing that it prevailed generally over northern Montana. While no serious damage was done, the shock was sufficient to spill articles from shelves in stores and cause breakages of glassware.



HEALTH

TUBERCULOSIS OF THE JOINTS

It is customary to regard tuberculosis as a disease affecting the lungs only, but as a matter of fact it may attack any of the organs or tissues of the body.

When the bones or joints are affected, the disease is called surgical tuberculosis, because it is then amenable to mechanical treatment, or may even be extirpated by the surgeon's knife.

The joints most frequently attacked are the spine, the hip and the knee, although no joint is exempt. Tuberculosis seldom originates in the joint, but is usually preceded by trouble in a neighboring bone, in the lungs, glands of the neck, or other more or less remote part.

The symptoms of tuberculous arthritis, or tuberculosis of the joints, vary somewhat according to the joint involved, but as a type one may take tuberculosis of the knee,

neck is a very common ailment of delicate children in this country, being one of the ways in which tuberculosis attacks young people. Of late years a surgical operation has been widely advocated as the best way of eradicating the disease, but, unfortunately, it does not always get rid of all the mischief, and even when it does may leave an unsightly wound or scar. A French physician, Dr. Henry Judet, has introduced a new treatment, which consists of the injection of camphorated naphthol into the swollen glands.

HEALTH HINTS.

Hot milk at night is invaluable for those who sleep badly. Drink it really hot, the last thing, and a good night will generally follow.

A sprained ankle should be put at once into hot water for ten minutes. Afterwards if the pain be severe apply a bran bag dipped in hot vinegar.

For sore eyelids, which are the frequent cause of loss of eyelashes, apply a little castor oil on the lids each night. The soreness will disappear, and the eyelashes will grow

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, May 18.—Flour—Ontario wheat 90 per cent. patents \$5.15 to \$5.25 to-day in buyers' sacks outside for export; on track, Toronto, \$5.40 to \$5.50. Manitoba flour; first patents, \$6.20 to \$6.40 on track, Toronto; second patents, \$5.70 to \$5.80, and strong bakers', \$5.50 to \$5.60, on track, Toronto.

Wheat—No. 1 Northern, May delivery, \$1.27, Bay ports; No. 2, \$1.24½ and No. 3, \$1.23.

Ontario wheat—\$1.25 to \$1.28 for No. 2, according to location and demand.

Barley—No. 3 extra 60 to 61c outside, and No. 3 58c outside.

Oats—Ontario No. 2, 43½c on track, Toronto, and 46 to 47c outside; No. 2 Western Canada 49c. and No. 3 48c, Bay ports.

Peas—No. 2, 95 to 96c outside.

Rye—No. 2, 74 to 75c outside.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 62 to 64c outside.

Corn No. 2 American yellow 81½c on track, Toronto, and No. 2 at 80½c on track, Toronto; Canadian yellow, 76c on track, Toronto.

Bran—Manitoba \$23.50 in sacks, Toronto freights; shorts, \$24.50 to \$25, Toronto freights.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples \$4 to \$5 for choice qualities, and \$3 to \$3.50 for seconds.

Beans—Prime, \$1.90 to \$2, and hand-picked, \$2.10 to \$2.15 per bushel.

Honey—Combs, \$2 to \$2.75 per dozen, and strained, 10 to 11c per pound.

Maple syrup—95c to \$1 a gallon.

Hay—No. 1 Timothy \$13 to \$13.50 a ton on track here, and lower grades, \$11 to \$11.50 a ton.

Straw—\$7.50 to \$8 on track.

Potatoes—Car lots, 90c per bag on track. Delawares, \$1.10 to \$1.15.

Poultry—Chickens, dressed, 16 to 18c per lb.; fowl, 12 to 14c; turkeys, 20 to 22c per lb.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound prints, 20 to 22c; tubs and large rolls, 16 to 18c; inferior, 14 to 15c; creamery rolls, 23 to 25c, and solids, 19 to 20c.

Eggs—Case lots 19c per dozen.

Cheese—Large cheese, old, 14 to 14½c per lb. and twins, 14½ to 14¾c; new cheese, dull at 12¾ to 12½c.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon long clear, 13 to 13½c per lb in case lots; mess pork \$21 to \$21.50; short cut, \$23 to \$24.

Hams—Light to medium, 14 to 15c; do., heavy, 13 to 13½c; rolls, 11½ to 11¾c; shoulders, 10¾ to 11c; backs 17 to 17½c; breakfast bacon, 15½ to 16c.

Lard—Tierces, 13½c; tubs, 13½c; pails, 13½c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, May 18.—Peas—No. 2, \$1.05 to \$1.06. Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 52½ to 53c; extra, No. 1 feed, 51½ to 52c; No. 1 feed, 51 to 51½c. Barley—No. 2, 70 to 72c; Manitoba feed, 60 to 60½c. Buckwheat—69½ to 70c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, 82c; Manitoba Spring wheat

YOUNG FOLKS

THE PROCESSION.

They did not know they were having a procession. They thought they were simply on their way to school, each a nice-looking, well-dressed boy, with a pile of books strapped together and hanging over his shoulder. They were about a square apart—Peter in the lead, making no noise of any kind, even wearing rubber soles on his shoes; Paul bringing up the rear, making noise enough for both, for he wore pegged shoes, and set them down as if he meant them to stay where he put them. And whistle! Why, he could outwhistle any blackbird.

They were not acquainted with each other, for Peter was a newcomer at the school, and Paul usually went round the other way.

It was a bright spring morning when the procession took place, and everybody liked the side of the street where the sun shone warmest, coaxing the baby leaves overhead farther and faster out of their winter cradles. Quiet Maple Street was turned into a regular playground, for groups of little people were having lovely times all along its wide pavement.

It was just as the boys turned into Maple Street that this story begins.

Two little girls, strolling side by side, had their doll go-carts out, giving their large and varied families an outing. In Dot's there were probably half a dozen dolls, and in Daisy's four or five.

Then Peter passed and although the pavement was very wide, and Dot and Daisy were not using half of it, somehow both go-carts turned quite over, scattering their contents far and wide. By the time Paul arrived on the scene, both little mothers were tearfully sorting out their own children from the general mix-up, hunting for broken limbs and cracked noses with pitiful anxiety, while Dot wailed over and over, "It is just like boys!"

Paul did not stop but a moment, but when he passed on, the go-carts were righted, their pillows as smooth as if they had never been disturbed, and the smiling faces of the two doll families, peeping above the neatly spread covers, only reflected the joy of their small mammas. They watched him whistling on his way; then Dot, ignoring her last remark, said heartily, "I like some boys—nice ones."

A little farther on some weeurchins were playing marbles in a ring chalked on the pavement. They had not known much about marbles till lately, but they were learning beautifully, and the game was reaching a most exciting climax when Peter passed. How one pair of rubber soles could have touched so many marbles at once not a boy understood—especially as they rubbed out a big piece of the chalk-line at the same time, and there was not a bit of chalk left in a single trousers pocket.

Everything was spoiled. Nobody could ever know whether Harold really would have beaten, or Lawrence have made good on that next play. Paul stopped a bit longer here, because some of the nicest marbles had rolled themselves quite out of sight.

But in about one jiffy their ring was mended, bigger and plainer than ever.—Paul had a big "long the

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...tuberculosis seldom originates in the joint, but is usually preceded by trouble in a neighboring bone, in the lungs, glands of the neck, or other more or less remote part.

The symptoms of tuberculous arthritis, or tuberculosis of the joints, vary somewhat according to the joint involved, but as a type one may take tuberculosis of the knee, formerly called "white swelling."

The first frank symptoms of inflammation are often preceded by a feeling of weakness in the joint. The child—for it is the young who chiefly suffer from these troubles—walks a little stiffer or with a slight limp, and "favors" the knee. When questioned why he does not run about as formerly, he will usually say he does not know—and he does not, for there is no pain at this time, and at most, if he is pressed, he will say his leg is "tired."

Some pain appears, usually indefinite in location, and often referred to some part other than the diseased joint. Then, as the disease declares itself, the knee will be seen to be swollen, and pain is now caused by motion, so that the little patient keeps the leg slightly bent and rigid. There is often night-crying; the child cries out sharply in his sleep, but may not waken; or he may wake and whimper for a time and then fall off to sleep again, and again in a few minutes or a few hours give another scream.

Tuberculosis of the knee may assume one of three forms. That seen most frequently in adults is dropsy, the joint being distended with fluid. The most common form is the so-called "white swelling." In this the joint is distended with a soft, spongy, fungus-like growth, the skin over it being stretched and white. The third form is suppurative arthritis, commonly following the second form. The treatment is usually by rendering the joint immovable; sometimes by cleaning out the contents, if pus forms; and rarely by cutting out the diseased part.

Life in the open air day and night, especially by the seaside, does as much good for joint tuberculosis as open-air life farther inland or in the mountains does for consumption of the lungs. —Youth's Companion.

OPERATION NOT NECESSARY.
Enlarged, inflamed glands in the

A sprained ankle should be put at once into hot water for ten minutes. Afterwards if the pain be severe apply a bran bag dipped in hot vinegar.

For sore eyelids which are the frequent cause of loss of eyelashes, apply a little castor oil on the lids each night. The soreness will disappear, and the eyelashes will grow strong.

ROSS BECKSTEAD SHOT.

Boys Were Annoying Isaac Garlough, Who Fired.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Ross Beckstead, aged eighteen, was shot and instantly killed at McMillan's Mill, about four miles from Chesterville, at 9 o'clock on Thursday night. Isaac Garlough, aged forty, lies in the local jail awaiting the action of the Coroner's jury. The body of Beckstead was not discovered until 8 o'clock on Friday morning, when John Elia, a passing farmer, found it in the corner of a field by the roadside. Garlough acknowledged having fired off his shotgun to frighten some boys who were bothering him by firing stones at his house about 9 o'clock on Thursday night, and it is thought this shot must have killed Beckstead, as his face was hit and backshot wounds were in the head.

WOMAN LIKELY MURDERED.

Her Body Found Under Suspicious Circumstances.

A despatch from Vancouver, B.C., says: Face downwards the body of a well-dressed woman was discovered on Wednesday under a clump of brush in Burnaby. Nothing near affords any clue except the remains of a small fire, wherein paper had been burned and possibly the woman's hat. No person has been missed in New Westminster or vicinity for months. The cause of death is not yet ascertained, but as the clothes are badly torn in places, there is a probability that she met with a violent death during a struggle. The corpse has apparently been exposed to the elements about four months.

Premier Stolypin of Russia will remain at the head of the Cabinet.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Montreal, May 18.—Peas—No. 2, \$1.05 to \$1.06. Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 52½ to 53c; extra, No. 1 feed, 51½ to 52c; No. 1 feed, 51 to 51½c. Barley—No. 2, 70 to 72c; Manitoba feed, 60 to 60½c. Buckwheat—69½ to 70c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$6.30; Manitoba Spring wheat, patents, seconds, \$5.80; Manitoba strong bakers, \$5.60; Winter wheat patents \$6.15 to \$6.25; straight rollers, \$6 to \$6.10; straight rollers, in bags, 2400 to \$3; extra, in bags, \$2.50 to \$2.60. Feed—Manitoba bran, \$22 to \$23; Manitoba shorts, \$24 to \$25; Ontario bran, \$23 to \$24; Ontario shorts, \$24.50 to \$25; Ontario middlings, \$25 to \$25.50; pure grain meal, \$33 to \$35; mixed meal, \$25 to \$30. Cheese—12½ to 12½c, and easterns at 12 to 12½c. Butter—21½ to 22c. Eggs 19 to 19½c per dozen.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Chicago, May 18.—Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.15; No. 3 red, \$1.30 to \$1.42; No. 2 hard, \$1.28 to \$1.35; No. 3 hard, \$1.24 to \$1.30; No. 1 Northern, \$1.28 to \$1.30; No. 2 Northern, \$1.26 to \$1.29; No. 3 Spring, \$1.24 to \$1.28. Corn—No. 2, 75 to 76c; No. 2 yellow, 75½ to 76c; No. 3, 75 to 75½c; No. 3 white, 75½ to 76c; No. 3 yellow, 75½ to 76c; No. 4, 74 to 74½c. Oats—No. 2 white, 59½ to 59½c; No. 3 white, 58½ to 59½c; No. 4 white, 58 to 58½c; standard, 59 to 59½c. Minneapolis, May 18.—Wheat—May, \$1.26; July, \$1.24½; Sept., \$1.07½; cash, No. 1 hard, \$1.25½ to \$1.26½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.27½ to \$1.28½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.25½ to \$1.26½; No. 3 Northern, \$1.23½ to \$1.25½. Flour—First patents, \$6.10 to \$6.30; second patents, \$6 to \$6.20; first clears, \$4.75 to \$4.95; second clears, \$3.35 to \$3.55. Bran—In bulk, \$24 to \$24.50.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, May 18.—A large proportion of the butchers' cattle were milkmen's strippers, which sold at from 3½ to 4½c per pound, prime heaves sold at 5½ to a little over 6c; pretty good animals, 4½ to 5½c; common stock, 3 to 4½c per pound. Milch cows, \$30 to over \$60 each. Calves, \$2 to \$8 each, pretty good lots, \$4 to \$5 per head. Sheep sold at 5 to near 6c per pound; lambs at \$3.50 to \$6 each. Good lots of fat hogs at about 8½c per pound.

Toronto, May 18.—There was an abundant supply of choice cattle in both export and butchers' classes, which sold readily at top-notch prices. One very fine bunch of nine export steers realized \$6.25, and several loads sold at \$6 and over. Choice butchers' cattle sold firm at \$5.25 to \$5.50, and heavy cows at \$5. Stockers and feeders were in strong demand. Milkers and springers strong, except for common stock, which are not wanted. Calves steady and unchanged. Sheep and lambs dearer. Hogs—Strong demand; selects are quoted at \$7.60, fed and watered, and \$7.35 f.o.b.

Forty-five Turkish mutineers have been arrested at Erzeroum. The Emperors of Germany and Austria had a lengthy and friendly meeting at Vienna on Friday. The reports of the slaughter of Christians in Asia Minor have been greatly exaggerated. Probably not more than ten thousand have been slain.

body could ever know whether Harold really would have beaten, or Lawrence have made good on that next play. Paul stopped a bit longer here, because some of the nicest marbles had rolled themselves quite out of sight.

But in about one jiffy their ring was mended, bigger and plainer than ever.—Paul had a big long stick of chalk with him, and gave them what was left for next time,—and every marble was in its owner's hands.

It was a game of jacks next, and then a spirited horse-race that needed Paul's consolations; and a little farther down an upset tea-party, attended by a chubby baby girl and a fat poodle.

There is not time to tell any more only this: When Paul met Peter on the school grounds a little later, he faced the insolent stare of the new boy, saying steadily, "When you want to vent your meanness on something that can't hit back, I'd advise you to take the punching-bag in the gym instead of a street full of babies." And he said much more that Peter never forgot.

We all start on a procession every morning. Now tell me which are we, Peter or Paul?—Youth's Companion.

WOMAN HURLED TO DEATH.

Mrs. Swain Killed While Walking at Oil Springs.

A despatch from Oil Springs, Ont., says: Mrs. Richard Swain, a resident of Oil City, was almost instantly killed and her niece, Miss Josie Truan, of this village, was injured here about 5.30 on Sunday afternoon in a very peculiar manner. They were on the way to the station, when a severe storm came up and, picking up the sidewalk on which they were walking, hurled it across the street into a deep ditch on the opposite side. The ladies were carried with it, the sidewalk striking Mrs. Swain on the head and crushing her skull. Miss Truan was not seriously injured.

RISKED LIFE FOR CHILDREN.

Mother Ran Through Flames of Burning House.

A despatch from Sterling, Manitoba, says: While outside milking her cows, Mrs. Harris Courtney discovered that her house was on fire. Winding her apron over her head the mother pluckily dashed through the fire and saved her four children, who were huddled in an inner room. Mrs. Courtney's hair caught fire and she was badly burned about the head and ears.

DIFFICULTIES SETTLED.

C. P. R. Mechanics and Company Reach an Agreement.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: It is stated on reliable authority that the difficulties between the C. P. R. and their mechanics have been satisfactorily settled. All the strikers are to be reinstated, and the old wage schedule restored practically, and old conditions reverted to. O. H. Warl represented the machinists, and H. H. Vaughan the company. While no mention is made, it is understood the men are not returning to their previous standing on the pension roll.

TUNISIAN DAMAGED BY ICE

Third Accident to Allan Liners Since the Opening of Navigation.

A despatch from Montreal says: A marconigram was on Thursday received by the Allan Line from Captain Fairfull of the Tunisian, stating that that vessel had suffered an accident almost similar to that which recently befell the Lake Champlain, and that he had been compelled to put into St. John's, Newfoundland, for safety. The Tunisian, while steaming slowly, inward-bound, through heavy field ice, struck an unusually heavy mass and started a plate under her forepeak. The broken plate caused quite a heavy leak, and Captain Fairfull considered it his duty to head at once for St. John's, which was only sixty miles distant. The vessel will be overhauled there, and if it is found that she has sustained serious injuries the passengers will be forwarded from St. John's across Newfoundland to Port Basque by rail, thence by the Reid Newfoundland Company's boats to Sydney, where they will be taken by special trains to St. John, N.B., and Montreal. If the Tunisian has to go into dry dock the passengers booked for her sailing from Montreal on the 21st instant will be transferred to another of the Allan boats. This is the third accident the Allan boats have suffered since the opening of navigation, the Corinthian and Siberian having both met with mishaps.

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CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

Grand Trunk Pacific officials deny that the men are ill-treated in the construction camps.

Archbishop Bruchesi has placed the Theatre Royal at Montreal under the ban.

The T. & N. O. Railway inaugurated a daily through service between North Bay and Cochrane on Monday.

Wilfred Bishop, clerk in the Ottawa postoffice, has been arrested on a charge of stealing letters.

Mr. Thomas Mulvey, K.C., is leaving the Provincial service to become Under Secretary of State.

Dr. J. B. Leathes of London, Eng., has been appointed to the University chair of chemical pathology.

The steamer Gargantua carried away three gates in the Welland Canal, on Sunday, but repairs are being rushed.

By-laws were carried by Owen Sound ratepayers, on Saturday, to extend the waterworks and the electric lighting plant.

Mr. Eager, Governor of the jail at Cornwall, has decided to resume his business career, and has resigned, to take effect on June 15.

Hon. W. S. Fielding will go to London after the session ends to arrange for a fifty-million-dollar loan.

The Government will appoint inspectors of gear and tackle at several shipping ports of the Dominion.

The Government is about to send a commission to Great Britain and Denmark to study the bacon industry.

Hon. Adam Beck's company is prepared to supply the city of London with two and a half million gallons of water daily.

The Railway Commission has ordered that stations and passenger cars be regularly cleaned out and kept in sanitary condition.

Elmer Pennock, a medical student at Queen's, went suddenly insane at Brockville, on Thursday, and attempted to kill his mother. He was committed to the asylum.

The C. P. R., it is said, will go into the business of farming in different parts of the country, with the object of supplying the requirements of their dining cars and hotels.

Sir Richard Cartwright informed Senator Lougheed that Canada would be represented at the Imperial Defence Conference in London, probably by Sir Frederick Borden and Hon. L. P. Brodeur.

The worthless assets wiped out in the balance sheet of the Dominion amounted to \$837,646, but there was a liability on the books of \$363,887, and it was also wiped out, leaving the net increase in the public debt \$473,759.

GREAT BRITAIN.

A number of prominent London bankers have written Mr. Asquith protesting against the increased death duties and income tax in the budget.

A bill for the removal of Roman Catholic disabilities and to amend the coronation oath passed its second

ENGINE SMASHED BY A ROCK.

Accident to Express on Kippewa Branch of the C. P. R.

A despatch from North Bay says: A dangerous accident occurred on Wednesday on the Kippewa branch of the C. P. R. between Mattawa and Kippewa. The railway runs north from Mattawa to the foot of Lake Temiskaming, and winds its way through the Laurentians, along narrow ledges far above the Ottawa River, and through many huge rock cuttings. As the passenger train north, heavily laden, was passing through a particularly dangerous section, where the roadbed clings to the mountainside, with the river many feet below, a five-ton rock crashed down the declivity, striking and smashing the locomotive, but fortunately not forcing the train over the precipice into the rocky canyon. The passengers were severely shaken up by the sudden stop, but not seriously injured. So tightly was the engine wedged by the immense rock that dynamite had to be utilized to clear the wreckage.

ABDULS STRONG ROOMS.

Keys Taken By Force From the Deposed Sultan.

A special despatch from Salonika says that Talaat Bey, Vice-President of the Chamber of Deputies, who was sent there to arrange with Abdul Hamid for the transference of his fortunes to the Government, succeeded in obtaining the signature of the former Sultan for the withdrawal of funds from foreign banks, but that Abdul Hamid resolutely refused to deliver up the keys to two iron rooms in the Yildiz Kiosk, which had resisted all efforts at forcible entry. After Talaat Bey's departure, the despatch says, officers of the guard, furious at the ex-Sultan's refusal to comply with the demand, rushed into his room and ordered him to surrender the keys without further parley.

FELL SIX THOUSAND FEET.

Three Men Killed in the Red Jacket Mine in Michigan.

A despatch from Calumet, Mich., says: Death which was swift and sure, but none the less terrible, came to three miners at the Red Jacket mine here on Thursday afternoon when the ground upon which they were at work suddenly gave way, precipitating all three into a yawning abyss. For a distance of six thousand feet the shaft runs down into the very bowels of the earth, and through this opening the unfortunate men were shot as though impelled by a mighty catapult. The bodies were crushed into an unrecognizable mass of blood and splintered bone. The men were all foreigners. The shaft of the Red Jacket mine is famous all over the world as the deepest working mine in existence.

CROPS IN APRIL.

Statement Issued by the Government Census Office.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The census and statistics office issued on Wednesday a statement of crops and live stock for the month of April. Vegetation is later than usual this year, and seeding has been delayed by the weather conditions throughout the Northwest Provinces. Winter wheat at the

29 MEN BLOWN TO ATOMS

Four Tons of Dynamite Exploded Prematurely Near Albany, N. Y.

A despatch from Albany, N. Y., says: There were 29 men killed shortly before 3 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon, following a premature explosion of dynamite in the Callanan quarries at South Bethlehem, twelve miles south of Albany. There were three injured. All within the explosion zone were instantly killed, and the bodies are unrecognizable. The dead include eight Americans and 21 Italians, the latter not being known by name. All the Americans are residents of the locality. The ten holes for Wednesday's blast were drilled 20 feet back from the face of the bluff, which was 80 feet high. The holes were 76 feet deep, and five inches in diameter. It was to

be the biggest blast of all, using over four tons of dynamite. The blast was scheduled for five o'clock in the afternoon, and was expected to dislodge material for 25,000 wagon loads of crushed stone. Those killed had successfully placed the charges in six of the holes, and were working upon the seventh when the shock came. The explosion is supposed to have been caused by a defective cap. The 29 bodies were blown to atoms and scattered all over the quarry. It was half an hour before anyone dared approach the scene, fearing danger from other explosions. As a result of the explosion, fear has seized the 165 Italian laborers employed about the quarry, and many have fled.

Fashion Hints.

FADS AND FANCIES.

The flower rosette is popular. Broche fabrics will be much worn in the near future.

In yokes the sun ray plaitings are the thing just now.

Jet bracelets seemingly cannot be too wide nor too heavy.

For run around frocks nothing is more popular than serge.

One of the newest things in smart footwear is the empire pump. This season brings a large and fascinating variety of Japanese silks.

Roumania embroidery is used on hats, on frocks, blouses, and coat suits.

Many gowns have touches of hand embroidery on them this season.

For the summer parasol nothing could be more novel than the English chintz.

Cabochons of straw with jewel centres will be seen on some of the smart hats.

Skirtings are nearly all striped, which adds to the long lined effects of the season.

Messaline silk in exquisite Dresden patterns makes the daintiest of underskirts.

Unusual are some of the French chevrons, which show the Roman stripe effect.

Except for an occasional scant flounce, all trimming is put on in lengthwise form.

Cretonne belts with figures stamped in blue are to be had and are quite charming.

The bottoms of sleeves are much trimmed, while the upper parts are left absolutely plain.

"Chevelure" is the name given to a shade of brown, which, being interpreted, means half brown.

The newest colors for gloves are champagne and the lightest shades of brown, even to a bright yellow.

One of the novelties of the minute is a sleeveless coat which is being made for afternoon toilets.

Irish crochet motives, made of netlike cord instead of the usual

noon. Her mother was with her, and fought a desperate battle with the dog before help arrived. The girl was thrown prostrate, and her face, head and arms were mutilated. The dog, which was not suffering from rabies, was shot.

WOMAN CRUSHED BY TRAIN.

Was Crawling Between Cars in Yards at North Bay.

A despatch from North Bay says: Mrs. Benjamin Patterson, a woman of forty, was ground beneath the wheels of a train in the east yards of the C. P. R. on Wednesday night. The Pattersons live beside the tracks and frequently cross the yards. Mrs. Patterson was crawling under a train on a siding when it started. Both of her legs were amputated, and she died on Thursday morning. Four little children are left motherless, as well as a husband out of work. His eighteen-year-old daughter died suddenly two weeks ago.

DREADNOUGHTS — CRUISERS

Italian Cabinet Authorizes Expenditure of \$52,500,000.

A despatch from Rome says: The Minister of Marine, Admiral Mirabello, has obtained the approval of the Cabinet to a naval programme that provides for the construction within three years, at a total expense of \$52,500,000, of four Dreadnoughts and a number of fast scout cruisers. A local paper says the decision to build these vessels was reached after Italy had learned that Austria-Hungary was going to spend \$40,000,000 on increased naval power.

RUN OVER BY LAND ROLLER.

Little Girl Killed on Farm in Saskatchewan.

A despatch from Tuxford, Sask., says: A horrible accident happened on the farm of E. Eaton, near here, on Wednesday, when his little daughter, who was riding with him on a land roller was run over and killed by the roller, following the runaway of the team. The father was injured also, but not seriously. The horses were frightened by the whistle of a steam plow.

GREAT BRITAIN.

A number of prominent London bankers have written Mr. Asquith protesting against the increased death duties and income tax in the budget.

A bill for the removal of Roman Catholic disabilities and to amend the coronation oath passed its second reading in the British Commons.

Queen Alexandra, in a message of sympathy to the Women Nurses' Congress at Liverpool, on Thursday, intimated that she was not in sympathy with the suffragettes.

A British departmental committee appointed to inquire into the question has reported that there is a meat combine in Britain, though it is not at present powerful enough to endanger the country's meat trade.

UNITED STATES.

The United States Senate on Thursday voted for a duty of 25 cents a ton on iron ore.

Capt. Peter C. Hains, who shot and killed William E. Annis on Long Island last August has been found guilty of manslaughter.

Charles L. Foxwell, a mining stock broker, is under arrest at Washington. He is alleged to have victimized a number of firms in Canada and the United States.

GENERAL.

Germany is establishing a line of airship stations along the French frontier.

The Turkish troops at Erzeroum are said to be on the verge of mutiny.

The German Emperor and the King of Italy met on Wednesday at the port of Brindisi.

Foreigners at Urmiah, Persia, including British and American missionaries, are in danger.

The fourth son of Abdul Hamid, the deposed Sultan of Turkey, has been placed under arrest.

The French postal strike is practically dead, and the leaders in their desperation are adopting destructive tactics.

The French Chamber of Deputies on Thursday endorsed the Government's attitude with regard to the postal strike.

FIVE YEARS FOR STABBING.

Stiff Sentence Passed on a Prisoner at Belleville.

A despatch from Belleville says: Manual Hannan, a resident of the northern part of Hastings County, was, on Wednesday morning, before Judge Deroche, found guilty of stabbing Louis Saucier and inflicting grievous bodily harm. He was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary. He was also convicted of assaulting a man named William Baudry, and was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary, sentences to run concurrently.

LADY TEACHERS' SALARIES.

School Board of Winnipeg Made a Flat Increase of Fifty Dollars.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The School Board was generous on Tuesday night and gave the 240 ladies employed in the 30 city schools a flat increase of \$50 per annum, in addition to such increases to which they were entitled. It was explained that the city pay is the smallest anywhere. The board also issued authority to raise \$200,000 on 35-year bonds.

ment Census Office.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The census and statistics office issued on Wednesday a statement of crops and live stock for the month of April. Vegetation is later than usual this year, and seeding has been delayed by the weather conditions throughout the Northwest Provinces. Winter wheat at the end of April was uniform in all parts of Ontario and compared with a standard crop it ranks at 76.5 per cent. Hay and clover average 83 per cent. Fodder for stock has been ample, as is denoted by the condition of farm animals. Horses are 92 per cent. of standard, milch cows 88; other horned cattle 84, swine 91, and sheep 85.50 per cent.

A SMALL ASYLUM.

Ten Insane Persons Now Confined in Orangeville Jail.

A despatch from Orangeville says: The colony of lunatics at present confined in the county jail here, numbering nine, was increased on Wednesday evening by the arrival of John Carr of the township of Allarant. Carr arrived on the evening train in charge of Constable Lavery of Shelburne, having been committed as a dangerous lunatic by George Rutherford, Police Magistrate of that village. Carr is a farmer, aged about thirty-five, and will be medically examined as soon as possible. The authorities are determined to round up such people as are a menace to the community.

LIGHTED BY WIRELESS.

Four Thousand Lamps Burned Four Hours at Omaha.

A despatch from Omaha says: The Omaha Electrical Show was on Wednesday night lighted by a wireless current. The current came from the Government wireless station, five miles distant from where the show is being held. There were 4,000 incandescent lamps and for four hours the lamps were lighted by the wireless current. The system by which the experiment was made was a discovery by Dr. Frederick Millener, wireless expert of the Union Pacific Railroad.

BUYING ALBERTA LAND.

A Scotch Commissioner Impressed With the West.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Western Canada has just reaped the first direct benefits of the visit of the Scottish Agricultural Commission last year, one of the commissioners, Mr. J. M. Hodge, having returned and purchased 5,600 acres in southern Alberta, paying therefor \$70,000. He is delighted with the land, declaring it to be the richest he has ever seen. This is likely to be followed by a large influx of Scottish capital for investment in land.

FELL ON A CROWBAR.

Farmer Near Ottawa Killed While Aiding a Neighbor.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Collier C. Morgan, a farmer, living near Hazelden, was fatally injured on Wednesday evening, while assisting in the erection of a driving shed for a neighbor. He slipped from a sill, and in falling landed on the sharp end of a crowbar standing upright in the ground. He died a few hours afterwards.

left absolutely plain. "Chevelure" is the name given to a shade of brown, which, being interpreted, means half brown.

The newest colors for gloves are champagne and the lightest shades of brown, even to a bright yellow.

One of the novelties of the minute is a sleeveless coat which is being made for afternoon toilets.

Irish crochet motives, made of metallic cord instead of the usual thread, are among the new trimmings.

Colored net or tulle sleeves have a lining of gold net. This gives just a charming shimmer through the outer mesh.

Spanish lace scarfs, scarcely seen since the days of their popularity twenty years ago, have again made an appearance.

NO MIDDLEMEN.

Florida Orange Crop Will be Marketed Direct.

A despatch from Denver says: Henceforth the Florida orange crop will be marketed direct, according to J. C. Swingle, president of the Florida Fruit and Citrus Growers' Association, who was in Denver on Thursday night. "The orange crop of Florida this year," he said, "will exceed that of any other year since 1885, and we will produce half as much as the entire crop of California. For years, we have submitted to the abuses of brokers who practically regulated the market, making big profits and keeping up the prices of oranges. From now on we will market the Florida output direct, and this will reduce the price of oranges 40 per cent. Before this fight is over oranges will be selling at the rate of three for five cents, instead of five cents apiece."

CHILD MUTILATED BY DOG.

Mother Fought the Animal Till Help Arrived.

A despatch from Chatham, Ont., says: Gladys, the six-year-old daughter of Mrs. Frank Schram, was attacked by a large bulldog and severely bitten on Saturday after-

A despatch from Tuxford, Sask., says: A horrible accident happened on the farm of E. Eaton, near here, on Wednesday, when his little daughter, who was riding with him on a land roller was run over and killed by the roller, following the runaway of the team. The father was injured also, but not seriously. The horses were frightened by the whistle of a steam plow.

WOMAN BURNED TO DEATH.

Mrs. Terney Plumbo Loses Her Life at Montreal.

A despatch from Montreal says: Mrs. Terney Plumbo, a young woman of twenty-five, was burned to death on Friday evening at her home as the result of a lamp explosion. Mrs. Plumbo apparently went into the kitchen to light a lamp, leaving her four children in front asleep. The lamp exploded, smothering her with oil, and a neighbor, hearing her cries for help, found her lying on the floor with her hair and clothing a mass of flames. The nearest fire alarm would not work, and by the time assistance came the woman was unconscious, and died shortly after being taken to the hospital.

PLUCKING THE OSTRICH.

Have you ever been on an ostrich-farm? Perhaps not; but you wear an ostrich-plume in your Sunday hat! If you don't you would like to; so you will appreciate a few facts about the winged benefactor of womankind. Ostrich-feathers are not plucked, but "clipped," and during the process the animal roars like a house afire. Sometimes he kicks out, and the best plan to escape his pedal extremities is to fall flat on the ground. In order to combat this dangerous habit, ostrich-farmers usually drive the ostriches into "plucking-boxes." These are little pens made for the purpose, and are just large enough for one ostrich to stand in. After the door is shut, the bird cannot kick, as the sides are too high, and he is kept quiet by means of a great cloth mitten, which is drawn over his head. The feathers are removed with shears, and in a little time the ostrich recovers his equanimity.

VILLAGES WERE WIPED OUT

Entire District Laid Waste About Marash in the Recent Rioting.

A despatch from Beirut, Turkey, says: The recent rioting in the vicinity of Marash has laid waste that entire district. Marash itself was spared, for only a few persons there were killed, but within sixty miles to the southwest a total of sixteen villages, with a population of 8,000 souls, have been practically wiped out. The only survivors are boys under ten and old women. The girls were carried away and the men killed. Telegraphic reports received on Wednesday declare that the hungry and naked number 14,000. Immediate relief is required. The interior districts are still far from settled, and from all directions the most heart-rending accounts and appeals are being received here.

MUTINEERS EXECUTED.

A despatch from Constantinople says: Constantinople witnessed an-

other batch of executions on Wednesday morning when 21 mutineers of the army and navy were hanged in public within the city limits. This makes a total of 38 executions within the capital since the revolution of April 13. Four of the men on Wednesday were hanged near the Sultan's palace, eight at the marine barracks, eight in the Djinn Meidan quarters of Stamboul and four at the War Office. It was desired to impress the people with the fact that the guilty had been punished, and had the hangings not been public the people would have thought that the condemned men had saved themselves by bribing officials or that the statement of their execution was nothing more than a political lie.

Some Alcohol Questions

Is alcohol a tonic? No! Does it make the blood pure? No! Does it strengthen the nerves? No! Is Ayer's Sarsaparilla a tonic? Yes! Does it make the blood pure? Yes! Does it strengthen the nerves? Yes! Is it the only Sarsaparilla entirely free from alcohol? Yes! Ask your doctor about this non-alcoholic medicine. If he approves, your confidence will be complete. J.C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Dull boys! Dull girls! Dull men! Dull women! Heavy-headed! Downhearted! All very often due to constipation! Yet the cure is so easy—Ayer's Pills. Ask your doctor.

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 50 per line for each insertion, if in ordinary type, in black type this rate will be 100 per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.

Advertising Contractors and News Correspondents.

Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

CHANGE OF CLUB RATES.

On and after 1st December, 1908, the following will be the Club Rates:

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Family Herald and Weekly Star.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness.....	\$1.75
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun.....	\$1.75
Any three of the above papers.....	\$2.40
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Daily Toronto Star.....	\$2.25

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Branch Office, 626 F St., Washington, D. C.

The Mistress of the House.

"She spends all her time in the library."

"Ah, she is literary?"

"Not especially. But the cook won't allow her in the kitchen, and the maids don't want her about the halls or parlors."

Deduction.

OTTAWA NEWS.

Contrary to all expectations the debate on the budget was continued into this week. It can scarcely be said that there was any necessity for this but the result was that two or three prominent members of the Liberal party, who would not otherwise have spoken, made very valuable contributions to the debate and disposed very effectually of some specious arguments offered by their opponents.

Mr. Nesbitt of Oxford.

Mr. Nesbitt, who succeeded Mr. Smith, of Oxford, discussed financial problems from the standpoint of a man of common sense. He first disposed of the contention of Mr. Foster that the cost of floating loans was greater than formerly, and showed very clearly that if there was any difference it was in the method. Mr. Nesbitt favored the system of under writing loans, which secured beyond any peradventure, the money to the country borrowing. He showed also that Canada had secured better terms in the money market than Japan, Russia or Germany during the same period. All of this he placed to the credit of the finance minister.

Mr. Nesbitt proceeded to show the fallacy of the argument advanced by the Opposition that money at call could be borrowed in New York at 1 and 1/2 per cent., and to demonstrate that such loans were forced, and the conditions under which they were made were very different from the conditions under which the finance minister of Canada applied to the money market. Concluding a very able address, Mr. Nesbitt saw nothing alarming in the financial conditions. He thought the farmers were prosperous, and would not object to slight duties for the purpose of raising revenue to develop the other portions of the Dominion, and the result would be general advancement and prosperity.

Mr. Henderson of Halton.

Mr. Henderson, of Halton, followed and advocated high protection, but his speech was mainly directed at the present Government for retaining high duties on articles of general consumption, although strangely enough he stated distinctly that the present Government had not materially changed the tariff from what it was in Conservative days. He concluded by denouncing it as being too high, but he advocated making it much higher in specific instances. Mr. Henderson favored a duty on wool which would increase the cost to the farmer of a very necessary article of clothing.

Mr. Miller of Grey.

Mr. H. H. Miller, South Grey, took up the argument of Mr. Foster that the old Conservative Government had purchased from the Canadian Pacific Company 7,500,000 acres of land for \$10,000,000, and that the land was worth \$45,000,000, which would exceed the additions to the public debt made by the Conservatives in the same period. Mr. Miller said:

Mr. Glen Campbell of Dauphin.

Mr. Glen Campbell of Dauphin, followed and in the course of his remarks charged Hon. Walter Scott, and a member of the House whom he did not name with having received stock in a company known as the Saskatchewan Valley and Manitoba Land Company, which he intimated had secured its land from the Government at \$1 an acre and sold it to the farmers at much higher figures.

This charge was very promptly denied by a member who had the authority of Mr. Scott for the denial. Mr. Scott happened to be in Ottawa and the affair was very promptly dealt with. This company was confused by many members of the press with the Saskatchewan Valley Land Company, which did buy a portion of its land from the Government at \$1 an acre after settlers had declined to accept it under the homestead regulations. The Saskatchewan Valley and Manitoba Land Company never had any dealings with the Dominion Government, and it was competent for any member of the House to own stock in it if he choose without violating the Independence of Parliament.

Mr. Campbell announced himself as an uncompromising protectionist and further stated that every body in the House in 1881 understood that the tax exemption clause in the Canadian Pacific charter was meant to expire in twenty years. Mr. Campbell was proceeding to speak of the Grand Trunk Pacific loan, and gave reasons why he opposed it, when the Speaker called him to order, and would not allow any discussion on a matter that was yet on the order paper. He proceeded to combat the idea that the Grand Trunk Pacific was a colonization road, alleging that Mr. Turfitt, of Assinboia, had said that in his riding this road paralleled another for eighty miles. As the Grand Trunk Pacific does not go into Mr. Turfitt's riding at all, this particular statement had no point.

Mr. McLean of Huron.

Mr. M. Y. McLean, of South Huron, is a new member and made his maiden speech on the budget. Mr. McLean was in the last Parliament a short time only, being elected in a bye-election. He claimed that the farming interests of the community are not benefited by imposing a high protection upon their products, more particularly upon products of which they have a surplus to export. This, he said, was a sham and a delusion.

Speaking of the growth of public expenditure, Mr. McLean said Canada of today was a very different Canada from that of twelve years ago. In these days there were thousands upon thousands of acres that were practically a barren waste, that were inhabited only by the Indian, the buffalo and the coyote, and which today are thickly populated by industrious settlers, and these lands are pouring out every year millions of bushels of golden grain to enrich the country. Hundreds of populous towns and villages have sprung up within the last thirteen years, while thirteen years ago there was nothing to be seen on these plains for hundreds and hundreds of miles except Indian tepees. Mr. McLean referred to the great mineral areas open up and expressed the opinion that the expenditures were right and proper and only kept pace with the natural growth and development of the country.

Mr. McLean referred also to the fact that with increased expenditure came lower taxation, which was an indication of good government. Alluding to the last few years of Conservative Government. Mr. McLean said that the condition of the country went from bad to worse, and the condition of the people was poorer and poorer. Wages were low, soup kitchens were in every city and depression existed in the

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Pumpkin Seed -
Rice Syrup -
Rochelle Salt -
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Peppermint -
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Clarified Sugar -
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A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

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NEW YORK.

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35 Doses - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

Trunk Pacific. Where is during the last five years of Conservative rule \$16,000,000 was expended on capital account and during this same period they borrowed \$21,000,000. That is to say that they had not sufficient money in the treasury to pay the ordinary running expenses of the Government.

Contrasting this with the Liberal record Mr. Luggie said that notwithstanding the expense of great public works and expending \$52,500,000 on the National Transcontinental Railway the public debt had been reduced to \$45.72, equal to a decrease of ten per cent.

Mr. MacDonald, Picton.

Mr. E. M. MacDonald, Picton, made a valuable contribution to the budget debate. He referred to the little Canadianism of Mr. Foster, who was willing that the Maritime provinces should be content with one railroad although the older parts of Canada enjoyed three. Speaking of the progress under Liberal rule, Mr. MacDonald pointed out that in eight years the Conservatives had increased the public debt by \$82,000,000, and while doing this the population remained at the same figure and development of the country ceased.

As to the progress made since 1896, Mr. MacDonald quoted figures showing that the deposit in the banks in 1896 amounted to \$193,000,000, whereas in 1907 they had increased to \$654,000,000—the assets of the banks have increased \$625,000,000, and the Dominion Savings Bank holdings by the people have increased \$15,752,000. All

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...spends all her time in the library."

"Ah, she is literary?"

"Not especially. But the cook won't allow her in the kitchen, and the maids don't wait for her about the halls or parlors."

Deduction.

"Tell me what you eat, and I will tell you what you are," boasted an amateur sage.

"Well, I ate a welsh rabbit and a lemon pie last night."

"You're a fool."—Kansas City Journal.

Illustrious Barbers.

William Winstanley, to whom we are indebted for the "Lives of the English Poets," began his career by soaping faces. Farr, who introduced coffee into England; Dr. John Taylor, whose eloquent voice so often sounded in St. Paul's; Jean Baptiste Belzoni, giant and explorer; James Craggs, secretary of the south sea bubble; Mr. Herbert Ingram of the Illustrated London News; Allan Ramsay, the "Gentle Shepherd;" Lord Chancellor Sugden, Lord Tenterden, Jeremy Taylor and Dizet, the composer of the opera "Carmen," were born and bred and were trained in barbers' shops.—London Notes and Queries.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1883.
(SEAL) A. W. GLEASON.

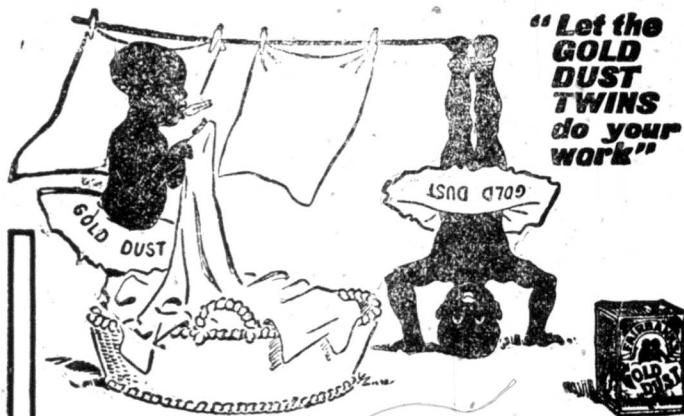
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Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the inflamed and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for list of testimonials free.

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Made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Montreal, P. Q.—Makers of FAIRY SOAP.

GOLD DUST makes hard water soft

up the argument of Mr. Foster that the old Conservative Government had purchased from the Canadian Pacific Company 7,500,000 acres of land for \$10,000,000, and that the land was worth \$45,000,000, which would exceed the additions to the public debt made by the Conservatives in the same period. Mr. Miller said:

"I am perfectly willing that the hon. gentleman shall make that argument, but I would ask him where the land came from that they purchased for \$10,000,000, and the answer would be that the 7,500,000 acres was part of the 25,000,000 that the Conservative Government had given to the Canadian Pacific Railway for nothing."

Mr. Miller continued: "I would say to him: 'I am perfectly willing that I should give your party credit at \$6 an acre for 7,500,000 acres of land you thus obtained, but if I do you must be willing to be charged at the same time with the 46,000,000 acres that your Government gave away while in power to persons other than actual settlers; and so while I credit you with \$42,000,000, I charge you with \$276,000,000; and I do not think the hon. member would make the amount look any better for his party.'"

Alluding to the Newmarket Canal Mr. Miller said while he had no personal knowledge of it, he had confidence that when an influential deputation waited on the Government, a deputation upon which were men of both sides of politics, and advocated the building of the canal as a necessity he was not disposed to oppose the project. Speaking of Mr. Foster's remarks on the expenditure of the Government, Mr. Miller recalled that Mr. Foster, when in Prince Edward Island, promised to build the tunnel to the mainland at a cost of \$10,000,000 if his party was returned to power.

Mr. Miller closed an admirable speech by expressing the opinion that the affairs of Canada were in capable hands, as the events of the last thirteen years demonstrated.

lower taxation, which was a indication of good government. Alluding to the last few years of Conservative Government. Mr. McLean said that the condition of the country went from bad to worse, and the condition of the people was poorer and poorer. Wages were low, soup kitchens were in every city and depression existed in its worst form. The best blood of the country, in the form of our young men, was leaving the country for the United States. He contrasted these conditions with the conditions of today, showing how much more prosperous the country had been under a Liberal Government.

Mr. Warburton, P. E. I.

Mr. Warburton, Prince Edward Island, deprecated the attitude of the Conservative party in the fight made against Hon. W. Templeman in British Columbia. That gentleman, he said, had entered a contest against heavy odds and had gone down to defeat like a man, in consequence of "disreputable tactics that were a disgrace to the Conservative party. He did not charge any member of the House with personal knowledge of things, but he attributed what was done to the worst elements of the party outside the House who had brought the party into disrepute."

Mr. Warburton made some humorous references to the challenge thrown out by Mr. Cowan of Vancouver, to contest his seat with any gentleman who desired to do so. This he said, reminded him of the frequent challenges of Mr. Bennett of Simcoe, who met his fate when Mr. Chow took up the challenge, and also of Mr. Fowler, who did the same thing and was buried under an adverse vote of 350. Mr. Cowan, he said, might find himself in the same position.

Mr. Warburton answering Mr. Perley's remarks about the public debt, and referring to the comparison of New Zealand, pointed out that New Zealand had a net debt of \$300,000,000 and a yearly revenue of \$45,000,000. That is her debt was as great as that of Canada and her revenue only one half that of Canada. New Zealand had been held up as a shining example to Canada by members of the Opposition and yet she had a net debt of \$345 per head for every man, woman and child, including the Maoris, while the net debt of Canada was \$45 per head.

Mr. Neely of Humboldt.

Mr. Neely, of Humboldt, made a fighting speech. He disposed of the attack made upon Hon. Walter Scott upon the authority of that gentleman himself. He explained that charges had been made against Mr. Scott during the campaign, but the men and newspapers making them had promptly withdrawn them when suit was threatened by Mr. Scott. Mr. Neely characterized the action of the Attorney General's Department in Manitoba with respect to the election lists, as a prostitution of justice, and said that Conservatives owed their seats in the House to lists which were padded.

Mr. Wallace, Centre York.

Mr. Wallace, of Centre York, expressed himself as opposed to the building of the Newmarket Canal, although a deputation from the vicinity waited upon the Government and urged that the work be undertaken. He hoped something would be done for the market gardener.

Mr. Loggie, N. S.

Mr. W. S. Loggie devoted himself to the financial condition of affairs contrasting the management of the finances under Mr. Foster with the management under Mr. Fielding. He emphasized the fact that out of the \$65,000,000 added to the public debt in twelve years, \$52,500,000 was accounted for by the building of the Grand

Trunk Pacific. Mr. MacDonald quoted figures showing that the deposit in the banks in 1896 amounted to \$193,000,000, whereas in 1907 they had increased to \$651,000,000—"The assets of the banks have increased \$625,000,000, and the Dominion Savings Bank holdings by the people have increased \$15,752,000. All this proving that the people have become wealthier since this Government came into power."

Mr. MacDonald proved by figures that the miners of Nova Scotia were paid better wages now than ever before—and whereas in Conservative days there was difficulty, gloom, and despair, since the present Government came into power there has been advancement, prosperity, and development in the local industry of Nova Scotia, in which there was \$70,000,000 of Canadian capital invested.

Mr. MacDonald expressed his belief in the future of Canada. This was a growing and building time, and heavy expenses must be expected for years to come to prepare the country for the high rank she is destined to take. He said the feeling of the Canadian people to-day is a feeling of confidence in the future of Canada, of confidence in the Liberal party, which has governed the country so well, and under whose administration unprecedented national progress has been made.

Grand Trunk Pacific Loan.

On the second reading of the Grand Trunk Pacific loan bill, Mr. Borden presented the arguments against the original charter which he gave the House in 1903-04.

Hon. G. P. Graham, Minister of Railways and Canals, spoke of the great necessity for the Grand Trunk Pacific. That thirty years ago not one bushel of wheat came from a district now producing 100,000,000 bushels. He believed that the day of wheat was over, and in future wheat would reach \$1.50 and not go below it.

The minister said that since the inception of the Grand Trunk Pacific 15,389 homesteads have been taken up in a strip of land 24 miles wide, 12 on either side of the railway, equal to 2,461,928 acres.

Referring to the extra cost of the railway from that originally estimated, the minister gave the example of the Panama canal, originally estimated to cost \$140,000,000, which is now said will cost \$375,000,000; and the New York Erie canal, the original estimate of which was \$61,536,788, afterwards estimated to cost \$100,000,000.

The loan to the Grand Trunk Pacific is a plain business proposition. The Government loans them the money and takes the company's bonds. These bonds are guaranteed by the old Grand Trunk Company. The Dominion cannot allow the Grand Trunk Pacific to fail, it must be assisted so that the people may quickly reap the advantages of the transportation facilities thus provided. Mr. Graham concluded with these words:—

"I appeal to the hon. members of the Opposition, I appeal to the House, I appeal to the Dominion of Canada at large, on this question of giving this loan to the Grand Trunk Pacific. I believe that it is in the interests of the country and I believe the country is safe in giving it. Our national interest and the success of our transportation system are bound up in the success of this undertaking."

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every path of help and pity. At one flash of anger is reported to have broken the serene calm which served as a mask for the steel-like and resolute will of Florence Nightingale. Some stores had arrived from England; sick men were languishing for them. But routine required that they should be inspected by a board before being issued, and the board, moving with heavy footed slowness, had not completed its work when night fell. The stores were, therefore, with official phlegm, locked up and their use denied to the sick. Between the needs of hundreds of sick men and the comforts they required was the locked door, the symbol of red tape. Florence Nightingale called a couple of orderlies, she threw off drab silks and plain laces and for several years was one of the gayest and most fascinating women of the city. She had many lovers, but she gave the preference to Mr. Madison and became his wife in 1794."

Dolly Madison.

Mrs. Dolly Madison, the wife of the third president, is described by Griswold in this way:

"Dolly Payne, born in North Carolina, has been educated according to the strictest rules of the Quakers in Philadelphia, where at an early age she married a young lawyer of this sect named Todd; but, becoming a widow, she threw off drab silks and plain laces and for several years was one of the gayest and most fascinating women of the city. She had many lovers, but she gave the preference to Mr. Madison and became his wife in 1794."

SINGING EVANGELIST CURED BY ZAM-BUK.

Wife also reaps Benefit.

Mrs. Birdie Ellis Johnston, of 168 Christina Street, Sarnia, Ont., gives the following testimony of what Zam-Buk has done for herself and her husband:—

"Some time ago my husband was touring through Michigan on the 'Herald of Hope,' as a singing evangelist. The minister in the car had a son, who in some manner contracted a serious skin disease, and my husband, unaware of it, caught this from him. He was all broken out in sores, which gave great pain, and he tried first one remedy and then another, but none of them did him any good.

"When all else had failed, we finally decided to try Zam-Buk, and see if this balm would succeed in healing the sores and stop the itching and irritation. I am pleased to say that a few applications of Zam-Buk made a marked improvement, and perseverance for a short time with Zam-Buk effected a complete cure.

"About the same time sores also broke out all over my back, and spread rapidly, until my back seemed one big sore. This was very painful, and as Zam-Buk had proved so beneficial for husband, I determined to give it another trial. My nurse rubbed my back well with Zam-Buk. We continued with this treatment, and in a remarkably short time, considering the seriousness of the case, my back was quite cleared of the awful sores.

"On still another occasion I had cause to use Zam-Buk. While cooking something on the stove, I happened to burn my finger very badly. I applied Zam-Buk and bound up the finger. In the morning the pain had ceased and the burn healed nicely."

For skin diseases, eczema, ringworm, blood-poisoning, and all kinds of eruptions, Zam-Buk is absolutely without equal. It also cures cuts, burns, bruises, sprains, scratches, piles, salt rheum, prairie itch, etc. All druggists and stores sell at 50c a box, or post-free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price.

where the green spot was in my eye and while I was pluming myself the man in the other part of the section pulled out three tens and pocketed the ring. Did I look down upon him with pity and contempt? Did I smile? Did I grin? Did I ask him where his guardian was? Oh, yes—oh, yes, and he spoke up and claimed that the stones were diamonds and the ring well worth 200 plunks. It nettled me to see the ass so cocksure and to hear him say that of course I was no judge of diamonds, and I put up \$50 that he'd been done for. The conductor held the money, and when we got into town we made for a jewelry store. We took in four of 'em before I laid down. Same story in each place—ring worth \$200."

"And you lost your \$50?"

"Slick as slick."

"And there was a game in it?"

"Of course, you camel. Seller and buyer were confederates, and they probably worked the scheme six days a week. If I'd got ready to buy, some excuse would have been made to head me off. Yes, gentlemen. I had something coming to me, and I got it, and I feel relieved."

EQUATORIAL AFRICA.

How Hunters Dress Where There Is No Dawn and No Dusk.

We wore khaki for daytime and warm clothes for night when sitting around the camp, as after the sun goes down a great chill immediately settles down that makes winter clothing and a good big fire most essential.

During the daytime we always wore pith helmets, although sometimes early in the morning and late in the afternoon, when the sun is not at its maximum, a double terei felt hat may be substituted. It is far more comfortable than the helmet.

As additional protection we wore sun pads which covered the spine. These are merely heavy quilted strips that reach from the collar to below the shoulders, as we were advised that the effect of the sun was just as deadly at this point as on the head. I do not know what maximum the thermometer would reach in the sun, as I was afraid to leave it exposed when it got higher than a little above 150 degrees, as beyond that point there was great danger of breaking it. In the shade the temperature would be usually from 85 to 100 degrees, but there was always a breeze blowing, and the dryness of the air cooled one off quite rapidly as soon as one got out of the sun. It was always cold in the morning when we started out at the first peep of light, and we were usually shivering for a few minutes prior to the sun's appearance. Day does not dawn in equatorial Africa, but it bursts! It is dark one minute and full sunlight the next, and the reverse occurs in the evening, for the sun goes down and night comes on as if a curtain had suddenly been drawn down over the west, and the chill of night begins instantly.—Percy C. Madeira in Metropolitan Magazine.

"A Sound Box."

Take an ordinary rubber band and stretch it between the thumb and fore finger of your left hand. If you pick it with the fingers of the right hand and let go suddenly it will make a sound which you can hear distinctly enough yourself, but which will not be audible to any one a few feet away. But if you were to fasten the elastic with a pin at each end, to an empty wooden box, only not so as to touch the wood, and then twang it the sound would be much louder than before. That box is the sound box or sound board, and all stringed instruments have one in some shape or other.—St Nicholas.

and afterward among the coming combat and Jack's utmost vigilance was being exercised to keep it in the narrow channel a boy pulled his coattail and hailed him with:

"Sav, Mr. Captain, I wish you would just stop your boat a minute! I've lost my apple overboard!"

"Think that story over, my friend, and see if you can find any lesson in it."

A LOVER OF PEACE.

He Had Decided Opinions on the Way to Abolish War.

"Men talk sincerely," once said W. T. Stead, the great apostle of peace, "about loving one another, about the universal brotherhood of man, and in the same breath they assert that it is right to burn and maim and kill in war. They are not so logical as a young colored recruit who served in the Philippines. This young man at the end of his initial engagement was hauled before his captain.

"So you ran at the first fire, did you?" said the captain scornfully.

"Yes, sah, an I'd 'a' run sooner, sah, if I'd knowed it wuz comin'."

"Have you no regard for your reputation, Calhoun?"

"Mah reputation hain't nuffin to me, sah, 'longside o' mah life."

"The captain smiled and twirled his mustache. Here was an intelligent young man. He'd talk him over to the right point of view.

"Even if you should lose your life, Calhoun," he said, "you'd have the satisfaction of knowing that you had died for your country."

"Wot satisfaction could dat be to me, sah, when de power o' feelin' it wuz gone?"

"Then patriotism means nothing to you?"

"Nfin, sah. I wouldn't put mah life in de scales agin any government dat eber existed, for no government could replace de loss o' me."

"Calhoun, if all soldiers were like you the world's governments would all go to pieces."

"On de contrary, sah, dey'd last forever, for, if all soldiers wuz like me, den dere couldn't neber be no fightin'."

The Last Straw.

"Every time I give a party," cried the discouraged hostess, "I vow I'll never give another, but I've decided this time. No more for me. It's the red cheeked man. I don't mind their taking up the rugs and dancing until after midnight and getting dispossession notices served on me the next morning, or leaving cigarette ashes all over the place for me to clean up, or scattering the Welsh rabbit from one end of the flat to the other, but when the red cheeked man sits on my piano keys when he gives an imitation of something or somebody and I have to pay \$4 to have my piano tuned the next day that'll be about all."

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Trial Package Postpaid, "Hennequin's Infant Tablets."

Any Address. Send Post Card. Write your Address plainly.

Hennequin's Infant Tablets

Save Babies' Lives. For Babies and Small Children. (Made in France.) Dr. Hennequin's Infant Tablets saved our little girl's life. Three doctors said she could not live. The Tablets cured her.—MR. E. R. McBRIDE, Napanee, Ont.
My baby was so weak from sickness that he could hardly walk. We thought he would die. We could find nothing to help him. I was given a sample package of three Hennequin Tablets; we used them; I saw a change at once. We secured the Tablets and our baby improved every day, and is now a bright, fat, good natured boy; you could not believe he was the medicine ever sold for babies. Mothers if your babies are not well take my advice and try these Tablets.—MRS. JAMES RIDDELL, Barrydale, Ont.
We have hundreds of such letters. If the Tablets were not what you need we would not offer to give them away and prepay them. If your baby is not well send for trial package. Hennequin Tablets have the letter "H" stamped upon them—this is your guarantee. All dealers, 25c per package, or 5 for \$1.00 sent postpaid to any address.

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Restores every nerve in the body to its proper tension; restores vim and vitality. Premature decay, and all sexual weakness averted at once. Phosphonol will make you a new man. Price \$3.00 a box, or two for \$5.00. Mailed to any address on receipt of price. The Scobell Drug Co., Catharines, Ont.

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FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE.

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When Florence Nightingale came, instantly a new intelligence, instinct with pity, aflame with energy, fertile with womanly invention, swept through the Scutari hospital. Clumsy male devices were dismissed, almost with a gesture, into space. Dirt became a crime, fresh air and clean linen, sweet food and soft hands a plety. A great kitchen was organized which provided well cooked food for a thousand men. Washing was a lost art in the hospital, but this band of women created, as with a breath, a great laundry, and a strange cleanliness crept along the walls and the beds of the hospital. In their warfare with disease and pain these women showed a resolution as high as the men of their race showed against the gray coated battalions of Inkerman or in the frozen trenches before Sebastopol. Muddle headed male routine was swept ruthlessly aside.

If the commissariat failed to supply requisites, Florence Nightingale, who had great funds at her disposal, instantly provided them herself, and the heavy footed officials found the swift feet of these women outrunning them in every path of help and pity. Only one flash of anger is reported to have broken the serene calm which served as a mask for the steel-like and resolute will of Florence Nightingale. Some stores had arrived from England; sick men were languishing for them. But routine required that they should be inspected by a board before

FOILED THEIR PLOT.

The Way Mme. Alboni Frustrated a Scheme to Hiss Her.

"Once upon a time, when Mme. Alboni was at Trieste," writes Henry C. Lahee in "Famous Singers of Today," "she was informed of the existence of a plot to hiss her off the stage. Having ascertained the names of her detractors and where they were to be found, she donned male attire, to which her short hair and robust figure helped to complete her disguise, and went to the cafe at which the conspirators met. Here she found them in full consultation, and, taking a seat at a table, she listened to their conversation for a time. After awhile she addressed the leader, saying: 'I hear that you intend to play a trick upon some one. I am very fond of a little practical joke myself and should be glad if you would allow me to join you on this occasion.'

"With pleasure," was the reply. 'We intend to hiss an opera singer off the stage this evening.'

"Indeed! And of what is she guilty?"

"Oh, nothing, except that, being an Italian, she has sung in Munich and Vienna to German audiences, and we think she ought to receive some castigation for her unpatriotic conduct."

"I agree with you, and now please tell me what I am to do."

"Take this whistle," said the leader. 'At a signal to be given at the conclusion of the air sung by Rosina the noise will begin, and you will have to join in.'

"I shall be very glad to do so," said the singer and put the whistle in her pocket.

"In the evening the house was packed—every seat was occupied—and the audience warmly applauded the opening numbers of the opera. In due course Mme. Alboni appeared, and at the point at which she was about to address her tutor a few of the conspirators began to make a disturbance, not waiting for the signal.

"Without showing any concern Mme. Alboni walked down to the footlights, and, holding up the whistle, which was hung to her neck by a ribbon, she exclaimed: 'Gentlemen, are you not a little before your time? I thought we were not to commence whistling until I had sung the air.'

"For a moment a deathly stillness prevailed; then suddenly the house broke into thunders of applause, which was led by the conspirators themselves."

THE SMART DRUMMER.

There Was Something Coming to Him, and He Got It.

"Gentlemen," said the drummer of druggists' sundries as he looked around on the half dozen men who were asking him for the latest story, "I believe I have felt about 400 different feelings in my life, and the balmiest one of all was the feeling that I had something coming to me and would get it if I stayed on the road long enough."

"And have you got it?" was asked.

"I have. I got it coming into Chicago. I was very comfortable in my Pullman when a young man came along and told me a pitiful story and wanted me to buy his diamond ring. The game is older than the hills, and I was on in a minute—bogus stor, and bogus diamond; willing to sell me a \$200 ring for \$20. I asked him where the green spot was in my eye and while I was pluming myself the man in the other part of the section pulled out three tens and pocketed the ring. Did I look down upon him with pity and contempt? Did I smile? Did I grin? Did I ask him where his guardian was? Oh, yes—oh, yes, and he made me and believed that I

CHEWING TOBACCO.

The Grip With Which This Habit Holds Its Victims.

Every slave of the weed will know better than I do how much truth exists in a story told me a few evenings ago by a well known committing magistrate in New York.

We were seated at a club table discussing various kinds of dissipations, especially the fascination that liquor and gambling are said to have for men who cannot resist the impulse to gratify one or the other of these passions. The judge spoke:

"In my opinion the most overmastering craving known to our race is that for chewing tobacco. Opium in some forms may be as bad, but I am sure it isn't worse. A few weeks ago an incorrigible was brought before me, and after hearing the evidence I sentenced him to the island for three months. He appeared to take it very sensibly until a police officer as a teaser whispered into the man's ear, as I afterward learned, that he would not be allowed any tobacco while in the penitentiary. The poor chap turned pale, rose in his seat and held up his hand as a sign that he desired to ask me a question. I motioned to him to speak up.

"I say, good Mr. Judge, will you do me a great favor?"

"Certainly, if it be within my power," I replied.

"I hear my tobacco will be cut off. Cannot you make my term six months or even a year if I am allowed to have chewing tobacco?"

The judge had to explain that he couldn't do anything of that sort. He relieved the prisoner's mind on the tobacco question by telling him that if he was a habitual chewer the prison physician would order a small quantity of the weed for him daily.

"Never did I see a greater change in a human face," concluded his honor.—Brooklyn Eagle.

LINCOLN'S STORY.

It Contained a Lesson For the Man With a Grievance.

An old farmer once called at the White House and complained that the Union soldiers in passing his farm had helped themselves not only to hay, but to his horse, and he hoped the president would urge the proper officer to consider his claim immediately.

"Why, my dear sir," replied Mr. Lincoln blandly, "I couldn't think of such a thing. If I consider individual cases I should find work enough for twenty presidents."

The caller urged his needs persistently, and Mr. Lincoln declined good naturedly.

"But," said the persevering sufferer, "couldn't you just give me a line to Colonel — about it—just one line?"

"Ha, ha, ha!" responded the president, crossing his legs. "That reminds me of old Jack Chase out in Illinois."

"You see, Jack—I knew him like a brother—used to be a lumberman on the Illinois river, and he was steady and sober and the best craftsman on the stream. It was quite a trick to take the logs over the rapids, but he was skilful with a raft and always kept her straight in the channel. Finally a steamer was put on, and Jack—he's dead now, poor fellow!—was made captain of it. He always used to take the wheel going through the rapids. One day when the boat was plunging and wallowing along the boiling current and Jack's utmost vigilance was being exercised to keep it in the narrow channel a boy pulled his coattail and hailed him with:

"Say, Mr. Captain, I wish you would just stop your boat a minute! I've lost my apple overboard!"

"Think that story over, my friend,



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Gas for Light, 15½c.

Per 100 Cubic Feet.

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Per 100 Cubic Feet.

A light will consume from 2 to 3 cubic feet per hour.

A gas range from 10 to 12 cubic feet per hour.

A water heater from 10 to 12 cubic feet per hour.

Gas Log from 10 to 15 cubic feet per hour.

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Library."

"Ah, she is literary?"

"Not especially. But the cook won't allow her in the kitchen, and the maids don't want her about the halls or parlors."

Deduction.

"Tell me what you eat, and I will tell you what you are," boasted an amateur sage.

"Well, I ate a welsh rabbit and a lemon pie last night."

"You're a fool."—Kansas City Journal.

Illustrious Barbers.

William Winstanley, to whom we are indebted for the "Lives of the English Poets," began his career by soaping faces. Farr, who introduced coffee into England; Dr. John Taylor, whose eloquent voice so often sounded in St. Paul's; Jean Baptiste Belzoni, giant and explorer; James Craggs, secretary of the south sea bubble; Mr. Herbert Ingram of the Illustrated London News; Allan Ramsay, the "Gentle Shepherd;" Lord Chancellor Sugden, Lord Tenterden, Jeremy Taylor and Bizet, the composer of the opera "Carmen," were born and bred and were trained in barbers' shops.—London Notes and Queries.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO,
LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1885.

(SEAL)

A. W. GLEASON,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

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Sold by all Druggists 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

up the argument of Mr. Foster that the old Conservative Government had purchased from the Canadian Pacific Company 7,500,000 acres of land for \$10,000,000, and that the land was worth \$45,000,000, which would exceed the additions to the public debt made by the Conservatives in the same period. Mr. Miller said:

"I am perfectly willing that the hon. gentleman shall make that argument, but I would ask him where the land came from that they purchased for \$10,000,000, and the answer would be that the 7,500,000 acres was part of the 25,000,000 that the Conservative Government had given to the Canadian Pacific Railway for nothing."

Mr. Miller continued: I would say to him: I am perfectly willing that I should give your party credit at \$6 an acre for 7,500,000 acres of land you thus obtained, but if I do you must be willing to be charged at the same time with the 46,000,000 acres that your Government gave away while in power to persons other than actual settlers; and so while I credit you with \$42,000,000, I charge you with \$276,000,000, and I do not think the hon. member would make the amount look any better for his party."

Alluding to the Newmarket Canal Mr. Miller said while he had no personal knowledge of it, he had confidence that when an influential deputation waited on the Government, a deputation upon which were men of both sides of politics, and advocated the building of the canal as a necessity he was not disposed to oppose the project. Speaking of Mr. Foster's remarks on the expenditure of the Government, Mr. Miller recalled that Mr. Foster, when in Prince Edward Island, promised to build the tunnel to the mainland at a cost of \$10,000,000 if his party was returned to power.

Mr. Miller closed an admirable speech by expressing the opinion that the affairs of Canada were in capable hands, as the events of the last thirteen years demonstrated.

lower taxation, which was a indication of good government. Alluding to the last few years of Conservative Government. Mr. McLean said that the condition of the country went from bad to worse, and the condition of the people was poorer and poorer. Wages were low, soup kitchens were in every city and depression existed in its worst form. The best blood of the country, in the form of our young men, was leaving the country for the United States. He contrasted these conditions with the conditions of today, showing how much more prosperous the country had been under a Liberal Government.

Mr. Warburton, P. E. I.

Mr. Warburton, Prince Edward Island, deprecated the attitude of the Conservative party in the fight made against Hon. W. Templeman in British Columbia. That gentleman, he said, had entered a contest against heavy odds and had gone down to defeat like a man, in consequence of disreputable tactics that were a disgrace to the Conservative party. He did not charge any member of the House with personal knowledge of things, but he attributed what was done to the worst elements of the party outside the House who had brought the party into disrepute.

Mr. Warburton made some humorous references to the challenge thrown out by Mr. Cowan of Vancouver, to contest his seat with any gentleman who desired to do so. This he said, reminded him of the frequent challenges of Mr. Bennett of Simcoe, who met his fate when Mr. Chow took up the challenge, and also of Mr. Fowler, who did the same thing and was buried under an adverse vote of 350. Mr. Cowan, he said, might find himself in the same position.

Mr. Warburton answering Mr. Perley's remarks about the public debt, and referring to the comparison of New Zealand, pointed out that New Zealand had a net debt of \$300,000,000 and a yearly revenue of \$45,000,000. That is her debt was as great as that of Canada and her revenue only one half that of Canada. New Zealand had been held up as a shining example to Canada by members of the Opposition and yet she had a net debt of \$345 per head for every man, woman and child, including the Maoris, while the net debt of Canada was \$45 per head.

Mr. Neely of Humboldt.

Mr. Neely, of Humboldt, made a fighting speech. He disposed of the attack made upon Hon. Walter Scott upon the authority of that gentleman himself. He explained that charges had been made against Mr. Scott during the campaign, but the men and newspapers making them had promptly withdrawn them when suit was threatened by Mr. Scott. Mr. Neely characterized the action of the Attorney General's Department in Manitoba with respect to the election lists, as a prostitution of justice, and said that Conservatives owed their seats in the House to lists which were padded.

Mr. Wallace, Centre York.

Mr. Wallace, of Centre York, expressed himself as opposed to the building of the Newmarket Canal, although a deputation from the vicinity waited upon the Government and urged that the work be undertaken. He hoped something would be done for the market gardener.

Mr. Loggie, N. S.

Mr. W. S. Loggie devoted himself to the financial condition of affairs contrasting the management of the finances under Mr. Foster with the management under Mr. Fielding. He emphasized the fact that out of the \$65,000,000 added to the public debt in twelve years, \$52,500,000 was accounted for by the building of the Grand

Trunk Pacific. Mr. MacDonald quoted figures showing that the deposit in the banks in 1896 amounted to \$193,000,000, whereas in 1907 they had increased to \$651,000,000—the assets of the banks have increased \$625,000,000, and the Dominion Savings Bank holdings by the people have increased \$15,752,000. All this proving that the people have become wealthier since this Government came into power.

Mr. MacDonald proved by figures that the miners of Nova Scotia were paid better wages now than ever before—and whereas in Conservative days there was difficulty, gloom, and despair, since the present Government came into power there has been advancement, prosperity, and development in the local industry of Nova Scotia, in which there was \$70,000,000 of Canadian capital invested.

Mr. MacDonald expressed his belief in the future of Canada. This was a growing and building time, and heavy expenses must be expected for years to come to prepare the country for the high rank she is destined to take. He said the feeling of the Canadian people to-day is a feeling of confidence in the future of Canada, of confidence in the Liberal party, which has governed the country so well, and under whose administration unprecedented national progress has been made.

Grand Trunk Pacific Loan.

On the second reading of the Grand Trunk Pacific loan bill, Mr. Borden presented the arguments against the original charter which he gave the House in 1903.

Hon. G. P. Graham, Minister of Railways and Canals, spoke of the great necessity for the Grand Trunk Pacific. That thirty years ago not one bushel of wheat came from a district now producing 100,000,000 bushels. He believed that the day of \$1 wheat was over, and in future wheat would reach \$1.50 and not go below it.

The minister said that since the inception of the Grand Trunk Pacific 15,389 homesteads have been taken up in a strip of land 24 miles wide, 12 on either side of the railway, equal to 2,461,928 acres.

Referring to the extra cost of the railway from that originally estimated, the minister gave the example of the Panama canal, originally estimated to cost \$140,000,000, which is now said will cost \$375,000,000; and the New York Erie canal, the original estimate of which was \$61,536,788, afterwards estimated to cost \$100,000,000.

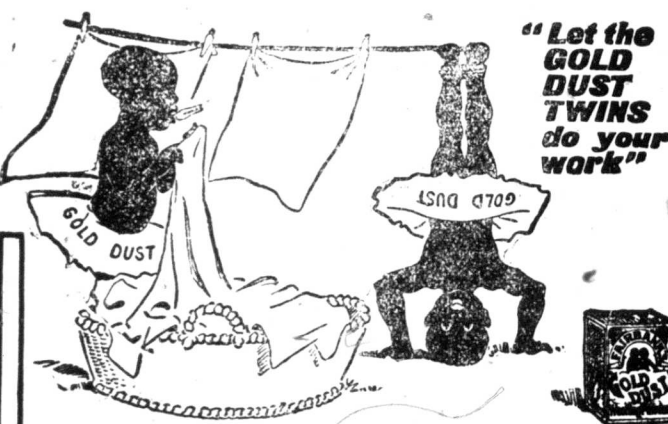
The loan to the Grand Trunk Pacific is a plain business proposition. The Government loans them the money and takes the company's bonds. These bonds are guaranteed by the old Grand Trunk Company. The Dominion cannot allow the Grand Trunk Pacific to fail, it must be assisted so that the people may quickly reap the advantages of the transportation facilities thus provided. Mr. Graham concluded with these words:—

"I appeal to the hon. members of the Opposition, I appeal to the House, I appeal to the Dominion of Canada at large, on this question of giving this loan to the Grand Trunk Pacific. I believe that it is in the interests of the country and I believe the country is safe in giving it. Our national interest and the success of our transportation system are bound up in the success of this undertaking."

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Gold Dust Stands Alone

in the washing powder field—it has no substitute. You must either use

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or something inferior—there is no middle ground.

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OTHER GENERAL
USES FOR
GOLD DUST

Scrubbing floors, washing clothes and dishes, cleaning wood-work, on cloth, silverware and tinware, polishing brass work, cleansing bath room, pipes, etc., and making the finest soft soap.

Made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Montreal, P. Q.—Makers of FAIRY SOAP.

GOLD DUST makes hard water soft

Some Alcohol Questions

Is alcohol a tonic? No! Does it make the blood pure? No! Does it strengthen the nerves? No! Is Ayer's Sarsaparilla a tonic? Yes! Does it make the blood pure? Yes! Does it strengthen the nerves? Yes! Is it the only Sarsaparilla entirely free from alcohol? Yes! Ask your doctor about this non-alcoholic medicine. If he approves, your confidence will be complete. *J.C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

Dull boys! Dull girls! Dull men! Dull women! Heavy-headed! Downhearted! All very often due to constipation! Yet the cure is so easy—Ayer's Pills. Ask your doctor.

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe.....	\$1.75
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The Mistress of the House.

"She spends all her time in the library."

"Ah, she is literary?"

"Not especially. But the cook won't allow her in the kitchen, and the maids don't want her about the halls or parlors."

Deduction.

OTTAWA NEWS.

Contrary to all expectations the debate on the budget was continued into this week. It can scarcely be said that there was any necessity for this but the result was that two or three prominent members of the Liberal party, who would not otherwise have spoken, made very valuable contributions to the debate and disposed very effectually of some specious arguments offered by their opponents.

Mr. Nesbitt of Oxford.

Mr. Nesbitt, who succeeded Mr. Smith, of Oxford, discussed financial problems from the standpoint of a man of common sense. He first disposed of the contention of Mr. Foster that the cost of floating loans was greater than formerly, and showed very clearly that if there was any difference it was in the method. Mr. Nesbitt favored the system of under writing loans, which secured beyond any peradventure, the money to the country borrowing. He showed also that Canada had secured better terms in the money market than Japan, Russia or Germany during the same period. All of this he placed to the credit of the finance minister.

Mr. Nesbitt proceeded to show the fallacy of the argument advanced by the Opposition that money at call could be borrowed in New York at 1 and 1/2 per cent., and to demonstrate that such loans were forced, and the conditions under which they were made were very different from the conditions under which the finance minister of Canada applied to the money market. Concluding a very able address, Mr. Nesbitt saw nothing alarming in the financial conditions. He thought the farmers were prosperous, and would not object to slight duties for the purpose of raising revenue to develop the other portions of the Dominion, and the result would be general advancement and prosperity.

Mr. Henderson of Halton.

Mr. Henderson, of Halton, followed and advocated high protection, but his speech was mainly directed at the present Government for retaining high duties on articles of general consumption, although strangely enough he stated distinctly that the present Government had not materially changed the tariff from what it was in Conservative days. He concluded by denouncing it as being too high, but he advocated making it much higher in specific instances. Mr. Henderson favored a duty on wool which would increase the cost to the farmer of a very necessary article of clothing.

Mr. Miller of Grey.

Mr. H. H. Miller, South Grey, took up the argument of Mr. Foster that the old Conservative Government had purchased from the Canadian Pacific Company 7,500,000 acres of land for \$10,000,000, and that the land was worth \$45,000,000, which would exceed the additions to the public debt made by the Conservatives in the same

Mr. Glen Campbell of Dauphin.

Mr. Glen Campbell of Dauphin, followed and in the course of his remarks charged Hon. Walter Scott, and a member of the House whom he did not name with having received stock in a company known as the Saskatchewan Valley and Manitoba Land Company, which he intimated had secured its land from the Government at \$1 an acre and sold it to the farmers at much higher figures.

This charge was very promptly denied by a member who had the authority of Mr. Scott for the denial. Mr. Scott happened to be in Ottawa and the affair was very promptly dealt with. This company was confused by many members of the press with the Saskatchewan Valley Land Company, which did buy a portion of its land from the Government at \$1 an acre after settlers had declined to accept it under the homestead regulations. The Saskatchewan Valley and Manitoba Land Company never had any dealings with the Dominion Government, and it was competent for any member of the House to own stock in it if he choose without violating the Independence of Parliament.

Mr. Campbell announced himself as an uncompromising protectionist and further stated that every body in the House in 1881 understood that the tax exemption clause in the Canadian Pacific charter was meant to expire in twenty years. Mr. Campbell was proceeding to speak of the Grand Trunk Pacific loan, and gave reasons why he opposed it, when the Speaker called him to order, and would not allow any discussion on a matter that was yet on the order paper. He proceeded to combat the idea that the Grand Trunk Pacific was a colonization road, alleging that Mr. Turriff, of Assiniboia, had said that in his riding this road paralleled another for eighty miles. As the Grand Trunk Pacific does not go into Mr. Turriff's riding at all, this particular statement had no point.

Mr. McLean of Huron.

Mr. M. Y. McLean, of South Huron, is a new member and made his maiden speech on the budget. Mr. McLean was in the last Parliament a short time only, being elected in a bye-election. He claimed that the farming interests of the community are not benefited by imposing a high protection upon their products, more particularly upon products of which they have a surplus to export. This, he said, was a sham and a delusion.

Speaking of the growth of public expenditure, Mr. McLean said Canada of today was a very different Canada from that of twelve years ago. In these days there were thousands upon thousands of acres that were practically a barren waste, that were inhabited only by the Indian, the buffalo and the coyote, and which today are thickly populated by industrious settlers, and these lands are pouring out every year millions of bushels of golden grain to enrich the country. Hundreds of populous towns and villages have sprung up within the last thirteen years, while thirteen years ago there was nothing to be seen on these plains for hundreds and hundreds of miles except Indian teepees. Mr. McLean referred to the great mineral areas open up and expressed the opinion that the expenditures were right and proper and only kept pace with the natural growth and development of the country.

Mr. McLean referred also to the fact that with increased expenditure came lower taxation, which was an indication of good government. Alluding to the last few years of Conservative Government. Mr. McLean said that the condition of the country went from bad to worse, and the condition of the people was poorer and poorer. Wages were low, soup kitchens were in every

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS, CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of Old Dr. J. C. WELCH PITCHER

- Pumpkin Seed -
- Alx. Sassa -
- Isab. Med. -
- Anise Seed -
- Hyssop -
- Th. Carib. Sassa -
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At 6 months old
35 Doses - 35 CENTS

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Trunk Pacific. Where as during the last five years of Conservative rule \$16,000,000 was expended on capital account and during this same period they borrowed \$21,000,000. That is to say that they had not sufficient money in the treasury to pay the ordinary running expenses of the Government.

Contrasting this with the Liberal record Mr. Loggie said that notwithstanding the expense of great public works and expending \$52,500,000 on the National Transcontinental Railway the public debt had been reduced to \$45.72, equal to a decrease of ten per cent.

Mr. MacDonald, Picton.

Mr. E. M. MacDonald, Picton, made a valuable contribution to the budget debate. He referred to the little Canadianism of Mr. Foster, who was willing that the Maritime provinces should be content with one railroad although the older parts of Canada enjoyed three. Speaking of the progress under Liberal rule, Mr. MacDonald pointed out that in eight years the Conservatives had increased the public debt by \$82,000,000, and while doing this the population remained at the same figure and development of the country ceased.

As to the progress made since 1896, Mr. MacDonald quoted figures showing that the deposit in the banks in 1896 amounted to \$193,000,000, whereas in 1907 they had increased to \$654,000,000—the assets of the banks have increased \$625,000,000, and the Dominion Savings Bank holdings by the people have increased \$15,752,000. All

FRIGHTFUL STOMACH TROUBLE

For Four Long Years He Suffered—Then "Fruit-a-tives" Brought Relief.

Stratford Centre, Wolfe Co., Que.
May 11th, 1908.
I have been completely cured of a frightful condition of my stomach through this wonderful medicine, "Fruit-a-tives." I suffered for four long years with this trouble. My head ached incessantly. I could not eat anything but what I suffered awful pains from indigestion. I used every known remedy and was treated by physicians, but the dyspepsia and headaches persisted in spite of the treatment.



I was told to try "Fruit-a-tives," and I sent for six boxes, and this was the only medicine that did me any good. I am now entirely well. I can eat ordinary food and I never have a headache, and for this relief I thank this wonderful remedy "Fruit-a-tives." My case is well known in this vicinity and you may publish this statement.

ALCIDE HEBERT.
50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, or trial size 25c. If, for any reason, your dealer does not handle "Fruit-a-tives," they will be sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

A GRATEFUL PATIENT.

The Coin That Was Measured by a Famous Surgeon.

Dr. Grenfell, an old London hospital pupil, in a sketch of Sir Frederick Treves in the Pall Mall Gazette tells the story of a tiny sovereign gold piece given by a grateful patient to the famous surgeon and guarded by him as a priceless treasure. A sailor from Norway had been operated on by Sir Frederick in hospital. His life had been saved, and he had gone his way. Late one evening a timid knock brought Sir Frederick himself at that unusual hour to his door in Wimpole street. A tall, gaunt sailor in threadbare attire asked if this was where "Mr. Treves lives." At his earnest request, though somewhat under protest, he was allowed to enter. He at once proceeded to get out a jackknife, and from the lining of the belt of his trousers he cut out a small gold piece and offered it to Sir Frederick. On his refusal to accept it the man was so hurt that Sir Frederick listened to his story, and an interesting one it was.

The man had on leaving hospital sought a berth at the London docks, but, being a stranger, had been unable to get one. He had got out of money and had gone hungry day after day,

though he knew that he had sewed up in his waistband by his wife in Norway the piece of gold in question. He had got so pulled down by bad living that he at last decided he must spend the money, but that very day he succeeded in getting a berth on a ship, and his advance had given the food he stood so sorely in need of. He had promptly tramped all the way to Wimpole street, and his bearing was such that Sir Frederick found himself "bowing into the darkness, holding the gold piece in his hand and with an overwhelming sense of inferiority strongly impressed on his mind."

THE CANNON BURST.

Tragedy in a Celebration to Honor President Tyler.

In 1844 an accident took place in the American navy—the explosion of a big gun, the Peacemaker, on board the frigate Princeton, off Broad bay, in the Potomac river, eight miles below Washington.

Those killed were Abel Upshur of Virginia, secretary of state; Thomas W. Gilmer, governor of Virginia; Commodore Kelson of the navy, Representative Sykes of New Jersey, Representative Maxey of Maryland and Mr. Gardiner, an ex-member of congress from New York.

The severely wounded were William Wilkins of Pennsylvania, secretary of war; Miss Wickliffe, daughter of the postmaster general; Colonel Dade, Colonel Benton, Judge Phelps of Vermont, Commodore Stockton, commander of the Princeton, and nine seamen.

On Feb. 28, 1844, President Tyler, the members of his cabinet and their families and many other prominent persons, said to number over 400, were invited by Commodore Stockton to spend the day on the frigate Princeton, which was lying at anchor off Alexandria. After the guests were on board anchor was weighed for a short sail on the Potomac, and the ship proceeded down the river to a point below Fort Washington. On the trip down the heaviest piece of ordnance on the frigate was fired several times, presumably as a matter of entertainment for the company. The gun had been constructed from a model made by Commodore Stockton, and President Tyler expressed a decided interest in the weapon. At 2 o'clock in the afternoon of the return trip the Princeton anchored off Broad bay, and the company was invited to luncheon in the cabins below the gun deck. After luncheon Commodore Stockton proposed that the gun be fired one more as a salute, he said, to the memory of the great peacemaker, George Washington. President Tyler, his cabinet and a number of gentlemen repaired to the gun deck.

As the gun was fired the breech end from the trunnion's back was blown off, and this section was split in twain. One-half of it fell on Secretary Upshur. Two sailors removed it, but the secretary expired in a few moments. Governor Gilmer had been struck and killed by this section of the gun before it felled Mr. Upshur. The party on the gun deck was scattered, and the whole ship shook under the force of the explosion.

The excitement was great. The bodies were removed from the Princeton, taken to Washington, placed in hearses at the wharf and carried to the White House, where they lay in the east room till the day of the funeral—a day of general public mourning.—Exchange.

WORSHIP THE SHARKS

South Sea Islanders Fear Them as the Abode of Ghosts.

HOLD SOULS OF THEIR DEAD.

The Natives Offer Gifts and Food, Sometimes Human, to Appease the Man Eaters—The Hawaiians Used to Feed Their Dead to the Monsters.

In view of the wide distribution of sharks and their strength and ferocity, qualities which appealed to the savage mind, it is not strange that the cult of shark worship should have arisen. This worship is especially common in the south seas, where sharks are very numerous, says the Detroit Free Press.

In the Solomon Islands living sacred objects are chiefly sharks, alligators, snakes, etc. Sharks are in all these islands very often thought to be the abode of ghosts, as natives will at times before their death announce that they will appear as sharks. Afterward any shark remarkable for size or color which is observed to haunt a certain shore or rock is taken to be some one's ghost, and the name of the deceased is given to it.

Such a one was Sautahimatawa at Ulawa, a dreaded man eater, to which offerings of porpoise teeth were made. At Saa certain food, such as coconuts from certain trees, is reserved to feed such a ghost shark, and there are certain men of whom it is known that after death they will be in sharks. These, therefore, are allowed to eat such food in the sacred place. In Saa and Ulawa if a sacred shark had attempted to seize a man and he had escaped the people would be so much afraid of the shark's anger that they would throw the man back in the sea to be drowned. These sharks also were thought to aid in catching the bonito, for taking which supernatural power was necessary.

In the Banks Islands a shark may be a tangaroa, a sort of familiar spirit or the abode of one. Some years ago Manurwar, son of Mala, the chief man in Vauva Lava, had such a shark. He had given money to a Manwo man to send it to him. It was very tame and would come up to him when he went down to the beach at Nawono and follow along in the surf as he walked along the shore. In the New Hebrides some men have the power, the natives believe, of changing themselves into sharks.

The Samoan native believed that his gods appeared in some visible incarnation, and the particular thing in which it was in the habit of appearing was to him an object of veneration. Many worshipped the shark in this way, and while they would freely partake of the gods of others they felt that death would be the penalty should they eat their own god. The god was supposed to avenge the insult by taking up his abode in the offender's body and causing to generate there the very thing which he had eaten until it produced death. In one village Taema, the war god, was present in a bundle of shark's teeth. These curiosities were done up in a piece of native cloth and consulted before going to battle. If the bundle felt heavy that was a bad omen, but if light the sign was good, and off they went to the fight.

In the Fiji Islands, Viava and other gods claim the shark as their abode, and their devotees must never eat of that fish, for if they did they would be partaking of the god himself.

SHOEMAKERS' WAX.

The Surprising Properties of This Peculiar Substance.

One of the most apt illustrations ever made by Lord Kelvin was his likening the luminiferous ether to a mass of shoemakers' wax. What Lord Kelvin said of shoemakers' wax may be tested by any boy in a manner that will astonish his playmates. First let it be said that the ether penetrates all space. It is as rigid as steel and yet so flexible that it does not retard the passage of planets through space in the least. It is an invisible substance which travels in waves through all things. Now, to illustrate the nature of such a paradoxical material Lord Kelvin searched everywhere and at last concluded that shoemakers' wax represented it best. He made tests, and this is what he found:

He melted some wax in a common glass tumbler. After it had hardened he tried to thrust a lead pencil through it. It would not go. Then he placed a coin on the surface of the wax and left it there for several days. When he again visited it the coin had sunk to the bottom of the glass. The wax had closed over it, and by lifting up the glass and looking through the bottom he could see the coin lying there. Had the wax been as deep as a well the coin would have gone on sinking until it reached the bottom. This proved that the wax would conform only to very slow movements. If he had tried to push it too fast it would have resisted him.

An idea struck the scientist. If the wax acted like this toward the coin, how would it treat an object which floated? He accordingly placed a cork in a tumbler and poured hot shoemakers' wax upon it. The wax hardened with the cork at the bottom. Yet when Lord Kelvin looked at the bottom of the glass in a day or two he found the cork had disappeared. It was somewhere in the mass of wax and probably rising very slowly, but surely, toward the top. Sure enough, after a given period of time the cork peeped above the surface of the hard wax, and finally it rose to a point where it remained half imbedded in the wax, just as it would have done in a glass of water. It rose no higher than this, however, and a corkscrew probably would not have pulled it from the wax. Yet its own buoyancy had raised it up from the bottom through what seemed an impenetrable mass of wax.

This, in fact, is the peculiarity of shoemakers' wax—that it resists all sudden or quick movements, but is highly susceptible to very slow and prolonged pressure. If you pressed a flatiron hard down on a lump of wax on a table it is probable you would make no impression on it, but if you left that iron resting on the wax for a day or two you would find the lump flattened out under the iron. So curious is this property of the wax that tuning forks have been cast from pieces of it. These forks were capable of vibration, giving a musical note and being set going by vibration from another tuning fork, yet when one of them was laid across the open mouth of a jar it slowly collapsed and fell into the jar in a shapeless, sticky mass.

How She Missed Him.

A poor woman who kept a small shop in a northern village and who was troubled with a husband who could scarcely be considered a credit to the family one day found herself a widow through the sudden demise of her spouse. A lady who frequently made small purchases at the shop called to see her and offer her sympathy, though well knowing that the man's death must in a certain sense

Linee

Alb tellia a por "Ya of th is so covet certa it in coln, ber once, dered er ac witne comp a flie Linee that reptile there just a saw flie? sir," see a little mitte the j ered. so pc cultiv Some kee v ever it."

It W.

Th out l says speed me, 30 to Bre girl And "Hov "It me c Meer 'cont used ing s beam errary atten cate' and very say, you'l "Al cabu must broke "Y Agat is la was lters "M suppl is as ously

In early It w and : faith chur a rul chur es w plead sum called said: call

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE,
No. 30 Taking effect Oct 19th, 1906.
Kannockburn and Tanworth to Napanee and Deseronto.
Deseronto and Napanee to Tanworth and Kannockburn.
Stations: Milton, No. 1, No. 41, No. 3, No. 4

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.
Eastern Standard Time. No. 30 Taking effect Oct 10th, 1906.

Hannockburn and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.					Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Hannockburn.				
Stations	Miles	No.1	No.4	No.6	Stations	Miles	No.1	No.4	No.6
Leave Hannockburn	0	7:30	1:40		Arr Deseronto	0	7:30	1:40	
Arr Deseronto	9	8:05	2:15		Leave Napanee	9	7:30	1:40	
Queensboro	14	8:20	2:30		Arr Napanee	9	7:30	1:40	
Bridgewater	14	8:20	2:30		Strathcona	15	8:05	12:25	4:40
Arr Tweed	20	8:45	2:55		Newburgh	17	8:10	12:35	4:50
Leave Tweed	0	8:55	3:05		Thomson's Mills	18	8:15	12:40	5:00
Stoco	21	9:10	3:20		Camden East	19	8:20	12:45	5:10
Laurelton	27	9:20	3:30		Arr Yarker	23	8:45	1:00	5:15
Marbank	33	9:30	3:45		Yarker	23	9:00	1:15	5:30
Marbank	33	9:30	3:45		Galbraith	25	8:55	1:20	5:35
Marbank	33	9:30	3:45		Moscow	27	9:20	1:17	5:45
Marbank	33	9:30	3:45		Endlake Bridge	30	9:30	1:20	5:50
Marbank	33	9:30	3:45		Wilson	34	9:35	1:25	6:00
Marbank	33	9:30	3:45		Tamworth	38	10:00	1:50	6:20
Marbank	33	9:30	3:45		Marbank	41	10:10	1:55	6:30
Marbank	33	9:30	3:45		Yarker	45	10:25	2:00	6:45
Marbank	33	9:30	3:45		Stoco	51	10:45	2:10	6:55
Marbank	33	9:30	3:45		Arr Tweed	56	11:15	2:20	7:05
Marbank	33	9:30	3:45		Leave Tweed	0	11:31	2:35	7:15
Marbank	33	9:30	3:45		Bridgewater	14	11:50	2:40	7:25
Marbank	33	9:30	3:45		Queensboro	14	12:05	2:45	7:35
Marbank	33	9:30	3:45		Arr Hannockburn	78	12:40		

Kingston and Sydenham to Napanee and Deseronto.					Deseronto and Napanee to Sydenham and Kingston.				
Stations	Miles	No.1	No.4	No.6	Stations	Miles	No.1	No.4	No.6
Leave Kingston	0	7:30	1:40		Arr Deseronto	0	7:30	1:40	
O. T. R. Junction	9	8:05	2:15		Leave Napanee	9	7:30	1:40	
Glennville	14	8:20	2:30		Arr Napanee	9	7:30	1:40	
Murvale	14	8:20	2:30		Strathcona	15	8:05	12:25	4:40
Arr Sydenham	23	8:40	2:55		Newburgh	17	8:10	12:35	4:50
Leave Sydenham	0	8:55	3:05		Thomson's Mills	18	8:15	12:40	5:00
Harrowsmith	19	9:10	3:20		Camden East	19	8:20	12:45	5:10
Prontecase	22	9:20	3:30		Yarker	23	8:45	1:00	5:15
Yarker	23	9:30	3:45		Yarker	23	9:00	1:15	5:30
Camden East	25	9:40	3:55		Galbraith	25	8:55	1:20	5:35
Thomson's Mills	31	9:50	4:05		Moscow	27	9:20	1:17	5:45
Newburgh	33	10:00	4:15		Endlake Bridge	30	9:30	1:20	5:50
Strathcona	33	10:00	4:15		Wilson	34	9:35	1:25	6:00
Napanee	40	10:10	4:25		Tamworth	38	10:00	1:50	6:20
Napanee West End	45	10:20	4:35		Marbank	41	10:10	1:55	6:30
Arr Deseronto	45	10:30	4:45		Yarker	45	10:25	2:00	6:45

LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE.					PICTON TO DESERONTO AND NAPANEE.				
NAPANEE TO DESERONTO					STEAMERS				
Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive		Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive	
Napanee	Deseronto	Deseronto	Picton		Picton	Deseronto	Deseronto	Napanee	
7:10 a.m.	2:30 a.m.	7:00 a.m.	5:30 a.m.		6:00 a.m.	7:25 a.m.	9:50 a.m.	10:10 a.m.	
10:30 " "	10:50 " "	1:40 p.m.	3:00 p.m.		9:50 a.m.	11:20 a.m.	11:30 a.m.	11:50 a.m.	
12:05 p.m.	12:25 p.m.	5:30 p.m.	7:00 p.m.				12:45 p.m.	1:05 p.m.	
1:25 " "	1:45 " "						3:45 p.m.	4:05 p.m.	
4:30 " "	4:50 " "	7:00 a.m.	8:30 a.m.				4:10 " "	4:30 " "	
6:50 " "	7:10 " "						7:40 " "	8:00 " "	
8:15 " "	8:35 " "						12:40 a.m.	1:05 a.m.	
Daily. All other runs run daily. Sundays excepted.							7:00 " "	7:20 " "	
							7:15 " "	7:35 " "	
WALTER RATHBUN President.					MILES McKEOWN, Despatcher.				

Nervous, Diseased Men

DRS. K. & K. ESTABLISHED 20 YEARS

A NERVOUS WRECK

ROBUST MANHOOD

Consultation FREE.
Question Blank for Home
Treatment sent FREE.
Reasonable Fees for Treatment

We Guarantee to Cure all Curable Cases of Stricture, Varicocoe, Nervous Debility, Blood Poisons, Vital Weaknesses, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases, and all Diseases Peculiar to Men and Women.

Don't waste your time and money on cheap, dangerous, experimental treatment. Don't increase at your own cost your sufferings by being experimented on with remedies which they claim to have just discovered. But come to us in confidence. We will treat you conscientiously, honestly and skillfully, and restore you to health in the shortest possible time with the least medicine, discomfort and expense practicable. Each case is treated as the symptoms indicate. Our New Method is original and has stood the test for twenty years.

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY

Cor. Michigan Ave., and Griswold St., Detroit, Mich.

was troubled with a husband who could scarcely be considered a credit to the family one day found herself a widow through the sudden demise of her spouse. A lady who frequently made small purchases at the shop called to see her and offer her sympathy, though well knowing that the man's death must in a certain sense come as a relief, as the wife had often suffered from his violence. She was not, however, quite prepared for the stoical way in which the wife took her bereavement.

Said the lady, "I am sure, Mrs. G., that you must miss your husband."

"Well, mum, it do seem queer to go into the shop and find something in the till."—London Express.

Just Before the Spanking.

"Pop, does a chicken come from an egg?"

"Yes, my son."

"And does an egg come from a chicken?"

"Yes."

"Well, if a chicken comes from an egg, and an egg comes from a chicken, which?"

"Now, see here, if you are going to prolong this line of thought you can go right to bed."

"But, pop?"

"Well, what?"

"How does a chicken come from an egg?"

"Oh, any hen can sit on an egg and hatch it."

"Gee! I'm glad I ain't a hen. It must hurt to sit on a hatchet!" (Hasty exit).—New York Times.

The Polynesians have an ancient fable treating of the flight of Ina, the daughter of Vaitoringa and Ngaetua, to the sacred isle. After the sole dumped her at the edge of the breakers with such disastrous results to itself from the angry princess the latter summoned the shark and by its help succeeded in reaching the sacred island. Feeling thirsty during the voyage, Ina cracked a coconut on the shark's forehead, and this accounts for the bump now found on the forehead of all sharks.

Absolutely Hopeless.

"But you might learn to love me," he urged.

She shook her head.

"You've no idea," she said, "what a poor student I am."—Chicago Post.

The First Word.

"That is what I call an ideal marriage," Hardy declared to his wife as they were walking homeward after an evening at the Carrolls'. "Actually, I believe, both think absolutely alike."

"Yes, they are certainly charming," assented Mrs. Hardy; "but about the thinking, Joe, if you will notice, she generally thinks first."

The Poor Women.

"Why does a woman always want another woman to go shopping with her?"

"She gets the other woman to make the selections and then takes something else."

If You Can Get Up.

"There's always room at the top."

"Yes, but sometimes the elevator isn't running."—Cleveland Leader.

The more we study the more we discover our ignorance.—Shelley.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

AFTER DOCTORS FAILED

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cured Her.

Toronto, Canada.—"I shall endeavor to describe to you how I felt before I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I scarcely knew what it was to be well. I had awful bearing-down pains and usually before my monthly periods I suffered terribly and had to go to bed. I was not able to walk across the floor the pain was so bad. I doctored for a long time, but the doctor's treatment did not do me any good. I gave up all hopes of ever being well again until one day my husband saw the Compound advertised in the paper. He decided to get me a bottle, and I am thankful he did. I had not taken one bottle before I began to feel better, and I kept on taking it until now I am a different woman. It also helped me during maternity and childbirth. I can thoroughly recommend your Vegetable Compound to any woman who is afflicted with female troubles."

Mrs. J. M. TWEEDEALE, 138 Nassau St., Toronto, Canada.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, is unparalleled. It may be used with perfect confidence by women who suffer from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration.

"My wife felt heavy that was bad, but if light the sign was good, and off they went to the fight."

In the Fiji Islands, Vivia and other gods claim the shark as their abode, and their devotees must never eat of that fish, for if they did they would be partaking of the god himself.

It was in the Hawaiian Islands, however, that shark worship reached its greatest perfection. Its worship was quite common on the islands, each one having a special shark as his ancestral god. The worship of sharks was due largely to the fact that the belief in the transmigration of souls is quite general among the Polynesians, and the Hawaiians would feed their dead to the sharks under the supposition that in this way the soul of the dead would enter the sharks and so animate the latter as to incline them to respect the bodies of the living.

Several of the African coast tribes worship the shark. Three or four times in the year they celebrate the festival of the shark, which is done in this wise: They all row out in their boats to the middle of the river, where they invoke, with the strangest ceremonies, the protection of the great shark. They offer to him poultry and goats in order to satisfy his sacred appetite. But this is nothing. An infant is every year sacrificed to the monster, which has been feted and nourished for the sacrifice from its birth to the age of ten. On the day of the fete it is bound to a post on a sandy point at low water. As the tide rises the child may utter cries of terror, but they are of no avail, as it is abandoned to the waves, and the sharks soon arrive to finish its agony and thus permit it to enter into heaven.

"But you might learn to love me," he urged.

She shook her head.

"You've no idea," she said, "what a poor student I am."—Chicago Post.

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YANKEE WIT.

Lincoln Said He Always Admired and Coveted It.

Alban Jasper Conant, the artist, in telling of his experience in painting a portrait of Lincoln said:

"Yankee wit was mentioned at one of the sittings, and Lincoln said, 'That is something I always admired and coveted.' Some one said, 'Why, you certainly have the credit of possessing it in large measure.' 'No,' said Lincoln, 'not the genuine. I don't remember that I ever got credit for it but once.' Then he told how, hurrying once through a courtroom, he was ordered by the judge to defend a prisoner accused of assault and battery. A witness was just testifying that the complainant had been fought all over a field. 'On cross examination,' said Lincoln, 'I asked him, 'How large was that field—twenty acres?' 'No,' he replied. 'Ten acres?' 'No.' 'Were there two acres?' I persisted. 'Yes, just about two,' he agreed. 'And you saw him fight this man all over the field?' pointing to the prisoner. 'Yes, sir.' 'Well, sir,' I said, 'did you ever see a fight before that turned out so little to the acre?' The witness admitted, with a grin, that he had not, the judge smiled, and the jury snickered. So, saying that as this crop was so poor it did not seem worth further cultivation, I submitted the case. Some of my friends said it was Yankee wit, but that was the only time I ever got credit for it. I wish I had it."

HIS VOCABULARY.

It Was Real Literary, According to the Wily Stenographer.

The beautiful typewriter girl puffed out her golden pompadour nervously, says the Philadelphia Bulletin. "My speed 'll increase, Mr. Meer—excuse me, Wellington—my speed 'll increase 30 to 40 per cent every day."

Broker Wellington frowned. The girl had taken his dictation slowly. And in a stern, skeptical voice he said, "How so?"

"It's your new vocabulary that puts me out," she explained. "I had Mr. Meer's vocabulary very pat—as per, 'contents noted,' 'the same'—he only used about 300 words." Her flattering smile warmed the man like a sunbeam. "But you, sir, have a real literary style. 'Beg to submit,' 'our best attention,' 'slump,' 'bullish,' 'hypothesize'—they're all new words to me, and of course I can't rattle them off very fast at first. But just you wait, say, till day after tomorrow. Then you'll see."

"All business men have different vocabularies that their stenographers must get accustomed to, eh?" said the broker.

"Yes, sir; some large, some small." Again her smile flattered him. "Yours is larger than most, I should say it was thirty or forty words larger. Real literary, I call it."

"Miss Hoskins, if there's—er—any supplies you need all you've got to do is ask," said the literary broker fatuously.

Early Psychotherapy.

In the Epistle of James we find the early Christian rule of psychotherapy. It was adopted by the early church and for many centuries was a rule of faith and practice in the Christian church in all its branches. It is still a rule of conduct in some of the older churches, and some leaders in churches where the rule has lapsed begin to plead for its revival and for the assumption by the church of what are called its legitimate powers. St. James said: "Is any sick among you, let him call for the elders of the church, and let them pray over him, anointing him

WINNIPEG NEWS.

Manitoba is often represented as a treeless province, yet statistics show that in the winter just closing over 78,000,000 feet of lumber has been cut in the Dauphin district alone. Everything seems to indicate an unprecedented influx of settlers into Manitoba this year. Thirty-four new townships in the Winnipeg Lake district were surveyed last fall and have been thrown open for homestead entry at \$10 per claim of 160 acres. The land is high and dry and well suited for mixed farming. The premier province of the west, with a total area of 41,169,089 acres of land, with 6,019,200 acres of water to supply moisture, will draw a larger number of settlers this year than in any previous year in her history. One feature of the invasion this year is the certainty that a great many Iowa and Illinois farmers are investing in all the good \$25 Manitoba lands they can get hold of.

The movement of settlers across the line into the Canadian northwest has begun earlier than usual this year. At Emerson, North Portal, Coots and other points homeseekers are pouring into the prairie provinces. Everything points to a substantial immigration from the United States this year. At North Portal, Sask., the rush of settlers increases daily and the outlook promises that this will be a record year in number of arrivals. From thirty to forty cars of effects pass through daily, and passenger trains are running in two sections loaded with first class settlers. The number of cars to date far exceed the arrivals of the same period during the past five years.

Big Canadian Exposition.

It looks as if there will be things doing in Winnipeg during the next three or four years. It has been definitely decided to hold a great fair here in 1912 in commemoration of the first Selkirk colony that settled in this province in the year 1812. It is to be used as a means of advertising the entire west, and no pains will be spared to make it a success. The decision to hold this gigantic exposition was arrived at after hearing the report of the committees that had been appointed to investigate the methods employed at the exposition in St. Louis, Seattle and Portland and the local committee came to the conclusion that such a fair would prove very beneficial to Western Canada.

Bright Business Outlook.

Payments to loan companies on farm and other loans are being made to an extent almost unknown in the past and companies are complaining of difficulty in getting new loans or renewals. Immigration authorities are confident that this year's actual settlement will exceed the average the last five years and from reports already received it is evident that the tide of immigration is again flowing northward and westward. The work now in sight guarantees the statement that 1909 will be one of the biggest in the big building records. The recent sale of £500,000 of the city's stock at par, four points better than the price received last summer, provides the necessary funds (about \$1,000,000) for the vigorous prosecution of work on the city's power plant at Point du Bois, and a further sum of over \$1,000,000 will be expended on the local improvements in the city.

Railways Extending Rapidly.

The scene of the greatest activity on the railway map today is Western Canada, and all railroads interested in Canadian trade are bending their en-

QUEEN OF ACTRESSES PRAISES PE-RU-NA.



MISS JULIA MARLOWE.

"I Am Glad To Write My Endorsement Of The Great Remedy Pe-ru-na. I Do So Most Heartily."
Julia Marlowe.

ANY remedy that benefits digestion strengthens the nerves. The nerve centers require nutrition. If the digestion is impaired, the nerve centers become anemic, and indigestion is the result.

Peruna is not a nerve nor a stimulant. It benefits the nerves by benefiting digestion.

Peruna frees the stomach of catarrhal congestions and normal digestion is the result.

In other words, Peruna goes to the bottom of the whole difficulty, when the disagreeable symptoms disappear.

Mrs. J. C. Jamison, 61 Marchant street, Watsonville, Cal., writes:

"I was troubled with my stomach for six years. I tried many kinds of medicine, also was treated by three doctors.

"They said that I had nervous dyspepsia. I was put on a liquid diet for three months.

"I improved under the treatment, but as soon as I stopped taking the medicine, I got bad again.

"I took the medicine for two years, then I got sick again and gave up all hopes of getting cured.

"I saw a testimonial of a man whose case was similar to mine being cured by Peruna, so I thought I would give it a trial.

"I procured a bottle at once and commenced taking it. I have taken several bottles and am entirely cured.

"I have gained in strength and feel like a different person. I believe Peruna is all that is claimed for it."

Nervines, such as coal tar preparations, are doing a great deal of harm. Sleep medicines and headache powders are all alike,—heart depressants, and should not be used. The nerves would be all right, if the digestion were good. Peruna corrects the digestion.

What Other Papers Say.

St. John, N. B., Telegraph.

Has not woman as much right to smoke a pipe as she has to smoke a cigarette? If she wants to be truly manly the pipe's the thing.

Quebec Telegraph.

What is this talk about manning warships with fishermen from the Atlantic coast? If war comes, is it not understood that editors will insist on going where glory waits them?

Calgary Daily News.

The able-bodied representatives of the Canadian people who hold down seats in the Parliament of Canada are now arranging to make a hop, skip and jump for home.

Lethbridge Herald.

SYMINGTON'S

Seeds are as good and cheap as any in Canada. We will buy, trade, or sell.

Pay Highest Price for Raw Furs, and do our utmost to satisfy you at the

SEED STORE,

South Side Dundas St.,

THOS. SYMINGTON.

P. S.—All Seed Accounts due on March 1st, 1909 is subject to be placed for collection without further notice. T. S.

church in all its branches. It is still a rule of conduct in some of the older churches, and some leaders in churches where the rule has lapsed begin to plead for its revival and for the assumption by the church of what are called its legitimate powers. St. James said: "Is any sick among you, let him call for the elders of the church, and let them pray over him, anointing him with oil in the name of the Lord. And the prayer of faith shall save the sick, and the Lord shall raise him up, and if he have committed sins they shall be forgiven him."

A Sad Case.

An Atchison man has lain in an unconscious state ever since 10 o'clock last night. Everything has been done to arouse him today, but all efforts are unavailing. His friends are greatly alarmed. They fear he may never regain consciousness. It seemed that yesterday evening right after dinner the man picked up his hat, put on his overcoat and, although his wife was sitting right in the room, she did not say, "Where are you going?" He walked out of the house. At 10 o'clock in the evening the man returned. He walked into the room where his wife sat and took off his hat and overcoat. She smiled at him pleasantly and did not say, "Where have you been?" The man fell unconscious to the floor.—Atchison Globe.

African Elephants.

In portions of Africa the natives believe when a herd of elephants is alarmed and runs away the bulls, if necessary, pick up and carry on their tusks the little ones which may not be able to keep up with the herd. These little ones when first born weigh not more than 200 pounds and of course might readily be carried, as stated. We do not know that any white man has ever seen this, but the natives insist that it is done.—Forest and Stream.

The Similarity.

Blobs—Why do you liken Harduppe to the busy bee? He isn't particularly industrious, is he? Slobbs—Oh, no; it isn't that, but nearly every one he touches gets stung.

Often the Case.

"My wife believes that what is to be will be."
"Well?"
"And she believes it will all be my fault."—Kansas City Journal.

Pride.

"Arry and his best girl were discussing recent events in the High street Bethnal Green.
"Arry—Did you read the list of presents Ann Smith had for her wedding?
"Arry—Yes, I did. The hidea for such as them 'avin' the wedding put in the paper! They might be bloomin' harlots.
"Arry—Fancy her mother giving her such a handsome present as a horse and trap!
"Arry—Garn! It was a clothes'orse and a mouse trap. I've seed 'em. That's their bloomin' pride!—London Scraps.

A Thoughtful Boy.

Anxious Mother—Johnny, is it possible that you, as sick as you claim to be, have eaten that whole rhubarb pie?
Johnny—Yes, mamma. You know the doctor said my system needed rhubarb, and I thought I'd better take a good dose of it before I got any worse.

The Answer.

"Widow" and "window" are very much alike.
"Well, and what's the answer?"
"When I get near either I always look out."—Boston Transcript.

plant at Point du Bois, and a further sum of over \$1,000,000 will be expended on the local improvements in the city.

Railways Extending Rapidly.

The scene of the greatest activity on the railway map today is Western Canada, and all railroads interested in Canadian trade are bending their energies towards the extension of their lines in this territory or the building of new lines in territory not as yet touched by them. In the race for new lines all three of the great Canadian roads are now playing a part, while Jim Hill, the Great Northern magnate, is casting longing eyes towards the wheat fields and has dreams of competing for this trade against his powerful rivals.

At the present time the Canadian Pacific seem to be occupying the centre of the stage. But in the meantime there are some aggressive and able railroad men who have large interests in the country in which the Canadian Pacific has been very active. Jim Hill, William Mackenzie and Dan Mann are not ones to sit idle while others are doing, and they have already started in to head off their powerful rivals. Jim Hill makes no secret of the fact that he has already started work on a system of lines in this province, active work on which is promised this year.

Winnipeg appears now to be the strategic point of all lines, and no matter what move is made by the lines now engaged in Western Canada trade, it is bound to help and build up the Gateway City.

Optimist and Pessimist.

"What is the difference between an optimist and a pessimist?"
"A pessimist is always thinking of his liabilities, while an optimist thinks only of his assets."—Judge!

The Old Ones.

"We'll have to give up the idea of puttin' pictures in the parlor, Jane," remarked old John Turnipseed as he threw the bride under the table.
"Why?" asked his wife.
"Too dear! Why, I priced one in town today, and the dealer sez, sez he, 'That's an old master; it's price is \$500.'"
"Why," sez I, "it looks like a second-hand pictur'!"
"Yes, it is," sez he.
"Then, thinks I, if a second-hand pictur' costs that much it's no use to price a new un. So, Jane, I reckon we'll have to hang up a few mottoes, 'God Bless Our Home' and the like, and let the pictur's go."—Pearson's Weekly.

ADVERTISING FOR ADVERTISING

"We will devote this space regularly to a series of advertisements to stimulate interest in our Classified Want Ads."

We are publicity advocates and practice our own precepts because we appreciate their value.

This series will be pregnant with pertinent points of general interest, whether you wish to buy, sell, to employ, or be employed, to borrow, or to lend, to find a finder or an owner.

It will pay you to run these advertisements. That is the best proof we have that it will be profitable to you to use our Classified Want Ads. Columns.

Copyright 1901 by E. W. Bostwick

Calgary Daily News.

The able-bodied representatives of the Canadian people who hold down seats in the Parliament of Canada are now arranging to make a hop, skip and jump for home.

Lethbridge Herald.

It would be a mistake to set aside a tract of western lands to finance the Selkirk centennial. All the lands the Dominion possesses should be kept for homesteading. The entire Dominion should contribute to this exposition with a cash grant. That is the way the United States supports its expositions, and it has them every year or so.

Guelph Mercury.

Cleveland has a prisoners' farm near the city, which works wonders in the case of its minor prisoners, and there is no reason why a national convicts' farm would not be equally helpful. Moreover, it could easily be made self-sustaining, and so relieve the shoulders of honest workmen of the burden of supporting idle criminals.

Hamilton Times.

The spirit which leads the young men of the country to attach themselves to its volunteer forces and to obtain the training and discipline which the service affords is a healthy and laudable one. But let us beware of the worship of professional militarism—a very different thing from a national system of defence. War is not the life business of a free people. Well-disposed nations, like well-disposed citizens, cultivate neighborliness and extol the offices of friendship.

Ottawa Free Press.

It is at this juncture that we should like to get a word in edgewise if possible. Paul may have been opposed to the removal of women's hats in church 2,000 years ago, but by the keen edge of Julius Caesar's sword, we wager that the women of old did not hide their heads under a bushel—(basket)—we wager that they did not carry around upon their heads baskets imported direct from the Niagara peach district. Oh! the very thought of 'em! Ugh! Agony and vexation of spirit! Paul, Paul, "thou shouldst be living at this hour"! Thou art not the only martyr!

Montreal Daily Witness.

With the most protected industry in the world the operatives of Pittsburgh have been working eighty-four hours a week, half at night, without a living wage. However that may be, it is necessary for the people to recognize that the delegates chosen to go to Australia by the Board of Trade—who are all honorable men—represent but a very small proportion of Canada numerically. Messrs. Ames, Wilson-Smith, Burland and Drummond are all high protectionists, quite out of sympathy, for instance, with the views of the farmers, who represent seventy per cent of the population, or with those of the ordinary consumer.

Preacher's Daughter Too.

A Cleveland minister has three daughters, the youngest one only five years old. The other day the child's nurse reproved her.
"If you talk to me that way again," spoke up the five-year-old, "I'll say something to you, and it'll have a L in it." Then, as an afterthought, "It won't be lily either."

THOS. SYMINGTON.

P. S.—All Seed Accounts due on March 1st, 1902 are subject to be placed for collection without further notice. T. S.

TEST OF 24 YEARS

PETERBORO BUSINESS COLLEGE has been tested in the crucible of experience with the fire of public opinion, and has not been found wanting. The largest and most popular Business School in Eastern Ontario. Individual instruction. No vacation. All courses. Enter any day. Write for particulars.

SPOTTON & McKONE, Principals. 12

D. McCLEW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.

REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE, Books Audited, Accounts Collected. MONEY TO LOAN.

LIFE INSURANCE. MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of New York. Assets \$30,000,000.

ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS. FIDELITY AND CASUALTY COMPANY, of New York. Insures against ANY accident or ANY illness.

Agency for the Best Fire Companies, including: LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE INSURANCE CO. Cash Assets \$30,000,000.

CALEDONIAN INSURANCE CO. The Oldest Scottish Fire Office. MERCANTILE FIRE COMPANY. Capital and Assets \$21,700,000.

FIDELITY BONDING—Employers Liability, Boiler and Fly-Wheel, Burglary, Plate Glass, Marine Insurance, etc. CALL OR WRITE. OFFICE, Grange Block, John Street, Napton, P. O. Box 129.

ANALYTICAL CHEMIST TELLS OF PATENT MEDICINES

A graduate in organic chemistry, who has made a study of many of the best-known patent medicines on the market, states that many have virtue, but as a rule people have to pay for a lot of unnecessary expense. The following is the recipe of a well-known secret preparation, and is known by authority to be one of the best stomach and liver tonics. It is prescribed by many of the best physicians.

This mixture cures constipation and biliousness. The recipe:—

Fluid Extract Cascara..... ½ oz.
Syrup Rhubarb 1 oz.
Carriana Compound 1 oz.
Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla 5 oz.

Take a teaspoonful after each meal and at bedtime.

An eminent authority, who has made a careful and scientific study of the relative values of drugs having a specific action on the kidneys, bladder, and liver, pronounces this an excellent combination.

You can buy the ingredients separately and mix at home.

Cut this formula out and save it.

Belleville Portland Cement, the strongest and even color, guaranteed to be equal, if not better, than cement offered, at lowest price ever sold. BOYLE & SON.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowl Laxative.

Dr. Gannett's Blunder

"Your confounded hat on my peg again, Gertrude!" growled Mr. Hedswell, as he slammed the door and dragged off his coat. "Will you never learn to respect my wishes?"

"I'm very sorry, dear," answered his pretty young wife, patiently. "I came in hurriedly, and quite forgot. I'll see—"

But Hedswell didn't wait for her to answer. His little, angular eyes had wandered over the neatly-laid dinner-table, and with the apt perception born of constant practice he had discerned a better field for giving vent to his disgust with the whole world in general. "What!" he interrupted, with a snarl, "mutton again. Sunday mutton, Wednesday mutton, always mutton! I wonder if I ever shall get a change of diet! No wonder I'm ill. I should like to know what you've done with that cookery book I bought you."

Mrs. Hedswell discreetly ignored the question. "I'm afraid you're not quite yourself to-night," she returned, quietly. "Has anything happened to upset you?"

"Anything happened?" snarled the puny-looking man; "anything happened? Have you ever known a day go by when I haven't been upset and humbugged in some way or other? Everybody and everything seem to combine to plague me and wreck my welfare. I shall be glad when it's all over. Consols have dropped another sixteenth this morning."

"I wouldn't let that worry me if I were you, dear," said his wife, consolingly; "they may go up again to-morrow, you know." Then, after considering a moment: "Besides, seeing you have only £50 invested in them, it means but a loss of 7½d."

"Only 7½d., indeed! Only! I would have you know, Gertrude, that 7½d. is 7½d., and we can't afford to fool money away, a fact you might well bear in mind more. And as for Consols going up again to-morrow, you know very well that's ridiculous; they'll never go up again till I sell out. And what do you know about such things, anyway! It's a pity you can't learn that a still tongue makes a wise head."

Mrs. Hedswell essayed no reply, and the little man went on: "Just as I was going in the office this morning my bootlace came undone and dragged in the filthy mud. Why you can't get me mohair laces, as I continually ask you to, is a mystery to me. These confounded drapers' things won't keep done up."

"Those are mohair laces; I put them in new last week. You must have done them up hurriedly this morning."

"You mean to say I can't do up a bootlace. I've been at it twenty-nine years now—"

"Scarcely twenty-nine, is it, Gilbert? seeing you are only just twenty-nine years of age."

"Oh, you're awfully smart; it's a pity you don't exercise such brilliancy to keep the expenses down. And I would have you to know that I get enough worry all day without being twitted by you as soon as I pass the threshold."

tude the unhappy woman departed. She returned to find Hedswell sitting beside a blazing fire, smoking his pipe.

"I've been to Dr. Gannett and told him how unwell you are," explained the nervous wife, "and he's given me this medicine, which he says will have you right in no time. You have to take the whole bottleful to-night before going to bed."

"It won't do me any good," grunted Hedswell, in reply; "nothing ever will. I'm beyond a cure—and a good thing, too."

But—in common with all such shallow-minded men—he rather liked the idea of being considered ill, and he took the medicine with the air of an invalid in the last stages of some fatal disease.

The next evening, while in the middle of his dinner, Hedswell received the following telegram:—

"Must see you immediately. Imperative—Gannett."

As Hedswell read it he came over quite pallid, and all kinds of visions flitted across his mind. "What can Dr. Gannett want with me?" he muttered, huskily. He had met the doctor before, and the frank, earnest manner of the physician had made the idea of meeting him again distasteful. "What do you think he wants, eh, Gertrude?"

"I haven't the least idea, Gilbert. Why, how pale you are looking!"

"Pale? No, I'm not looking pale; Why should I? What have I done that the thought of meeting Gannett should make me pale?" snarled the husband. "Fetch my coat and hat."

The willing wife did as she was bid, and within a few moments Hedswell was enebbing it to the doctor's residence. On arriving there he was at once shown into the private study, where he was quickly joined by Dr. Gannett.

"Ah! Good evening, Mr. Hedswell," he began. "I hope you're feeling better to-night. Sorry to hear you haven't been up to the mark lately."

"Well," the little man responded, "I certainly have felt a bit off color, though I seem better this evening. But, doctor, that medicine you sent me yesterday made me pretty bad in the night; I didn't get a wink of sleep."

"H'm! That's a pity; but you won't find further bad effects. I think I can promise you, for at something rather important to speak to you about. First, how—least a week."

"Now as to my telegram. I have ever, it is understood that this is strictly between ourselves, and will never be mentioned to a third party?"

"If you wish it, certainly."

"Good. Well, Mr. Hedswell, I have asked you to come here to tell you that, by an error which I can never cease to regret, I have done you a great favor—a favor, in fact, which I would have done for no man living under any consideration."

"I must feel highly honored, then. But, beyond that, it is all a mystery to me."

"Then let me explain. As you know, your wife came to me last evening, telling me that you were tired of life and contemplated going away with yourself—played with razors, talked of poison, and so on. That is so."

"Well, doctor, it's true I—"

"Oh, don't think for a moment I've brought you here to condemn such a decision; though I may be

on yourself. You must be careful to live plainly, avoid luxury, and leave alcoholic drinks alone. But, above all, keep your spirits up; be cheerful, good-tempered, and contented. Once give way to moody thoughts, and nothing can save you. Sorry though I am, I can't help thinking this misfortune is a punishment to you for treating your wife so badly."

"Yes, yes; I'm sure it is. It shall never occur again, if I'm spared; I swear it. Oh, what a fool I've been!"

"I've called in to thank you, doctor, for the good your medicine has done my husband."

It was Mrs. Hedswell who spoke. "He's a changed man ever since; there couldn't be a kinder, more considerate husband. He ridicules the idea of being ill—says he never felt happier or better in his life, and, instead of complaining at his meals, he is contented with everything; indeed, he insists on the plainest of foods. But oh, doctor, it's such a sudden and complete change that it seems almost weird, and once or twice Gilbert has startled me at night by moaning in his sleep."

The good-natured physician smiled. "Your husband will soon get over that, let us hope," said he, cheerily. "Don't worry about him, my dear Mrs. Hedswell. He looks in to see me every night, so I know he's going on well. No, no, I won't mention that you've called; certainly not!"

The week had elapsed, when Mr. Hedswell, timidly took his seat in the doctor's study. The door being closed, he began:—

"Have you managed it, doctor? Oh, do say you have! I have kept the thought of it off my mind fairly well during the day, but at nights—oh, the dreaming and nightmares! Last night I dreamed I was a music-hall, and great posters were plastered all over me, saying, 'Positively the last night! It was frightful—uh-uh-uh-h-h!'"

For answer the doctor went to a cupboard, from which he fetched a bottle. Pouring the contents into a glass, he said, quietly, "Drink that."

Eagerly Hedswell did so. "Why doctor," he exclaimed as he sat down the glass, "it tastes just like the other drug. Are you sure you've not made another mistake?"

"As a matter of fact," was the quick response, "it is precisely the same drug, and I've not made any mistake at all!"

"Not made any mistake!" exclaimed Hedswell, with apprehension; "what do you mean?"

"I mean this," answered Dr. Gannett, slowly. "I have told and acted a lie, hoping it would be the means of bringing you to your senses and making your home a happy one. Perhaps I have done wrong, but you must remember that your wife's father and I are almost lifelong friends, and I was glad to have a chance of doing his daughter a good turn. When Mrs. Hedswell came to me a week ago and told me how unhappy your cruel threats made her, I could see clearly that unless something were done, and done quickly, the worry would break her up. At first she merely said you were unwell, but I could see there was something behind it, and I forced the truth from her lips by saying that unless she told me all I could do nothing for you. The idea then occurred to me of proving to you what a sweet thing life is when it seems to be slipping

HOME.

PIE CRUST POINTERS.

To Test Baking.—Moisten end of the finger, touch bottom of pan; if it "sizzles" as when you touch a hot iron, the baking is done. This is an infallible test. There will be no sizzle till baking is thoroughly done.

Crisp Pastry.—The shells, as well as the filling, for tarts and pies, such as lemon, etc., must be entirely cold before the filling is put in. The meringue may be put on and browned in the oven as usual. You will always have a crisp crust, never become sodden, if the above rules are followed.

Left Over Pie Crust.—When small pieces of pie crust are left from making pies, instead of forming them into tarts, as is usually done, secure some round hardwood sticks about four inches long, and after the pieces of crust are rolled out thin cut them into narrow strips with a jagged iron, flour the sticks, and roll the strips around them, letting one edge drop over the other. Place these on a tin and put in a hot oven to bake. When the crust is partly cool slide the stick out. When serving fill the spaces with jelly, whipped cream, or a marmalade, and the family will be delighted with the new dish.

BREAD VARIATIONS.

Oatmeal Bread.—One cupful of oatmeal, two cupfuls of boiling water, salt to taste, and one tablespoonful of lard. When cool add one cake of yeast. Mix to a stiff loaf with flour; let the dough rise over night. In the morning mold in two loaves. Let rise and bake.

Nut Bread.—For two loaves take one-half cup of sugar four cups of flour, four teaspoons baking powder, two eggs, pinch of salt, two cups of milk. Mix well and add one cup of cut hickory nuts. Bake for thirty or thirty-five minutes in slow oven and try with straw.

Nut Loaf.—One and one-half cups flour, two cups graham flour, one-half cup cornmeal, one-half cup brown sugar, one-half cup molasses, one pint sweet milk, one cup walnuts, chopped, but not fine; two teaspoons baking powder, one-half teaspoon salt. Bake in long tin for forty-five minutes. This nut loaf is delicious. Cut in thin slices and butter for sandwiches.

MARMALADE.

Fig Marmalade.—Cut five pounds of rhubarb into inch pieces, add one quart of water, and cook as for sauce. Put one pound of figs through food chopper; heat five pounds of sugar and add to the hot sauce, then the figs and juice of two lemons; cook slowly for about an hour, stirring often. This quantity fills six pint jars and is splendid to serve with meats. Few people can guess that it is made from rhubarb.

Orange Marmalade.—Wash and dry nine oranges and three lemons. Cut into quarters all the oranges and one lemon, then slice crosswise very thinly, rind and all, with sharp knife. Strain juice from the other lemons. Weigh, and to each pound of fruit add one quart of water, and let stand over night. In the morning boil fifteen minutes. Let stand until next morning. Weigh, and add one pound granulated sugar to each pound of juice and fruit. Boil

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"Scarcely twenty-nine, is it, Gilbert? seeing you are only just twenty-nine years of age."

"Oh, you're awfully smart; it's a pity you don't exercise such brilliancy to keep the expenses down. And I would have you to know that I get enough worry all day without being twined by you as soon as I pass the threshold. I nearly missed my train to-night; only just managed to jump into a dirty, crowded car as the train was steaming out—"

"That was lucky."

"Lucky! I'd rather have lost fifty trains. Sinking into the only vacant seat, I was startled by the shrieks of some low woman on whose packet of eggs I had sat. Not only did I ruin this suit just look—but she made me pay a shilling—twopence each—for the eggs. If she didn't make a profit on 'em, my nose is no judge. Nothing—nothing but the worst luck comes my way: I'm sick of it all, and, the cowardly wretch went on, glowering over the startled look his poor wife gave, 'the sooner it's over, the better, I say.'"

"Oh, my dear Gilbert, don't talk so foolishly," pleaded the unhappy woman. "Why do you try to frighten me so? Only this morning you were playing carelessly with your fazers. There are thousands far worse off than we, dear."

"Bah! I'm not talking foolishly," the bully rejoined. "I'm in dead earnest. Everybody's against me, from the wretched imp of an office boy to the ticket collector, who makes me show my season every time I'm loaded up with parcels. I tell you," he continued, wiping the wet hairs of his mustache tenderly with his serviette, "I am in the way in the world; I'm one too many. I shall do away with myself ere I these days, and a blessing it will be to everyone."

Mrs. Hedswell burst into a flood of tears. "Oh, Gilbert," she sobbed, "it is very wrong and unmanly of you to say such cruel things. You know I want you, and that I couldn't live without you, although you are so unhappy and discontented with me. Think what it would mean, dear, if this were your last week on earth."

"Perhaps it is," returned the unrelenting, heartless man, with a leer. "But no such luck, I'm afraid."

When the page announced Mrs. Hedswell, Dr. Gannett ordered her to be shown in at once, for he was a personal friend of her parents. With rapt attention he listened to the young wife's story of her husband's affected illness and disagreeable threats. "What I'm afraid of," she concluded, wiping the tears from her pretty, dark eyes with a dainty handkerchief, "is that his mind is deranged."

"Oh, you needn't fear for that," was the doctor's ambiguous response; "there's no fear of any brain trouble with him. It's merely a case of liver. I dare say. But, my dear Mrs. Hedswell, don't take him too seriously; a person who would talk like he does is too great a coward to carry out his threats. I have just the right thing for him; excuse me a moment."

Dr. Gannett was gone only a few minutes, and he returned with a medicine bottle wrapped in paper. "There, Mrs. Hedswell," he said, cheerily, "get your husband to drink all that before going to bed, and he'll soon pull round all right."

With many expressions of grati-

evening, telling me that you were tired of life and contemplated doing away with yourself—played with razors, talked of poison, and so on. That is so?"

"Well, doctor, it's true I—"

"Oh, don't think for a moment I've brought you here to condemn such a decision; though I may be pardoned for saying that it seems to me a cowardly thing to frighten one's wife to death beforehand. As I told her, I don't believe you'd ever have the pluck to take your own life."

The insinuation stung the conceited little man to the quick. "You are at liberty to believe what you like," he retorted, hotly; "though one would think you would have had the good sense to keep your opinions to yourself. Perhaps some day you will think differently; I was in dead earnest."

"That's all I wanted to know," returned the doctor, calmly. "Very well, then; you really mean to do away with yourself. I have, therefore, done you the favor of saving you further trouble in the matter; for, owing to the error to which I have referred, you have but one more week to live!"

"What?" gasped the miserable man, "only one week to live? Don't be a fool, doctor!"

"I'm afraid I have been one. In my haste last evening I took down the wrong bottle in my laboratory, and what you have taken is a secret compound of mine, which I have spent years of my life in perfecting. I can assure you that the accident has greatly distressed me, for there was a fortune in the discovery, and I had been building up my hopes upon it for years."

The action of the drug is peculiar and unique. For a week, 105 hours, to be exact—the subject can expect to enjoy exceptional spirits. At the 105th hour, however, there come violent internal complications, the valves of the heart contract and cease their functions. But until the last hour there is absolutely no suffering, and from a surgeon's point of view a more desirable end would be impossible. I have experimented on asses, so that no failure need be feared. There was enough of the drug in the bottle you took last night to kill a score of cattle. Why, how are you looking?"

Hedswell was shaking violently from head to foot, and his face was livid. "Heavens!" he whined, "is this true? Is there no hope for me?"

"None at all, I'm afraid," was the response. "Besides, what hope can you want? You were determined on self-destruction."

"No, no; I was a fool. I should never have done it. I don't want to die. You must save me. They'll find out at the inquest that you have murdered me."

"Don't talk like a madman. Didn't I tell you it was all a mistake? Besides, when the postmortem is held?" (Hedswell shuddered) "the only possible decision that can be arrived at is heart failure. As a matter of fact, 'tis more than likely I myself shall be called upon to hold the examination."

It was too much for Hedswell. He burst into tears and groans. "Can't you give me something to save me?" he pleaded; "remember, my life will at least be on your conscience."

"Accidents will happen," returned Dr. Gannett, taking up his pen; "and, though I fear there is no hope now, I'll do my best for your wife's sake. One thing is certain, however—a great deal depends up-

break her up. At first she merely said you were unwell, but I could see there was something behind it, and I forced the truth from her lips by saying that unless she told me all I could do nothing for you. The idea then occurred to me of proving to you what a sweet thing life is when it seems to be slipping from one, and of showing you, too, how far happier one can be by seeking to enjoy the sweetness of existence rather than bemoaning the few bitternesses that come to rich and poor, old and young, alike. Life is too short, Hedswell, to fool it away by making oneself and everyone else miserable. But perhaps I have exceeded my rights, though I do beg that you will not let the lesson be in vain."

"But," asked the mystified Hedswell, "what was the drug?"

"Nothing more than salt and water, with a little harmless liver tonic," was the doctor's confession.

To Dr. Gannett's surprise, Hedswell, instead of lying into a rage, held out his hand. "I have a great deal to thank you for, doctor," he said, with deep feeling, "and I do thank you from the bottom of my heart. Your simple little medicine has been the best physic in the world for me, for it has opened my eyes and made a man of me. What a fool I have been! This is the first week I have known what life is, how precious it is, and—what a dear wife I am blessed with. If I ever treat her inconsiderately again, doctor, I shall deserve to be the victim of a real blunder next time!" London Tit-Bits.

WHY THE SALESMAN SUCCEEDS.

He was neat in appearance.

He had dignity of bearing.

He used tact in introducing himself.

He was never late in keeping his appointments.

He had no conceited and arrogant manner.

He believed in his proposition.

He never disgusted his prospect with gross flattery.

He knew all the fine points of his own goods.

He never offended the prospect by undue familiarity.

He never attacked his competitor's goods.

He never ridiculed his prospect's ideas and methods.

He made a careful preliminary study of his prospect's case.

He relied on solid argument based on facts, and not on bluff.

He never got lost in a forest of details, and could stick to essentials.

He had not been out with "the boys" the night before, showing the effects.

He never talked too much. He gave his prospect a chance to explain his needs and position.

He could answer questions and objections intelligently, concisely and convincingly.

He did not try to close his prospect before he had worked him up to a point of conviction.

He never lost his nerve because the prospect presented such an unyielding front, and did not forget that battles are won by hard rallies at the finish.

He knew his business when he made the approach; talked clean-cut business after he got in, made it his business to fight all the way through, and do business before he left.

very thin, rind and all, with sharp knife. Strain juice from the other lemons. Weigh, and to each pound of fruit add one quart of water, and let stand over night. In the morning boil fifteen minutes. Let stand until next morning. Weigh, and add one pound granulated sugar to each pound of juice and fruit. Boil rapidly about twenty minutes from time it begins to boil. Pour into glasses. Will be beautifully clear and most delicious to taste.

TASTY ORANGE RECIPES.

Orange Pie.—The juice and greatest of two oranges, one lemon, one cupful of sugar, yolks of three eggs, pinch of salt, one tablespoonful of butter, one cupful of hot water, two tablespoonfuls of cornstarch; mix with cold water, put over a slow fire. Bake crust first, then add filling, with white of egg beaten to a stiff froth, flavor with orange.

Orange Custard.—Three or four oranges, one pint of milk, three eggs well beaten, sugar to taste, flavor with nutmeg. Cut the oranges into small pieces, make a plain custard of milk, eggs, and sugar; add your flavoring after removing from the fire. After the custard cools, pour it over the oranges.

USEFUL HINTS.

Use a wooden potato masher for creaming butter and sugar for cake.

A dash of soda in stewed tomatoes, for those who cannot eat acid foods, is a wise precaution.

Whip cream in the upper part of a double boiler having fine ice or cold water in lower part.

A spoonful of sugar added to the water for basting beef will give a rich brown color as well as fine flavor.

A pinch of soda in cabbage, when boiling, will mitigate the odor and make the vegetable more digestible.

When working on silk, keep a piece of sandpaper near; rub your hands lightly over it when they stick to the silk.

Small cheesecloth or salt bags dipped in cold water are fine to keep lettuce, celery, radishes and the like on the ice.

If a teaspoonful of vinegar is added to the water in which fish is to be washed, a most delicious flavor will be imparted to it.

To keep the hair in curl dissolve a lump or two of sugar in tea and with this moisten the hair slightly before putting it into curling-pins.

The patent fasteners of discarded gloves may be used to fasten together the waists and skirts of house dresses or to fasten skirt plackets.

Dishes that have become brown from being left in the oven may be whitened and cleaned by soaking in borax water for a short time.

The most economical and convenient way to sow grass seed is to put the seed in an ordinary tin colander or sieve. Shake lightly near the ground.

If, instead of spirits of camphor, camphorated oil is used in cleaning furniture, it will not only remove the white stains but restore the polish as well.

To prevent birds from taking seeds and destroying growth in flower-beds or gardens, hang between two short posts a string on which is a fringe of paper.

In mending kid gloves always use cotton in preference to silk thread. The silk thread is twisted harder and often tears delicate gloves, while cotton never will.

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stock without waiting for it to cool, wring a cloth out of cold water and strain the stock through it. The fat will remain on the cloth.

Scrubbing brushes will last twice as long if they are put to dry with the bristles downward. If turned the other way the water soaks into the wood and rots the bristles.

Persons troubled with carpet moths may get rid of them by scrubbing the floor with strong hot salt water before laying the carpet and sprinkling the carpet with salt when once sweeps it.

Pour scalding water over orange and let stand five minutes. The thick white inner skin, usually so hard to get off, will adhere to the peel and come off with it, leaving fruit beautifully clean and ready to slice.

HUMOR OF ROYAL VISITS

WHEN MONARCHIAL TRAVELS MAKE FOR FUN.

King Edward and the Tailors—Band Played "God Save the King" for Two Hours.

There is scarcely a visit of his Majesty that does not provoke some humor, owing to the enormous amount of attention he receives when abroad. King Edward has only to spend a day or two in a Continental town to make it a fashionable resort, while the tailors of Europe look to him to set the fashions. Competition is, therefore, keen for his patronage.

Two tailors created considerable amusement three years ago by following the King all over Marienbad, sketching his Majesty's clothes from all sorts of angles. The detectives were able to keep off the usual crowds, but the two tailors were not to be denied. Even when the police compelled them to be less obstructive, they brought telescopes into play.

Dr. Ott, the King's physician, has something of the build of his august patient, and more than once the astonished doctor has been the recipient of demonstrations intended for the King.

MELODY BY THE HOUR.

A ludicrous incident is associated with a visit of King Edward to Germany. He was said to be coming to Berlin at ten in the morning, and a regimental band was sent off to play "God Save the King" as a compliment to the visitor. But his Majesty did not arrive at the appointed time. However, that did not embarrass the band, which had been ordered to begin playing at ten. It started on "God Save the King," and played it steadily for two hours. At last Sir Frank Lascelles, the British Ambassador, was able to get himself heard, and the band was induced to return home, after being informed that the King was not coming.

Shortly after his accession, the King went to Berlin, where, on his round of courtesy visits to European Courts, he found himself in a waiting-room at a railway station. His companion was the Kaiser, and they discussed international affairs whilst they waited for the train. When it steamed in, the delicate question arose as to which monarch was to leave the waiting-room first. The Kaiser was, clearly, the senior monarch, having reigned since 1889; but King Edward was his uncle,

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

Interesting Gossip About Some Notable People.

Mrs. Elizabeth Dickson, the Scottish post-woman who has retired after thirty years and eight months' service, has not once been late on duty, and has only been absent on sick leave for fourteen days. During her period of service the old lady has walked thirteen and a half miles a day—129,392 miles in all, or a distance equal to more than five times round the world!

Mr. Andrew Carnegie is a practical man and a man of quick decision. He once asked an Edinburgh friend whether he would advise the establishment of a golf course at Skibo. "Yes, by all means have one," was the reply, "and go in for the game yourself. It will add ten years to your life." "Indeed!" answered Mr. Carnegie. "Well, look here, if you'll guarantee that it will really add ten years to my life, I'll make you a present of two millions." His friend thought for a while; he was a truthful man. "I cannot do that," he said at last; "I cannot do that, but I'll tell you what I'll do. I'll play golf for the two millions."

That America has no monopoly of the romances of commerce is proved by the career of the late Mr. George Singer, who has just died at Coventry, England, and who, starting as a mechanic, amassed one of the greatest fortunes ever made in the cycle industry. Sir William Arrol, whose career has been still more romantic, began his working life, as a child of nine, in a cotton-mill; Sir Christopher Furness's fortune was cradled behind a grocer's counter. The late Sir John Leng's start was as an ill-paid reporter; and at nine years of age Sir Thomas Lipton is proud to recall that he was able to add a weekly half-crown to the poor family purse by errand-boy's work in Glasgow.

Prince Lowenstein-Wertheim-Rochfort, the German noble who, at seventy-three, renounced the world to become a novice in the Dominican Order and has just been ordained priest, is one of many men of princely and noble rank who have become monks. Among the monks of the famous Abbey of Benzon, at Seckau, in Germany, are (or were not long ago) Prince Edward of Schonburg-Hartenstein and Prince Philip of Hohenlohe who but a few years ago were among the brightest ornaments of the Court of Berlin. Father Sebastian was known to the world as Baron von Oer, a dashing army officer; and Father Nicholas is Baron von Salis-Soglio. The abbey porter is one of the greatest nobles of the Grand Duchy of Baden, Baron von Drais.

Mr. Thomas A. Edison modestly claims that he owes much of his success to luck. "One day," says Mr. Edison, "when tramping the streets of New York, without a cent in my pocket, I happened on a telegraph-office, which had about five hundred subscribers. I was standing beside the telegraph apparatus, when it gave a terrific rip-roar, and stopped. In a few moments hundreds of messenger-boys were yelling for someone to fix the tickers. I stepped in, and moved a loose spring that had fallen between the wheels. Next day I was appointed to take charge of the service at three hundred dollars a month." But this was due to something more than luck.

Lady Colebrooke, who is famous

THE SPIRIT OF HOLINESS

Preacher Pleads for Our Moral as Well as Our Material Power.

Endowed with power from on high.—Luke xxiv. 49.

Power is something every man wants. We are all struggling to get out of the rank of the nobodies into the rank of the somebodies.

Money is power, and in its pursuit men tear open mountains and sail wide seas and toil early and late. Knowledge is power, and to possess it men read books and excavate buried cities and make experiments in the laboratory and exhaust the brain with perplexing thought. Social position gives power also, and there are those who will make any sacrifice and endure any humiliation to see their names printed in some exclusive list of first citizens.

THE STRUGGLE OF POWER

is as old as the race. Man is inferior in physical strength to many of the animals, but holds dominion over them all. He won his position by annexing power, which he found all about him in abundance. From humble beginnings he has multiplied power almost infinitely. His achievements with expanding steam and flashing lightning and magnetic currents surpass the dreams of Aladdin. The earth has an inexhaustible endowment of material force. In the beginning God equipped it with exhaustless energy. We have learned to command the force. We have taught this energy to serve us. The result is our material civilization.

But man is a spirit. His higher

life demands something more than millions of horse power. He needs to wield a moral force surpassing all material force. He is called to the task by annihilating weakness and sin as he has annihilated time and space. The earth is full of moral energy. There has been manifested through the ages a power which impels this world from darkness into light. It is the power from on high. It is the spirit of holiness. All the currents of life are moving in our direction. The universe goes on to perfection.

As we have annexed the material, so we may annex the moral power. In both cases

KNOWLEDGE OF OBEDIENCE

are the keys which unlock the store-houses of energy. We have discovered the laws which govern the forces of nature. We work in harmony with these laws and nature is our servant. If we oppose them they crush us, so we must learn the laws of God and obey them. We must bring ourselves into harmony with the forces of righteousness.

The power from on high enters the heart of the good man. Then he is invincible. He can stand like Athanasius against the world. He is free from doubt. He knows not fear. He draws strength from the inexhaustible fountain of strength. In every controversy he can say: "They that are for us are more than they that are against us." He knows that one with God is a majority.

Thomas Reed Bridges, D.D.

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, MAY 23.

Lesson VIII. The Council at Jerusalem. Golden Text, Acts 15: 11.

Introduction.—The world is full of quarrels. There are many men like that of whom a character in Shakespeare says: "Thou wilt quarrel with a man that hath a hair more or a hair less in his head than thou hast. Thou wilt quarrel with a man for cracking nuts, having no other reason but because thou hast hazel eyes. Thy head is full of quarrels as an egg is full of meat." There are many others with one-sided views, which they hold pertinaciously and pugnaciously. In short, the disputes of the world are so many, so varied, and so certain, sooner or later, to involve each of us, that a lesson on quarrels is sure to be useful. If we can learn how to settle disputes wisely, it will be well worth while. That is the theme of to-day's lesson, which concerns a very deep and dangerous controversy that arose in the early church, and shows the wise and thoroughly Christian way in which it was settled.

I. The Point in Dispute.—V. 1. While Paul and Barnabas rested at Antioch after the first missionary

suspected of a bias toward their own well-known views. It is always best to conduct business in person.

VII. A Joyful Settlement.—Vs. 30-35. How did the Antioch church receive the news of the council's decision? The church was convened, and the letter from Jerusalem was publicly read. Then they rejoiced for the consolation. "Consolation" is the abstract noun corresponding to Paraclete, the Comforter of John 14. It refers primarily to the friend or advocate who stands beside a prisoner in the court, and strengthens his case by testifying on his side or pleading for him. The thought is the same as the Latin whence "comfort" is derived, *con* (cum)-fortis, "together-brave." It means more than soothing therefore; it implies strengthening.

THE HEART OF THE LESSON.

The truths taught by this history are very practical, both for the church at large and for individual Christians.

1. Christianity, with its stimulus to thought and its insistence upon liberty, has vastly promoted discussion of theology and of ecclesiastical systems. It has given rise to numberless discussions and differences, many of which have resulted in permanent divisions.

2. When Christians differ so much that they cannot or do not work together, as a unit, against the forces of evil and to further the ends of the Kingdom, their divisions are harmful, and they are to be avoided.

waiting-room at a railway station. His companion was the Kaiser, and they discussed international affairs whilst they waited for the train. When it steamed in, the delicate question arose as to which monarch was to leave the waiting-room first. The Kaiser was, clearly, the senior monarch, having reigned since 1889; but King Edward was his uncle, and that left the matter open. But Wilhelm tried to solve the puzzle in his own inimitable style. Taking King Edward by the arm, he led him towards the door. Here, however, they could not emerge arm-in-arm, for the doorway was too small; and it was King Edward who eventually solved the problem by gently pushing his nephew on in front of him.

ROYAL TICKET-PUNCHERS.

But the most unconventional holiday the British Royal Family enjoys is when its members go to Norway or Denmark. These Courts are noted for their democratic simplicity, and King Edward can do things in Christiania that he dare not do in the more "correct" capitals. When he paid a visit to King Haakon that monarch took him for a ride in an ordinary tramcar, which was hired for the occasion. Queen Alexandra, Queen Maud, and Princess Victoria of Wales—her two daughters—were amongst the passengers, and the excursion started by King Haakon ringing the bell, and going to each person and demanding the fare!

The precautions taken to ensure his Majesty's safety are very elaborate, although the public sees little of them. At Marienbad, eighteen months ago, a heavily veiled lady walked up to the King, and handed him a huge envelope. His Majesty quickly transferred it to an enquirey, who gave it over to a detective with a celerity with which one usually handles a hot brick. The detectives gathered round, and very carefully opened the envelope. It contained a tract!

The Kaiser's stay at Highcliffe Castle, England, aroused much excitement amongst the youngsters of the district, and they followed him about with such persistence that not all the King's horses and all the King's men could keep them off. It was amusing to see the Kaiser leading a procession of more or less grimy infants, who followed with awe-inspired faces. Finally, the war lord rewarded their worship with a high tea.

Custom demands that a small child shall present the Queen with a bouquet whenever she accompanies the King to a ceremony. This part of the proceedings is not a little trying, for often the children forget their parts, and the Queen has on several occasions saved the situation by her ready tact.

A SURPRISE FOR THE QUEEN.

At one of the ceremonies performed by the King during a recent visit to Ireland, a tiny tot of four or five summers was sent forward with a bouquet. She reached the platform all right, and then paused and looked about her. She saw the King in frock-coat and silk hat, and Queen Alexandra dressed quietly in black. But standing near the King, was a magnificent equestrian, dressed in blue and gold, wearing the medals of many campaigns, in addition to the orders and decorations of Royalty. The child decided that this person deserved the bouquet; so, ignoring the King and Queen, she astonished the veteran by gravely presenting him with the bouquet!—**London Answers.**

moments hundreds of messenger boys were yelling for someone to fix the tickers. "I stepped in, and moved a loose spring that had fallen between the wheels. Next day I was appointed to take charge of the service at three hundred dollars a month." But this was due to something more than luck.

Lady Colebrooke, who is famous alike for her beauty, accomplishments and skill as a political hostess, possesses a wonderfully complete carpenter's and wood carving shop at Abington, Lanarkshire, Scotland. Here she has not only turned out some clever pieces of work, but she has taught some of the village girls on her husband's estate how to fashion wood by hammer and chisel. Lady Colebrooke is a clever sculptor too, and has exhibited at the Paris Salon. She shares with her husband a love of all that is artistic and beautiful, and to add to all these varied accomplishments she can drive a four-in-hand and a Russian droschky—and three.

Dr. George Gore, who has just died in Birmingham, England, at the age of eighty-two, was an entirely self-educated man. For four years he worked as an errand boy and for four years as a cooper. Working from six in the morning till eight at night, he had little leisure for study, but in the hours stolen from sleep he pondered deeply over scientific subjects, and laid the foundation of his future successful career. From Bristol he went to Birmingham when twenty-five years of age, obtaining a situation as time-keeper in the Soho Works. Before long the originality of his researches began to be noticed abroad, and he set up as a teacher on his own account. Before he was thirty he had discovered the substance known as "explosive anti-mony," and about the same time also discovered a liquid by means of which white nickel could be deposited as a bright white metal. This liquid, known as "Gore's Solution," was afterwards extensively used.

HOMELESS ONES OF LONDON.

Census of Those Who Sleep in Streets and Under Arches.

On Friday, February 17, 1905, a census was taken of all the people found sleeping by night in the streets of London, or on staircases leading from them, or under arches, and on March 13 the numbers were published. They included 1,861 men and 312 women, or, with children also, a total of 2,481 homeless persons. Bermondsey numbered 75, Camberwell 16, Chelsea, 33, City of London 61, Finsbury 41, Hammersmith 14, Islington 12, Kensington 12, Lambeth 52, Paddington 2, St. Marylebone 18, St. Pancras 1, Shoreditch 8; but in Southwark, south of the Thames, the number rose to 155, and at Stepney, in East London, to 419, of whom 221 had received food at the Church Army shelter in Whitechapel road. In the rich city of Westminster, celebrated for its Abbey and the Houses of Parliament, the number reached 1,263—827 men and 39 women receiving food at the Salvation Army shelter on Wych street, off the Strand.

USUALLY.

He who tries to be all things to all men usually ends by being nothing to nobody.

That is the theme of to-day's lesson, which concerns a very deep and dangerous controversy that arose in the early church, and shows the wise and thoroughly Christian way in which it was settled.

I. The Point in Dispute.—V. 1. While Paul and Barnabas rested at Antioch after the first missionary journey, what difficulty arose? Certain men, perhaps those sent by James (Gal. 2: 12), came down from Judaea. The Bezan text says that these visitors were Pharisees, members of the strictest sect of Jews. Perhaps they came to investigate rumors of laxity in the church; at any rate they taught the brethren (the verb is in the imperfect, implying continued action—they kept teaching), and said, Except ye be circumcised . . . ye cannot be saved. A very different doctrine from St. Paul's "Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ, and thou shalt be saved" (Acts 16: 31). Of course these Pharisee Christians required faith in Christ, but they added the requirement of conformity to Jewish rites and laws. The result was no small dissension and disputation (v. 2).

II. The Matter Referred to Jerusalem.—Vs. 2-5. What wise course was taken concerning this dispute? They ("the brethren," v. 1) determined that Paul and Barnabas, and certain other of them (including Titus, Gal. 2: 1, afterward Paul's companion, a Greek, a man of much ability, who would serve as a specimen of the Gentile converts), should go up to Jerusalem (300 miles away) about this question. Paul went "by revelation" (Gal. 2: 2), which is entirely consistent with the statement that the church sent him.

III. Peter's Plea.—Vs. 6-11. Who made up the council? The apostles and elders, who "are mentioned on account of their rank, not as composing the entire assembly." It is evident from v. 23 that the other Christians at Jerusalem were also present, and gave their sanction to the decrees enacted. (See also v. 12 compared with v. 22)—American Commentary. Previously to this public gathering Paul had placed his views before the leading apostles in an unfruitful private conference described in Gal. 2: 2, 6.

IV. Paul's Plea.—V. 12. What was the result of Peter's testimony? All the multitude kept silence, the previous debates and the buzz of comment having been hushed by Peter's speech. They were in fit mood to listen to Paul's testimony, and, like the skilful tactician he was, he (and Barnabas) promptly seized the favorable opportunity to speak.

V. James's Plea.—Vs. 13-21. Who was this James, who took advantage of the silence and spoke next? He was the brother of our Lord (Gal. 1: 19) called in ecclesiastical history the Bishop of Jerusalem (Eusebius, 2: 23). He was a Hebrew of the Hebrews. From his upright and holy life he had gained the surname of "The Just." He spoke, therefore, with the weight of character as well as of wisdom.

VI. The Wise Decision.—Vs. 22-29. Why were representatives of the Jerusalem church chosen to carry the decision to Antioch? To give dignity to the matter, and weight. To reciprocate the honor paid by the Antioch Christians to the Jerusalem church in sending their leaders to consult with them, and not merely sending a letter. To confirm the report of Paul and Barnabas, which otherwise might be

to numberless discussions and differences, many of which have resulted in permanent divisions.

2. When Christians differ so much that they cannot or do not work together, as a unit, against the forces of evil and to further the ends of the Kingdom, their divisions are harmful, and they are to be settled in some such way as we have been studying.

3. Our lesson also shows us how disputes between two individuals are to be settled; talk it over, freely, frankly, and face to face; look on the good side of each other, and try to see matters from the other's viewpoint as well as your own; see how much you can give up, without offending conscience; seek the divine guidance.

ABOUT PURE DRINKING-WATER.

The water question, in so far as health is concerned, is one of the most significant questions with which the individual or the community can concern itself. What we shall drink, whether it be river or well or lake or spring water, is of the utmost importance. Our country is so large, our streams so much used.

You mustn't think, either, because you have a well in your yard that you are perfectly safe. Do you know where the water comes from? Have you any idea what drains in to your well? How far is it from a sewer? How far from a cesspool? Have you ever had it tested? Do you know that some so-called pure, cold well water contains enough lime or sodium or other chemical to undermine your bone or muscles and produce certain forms of disease? You can just as easily have your system undermined and destroyed by what you drink in the shape of pure cold water as by what you do in any other harmful way, and more so. It is more insidious.

It is no excuse to say that you can not help yourself. The water question can always be helped. Wells can be deepened; drains looked after. If you live in cities, examinations can be asked and secured. Then, at least, if anything happens to you or your children, you can bring an action for damages which will not only relieve your private needs, but be so significant that it will create public sentiment and perhaps bring about better sanitary conditions for your neighbor. Try it, anyhow.—The Delinicator for June.

WOMAN CONDUCTS FOUNDRY.

Mrs. Clark Fisher Personally Conducts Large Foundry.

Mrs. Clark Fisher, of Trenton, New Jersey, personally conducts one of the largest foundries in the state of New Jersey and supervises the bi-weekly casting herself. She has qualified as a worker by going into the shop and making an anvil and celebrated the occasion by taking all the operatives to the theatre. Her "overalls" are divided skirts and she is most feminine in every way. Mrs. Fisher is a stern disciplinarian, but her workmen admire and respect her and are grateful to her for the interest she takes in them and their families. The head office boy is 90 years. Many of the employes have been in the works for thirty years. She first became actively interested in the works when her husband was an invalid and in time she became so interested that she did not want to give it up.

DOGS AND EARTHQUAKES

ALL ANIMALS ARE SENSITIVE TO THEM.

Man Becomes Indifferent to Earth Tremors, But Animals and Birds Never Do.

Whenever a terrible earthquake occurs, such, for instance, as that which has recently stricken Sicily, we hear much about the sufferings of the people at the scene of these disasters, but no one mentions the cats, and dogs, and horses, and other animals, which are involved. As a matter of fact, animals are very sensitive to the slightest of earthquake shocks.

There are portions of this world's unreliable surface, which are disturbed by earthquake with uncomfortable regularity; parts of Mexico, Italy, South America, and notably Japan.

TERRIER WHO ALWAYS YELLED.

Among the European residents Nagasaki, the great Japanese seaport, is familiarly known as "Earthquake town." It is nothing at all out of the ordinary for from nine to twelve mild shocks to be felt there during the twenty-four hours. This condition of affairs, with a few interruptions of no great length, prevails throughout the year.

Its initial effect upon Europeans is to produce a feeling of profound nausea. The native population are, one and all, serenely indifferent to it. But the more domesticated animals and birds seem never to become used to what the poet calls "the vexed and uneasy earth." Moreover, they appear to be gifted (or cursed) with a foreknowledge of the coming "quake," which is most uncanny.

I had a little Irish terrier that used to lie on a mat in my office. He would be curled up, fast asleep; then, suddenly, with a sharp yelp, he would spring up, and immediately dive under his mat. A minute later the house shook and I knew that the dog had been a true prophet. The shock over, "Jim" would emerge, shake himself, and curl up, and go to sleep again. In his waking hours he invariably barked and crawled under a chair or table just before the "quake" came.

I have seen a dog, trotting contentedly along the street, stick his tail between his legs, and race at break-neck speed for the nearest doorway, without the slightest apparent reason. But the animal instinct was never wrong. Another would lie down flat, put his head between his paws, and howl dismally. The shock always followed within a minute or two.

Dogs seem to be more frightened of earthquakes than any other pets (cats are unaffected), and their fear never wholly wears off.

A FOWL'S AMUSING ANTICS.

Horses tremble violently, and become covered instantly in a complete lather, neighing loudly and incessantly before, during, and for a short while after the shock. But, like the humans, they become used to the inevitable in time, although it never ceases to affect their nervous system, and makes them irritable and restless.

dead, and then scamper for the nearest tree.

Life in earthquake latitudes is trying for the nerves of both animal and human beings, and it is a standing joke in Nagasaki that no cook dare include a blanc-mange in the menu, because its instability is too marked a reminder of prevailing conditions.

TAP EARTH'S INTERIOR HEAT.

Costly Experiment Made Necessary by Decreasing Coal Supply.

Sir William Ramsay's recent suggestion that the interior heat of the earth might be tapped by means of a bore hole, is not exactly new. Indeed, experiments have actually been undertaken with that end in view.

One of the most important was carried out some years back by the German Government at a place called Paruschowitz, in Silesia, when a depth of 9,572 feet was reached. Of course, the bore is of very slender dimensions, three feet six inches in diameter at the top, decreasing gradually to two feet six inches at the depth of one mile, at which it remains for the rest of the distance.

At La Chapelle is a bore of a similar kind, and nearly as deep, constructed by the French Government for experimental purposes; and another similar one exists near Stavropol, in Southern Russia.

In each case, it was the original intention to carry the bore much lower, but the expense was found to be prohibitive, when contrasted with the prospective results. That is the worst of such work. After a certain depth the cost increases by leaps and bounds, and the time occupied lengthens proportionately.

Thus, the Hon. Charles Parsons, of turbine fame, who has made a special study of the question, estimates that to drill a hole ten miles deep through the earth's crust would cost \$25,000,000, and take eighty years.

The job is a stupendous one. Yet it may be necessary for us to undertake it. Our coal supply will not last forever, and, when this is exhausted, the greatest industrial communities will be those that have the most direct means of access to the stored-up heat of the earth's interior.

WHAT HUNGER STRIKES ARE.

Prisoners Abstain From Food Until at the Point of Death.

The news received recently from St. Petersburg, that a hunger strike has broken out amongst the political prisoners confined in the terrible Schusselburg Fortress, serves to call attention to what is, perhaps, the most remarkable social manifestation of this or any other age.

Imagine, if you can, a harsh prison governor, given to inflicting upon the convicts merciless floggings and tortures unmentionable entirely on his own responsibility. Then imagine the sufferers collectively abstaining from all food as a protest, even to the point of starving themselves to death. That is the hunger strike, as it is practised in Russia to-day amongst those prisoners who are known as "politicals" or "intellectuals."

Usually, it achieves its object. Not infrequently, too, the prison governor against whom it is directed loses his life as a consequence, being assassinated by friends of the

INDIAN SNAKE CHARMERS

THE WAY THESE HUMBUGS DUPE THEIR AUDIENCES.

It Must Be Confessed, However, That They Provide a Very Interesting Entertainment.

The main contention of the snake-charmer, whether he be Indian or Red Indian, is that he is absolutely immune from the bites of the most poisonous snakes, and the manner in which he allows himself to be bitten by a cobra or adder never fails to impress, not only the native, but also the white man unacquainted with the tricks of these humbugs.

As a matter of fact, snake-charmers, almost without exception, play either with snakes whose fangs and poisonous glands have been removed or use non-venomous reptiles which they pass off as dangerous varieties. And when they have attempted to charm snakes without removing the poison their exhibition has invariably come to a tragic end, in spite of their skill and dexterity in handling and the supposed magical antidotes which they carry with them.

THE SNAKE STONE.

Often this is simply a piece of tree root, for which great medicinal qualities are claimed when applied to the wound. Some astonishing and inexplicable cures, however, have really been brought about by what is known as the snake stone. This is about the size of a ten cent piece, dark in color, and is said to be taken from the palate of a snake's mouth, although only one snake in a thousand has it. When wetted and applied to a wound it appears to have some suctional property, by which it takes a firm hold of the skin, and its removal requires some force. It is said to draw the poison out of the wound almost instantaneously.

THE JUGGLER'S TRICKS.

There are really two kinds of snake-charmers, viz., the jugglers, who profess to hypnotize snakes by the musical pipe and other means and make them perform all sorts of tricks while in that condition, and the professional snake-finder, who guarantees to rid a house of any reptiles with which it may be infested.

The former, who is generally to be found at native bazaars, carries about with him as his stock-in-trade, says the "Field," a tame cobra or two whose fangs and poison glands have been removed. The performer will squat cross-legged on the ground, playing a wild piping tune on his reed-like instrument, with the snake in his coil two feet in front of him, swaying the erect portion of his body in slow accompaniment to the music. From time to time the man will stop playing, and pass his hand with a gentle, quivering motion backwards and forwards a few inches from the cobra, who strikes at it and misses, the hand having been withdrawn with marvellous quickness.

SMELLING OUT SNAKES.

The snake-finder works by smell as well as by music, or at least he asserts that he has an educated sense of smell which enables him to discover the proximity of concealed snakes; which is simply an

THE WANDERING TRIBE

NEWS NOTES OF A NATION WITHOUT A COUNTRY.

The Jews Have Made Themselves a Power in the World of Business and Finance.

The estimated Jewish population of New South Wales is 6,700.

London Jewry is worrying over the decline in Jewish marriages in that city.

The Chasidim of St. Petersburg have received permission to build a separate synagogue in the capital.

The Governor of Kieff has prohibited the Jewish pupils of a local private technical school from living in the city.

Sixty trades are represented in the United Hebrew Trades of New York, with a membership of 10,000.

A New York branch of the National Jewish Hospital for consumptives of Denver has been formed.

At the examinations at the university in Sydney, Australia, Miss Fannie Cohen took every prize she competed for.

The Jewish community in Cairo is one of the largest and richest in the east, and will soon be endowed with a Jewish hospital.

Josef Israels, the famous Dutch artist, has presented to the Bezalel School in Palestine his picture painted by himself, on the occasion of his eighty-fifth birthday.

According to a report to the New York State Insurance Department there exists a deficiency in the accounts of the Order B'rith Abraham amounting to \$39,826.

Professor Richard Gottheil will go to Palestine for a year and a half in charge of the American Archeological School. Mrs. Gottheil and Miss Leon, her sister, will accompany him.

A teacher in the Hebrew school of the synagogue in Perth, West Australia, collected in pennies during the year \$175, which was sent to Chief Rabbi Aller, of London, to purchase dinners for poor people.

M. See, captain of the 46th Regiment of Infantry in the French army, has been promoted to the rank of chevalier in the Legion of Honor. He has participated in seven battles and rendered very valuable service to the commission sent out to fix the boundaries between France and Siam.

The American sculptor, Mr. Moses Ezekiel, who for many years has resided in Rome, has again been honored by the King, who has appointed him officer of the Order of the Crown of Italy. The occasion for this distinction was the completion of Mr. Ezekiel's statue of Napoleon.

For the third time in six years a Jewish lad has become Dux of the great Roman Catholic School, the Christian Brothers' College, Perth, Australia. Master George Steinberg being the head this year, thereby following in the footsteps of the brothers Morris and Stanley Cantor.

Dr. Albert Mayer, who died lately at Ulm, was the second Jewish member of the Wurtemberg Diet. The first Jew who sat in this legislative body also represented Ulm. During his candidature Dr. Mayer publicly proclaimed himself a Jew. The Frankfurter Zeitung styled him one of the ablest and best democrats that Germany has ever possessed.

incessantly before, during, and for a short while after the shock. But, like the humans, they became used to the inevitable in time, although it never ceases to affect their nervous system, and makes them irritable and restless.

The antics of the feathered creation supply an amusing side to the situation. I have seen a most respectable fowl, the member of a large family, suddenly squat down in the dust of the roadway, with her wings spread out to their fullest extent, "squawking" in a most ludicrous manner. The majestic rooster, meanwhile, was running round and round, in aimless circles.

When the tremor had passed, and she was shaking the dust off her feathers, her lord and master seemed to be instantly struck with the loss of dignity which had occurred. Male-like, throwing all the blame on her, he chased her for about sixty yards, pecking at her viciously in unmistakable rage.

As the cat is the only domesticated animal which is unaffected by earthquakes, so, on the other hand, the snake seems to be the sole wild thing which views them with alarm. Its terror is exhibited in loud hissing, and an attempt to envelop its head in its own coils. During a seismic convulsion the snake will not bite, and, even if it should, its poison-bag will not discharge its deadly fluid, being temporarily paralyzed.

Rabbits retire precipitately to their burrows just previous to a shock, and do not emerge for some time after it. The wild goats, which are abundant on the hills, look up with a sort of questioning air, but are not otherwise interested in the phenomenon occurring under their feet, and continue browsing with the utmost nonchalance.

THE SWEARING COCKATOO

Earthquakes have, apparently, a bad effect upon the morals of birds. A friend of mine possessed a fine cockatoo, which had evidently sojourned in the company of sailors. It was supposed to be a good natured bird, but for a long time after its release it preserved an unpleasant silence, greatly to the chagrin of its owner, a lady of rather mad principles.

Then, one day, the flood gates were opened unexpectedly, and the result was disastrous. A severe shock that assailed aroused the bird out of his inactivity, and he swore loudly and decisively, for fully ten minutes. I was assured by the scandalized lady herself that his language was awful. After that little burst, he relapsed into his wonted speechlessness, which nothing could tempt him to break. The sequel was that the lady was so afraid that another shock would some day lead to a repetition of his shocking behaviour, and the suspense of fearing it would, and waiting for it, so got on her nerves, that she actually bribed her Japanese "boy" to take it some distance into the country, and let it fly away!

Perhaps the most extraordinary effect which the earthquake has on any living thing is to be observed in the case of the squirrel. It causes, that little animal to turn somersaults! This is well known to hunters and backwoodsmen, and I have myself seen squirrels in the open turning over and over just after a shock, as if in a state of vertigo. This lasts for about two minutes, after which they stop

are known as "politicals" or "intellectuals."

Usually, it achieves its object. Not infrequently, too, the prison governor against whom it is directed loses his life as a consequence, being assassinated by friends of the strikers outside.

After this fashion died General Mezentzeff, whose "execution" was undertaken by a young artillery officer, Kravtchinsky, who afterwards resided many years in England, and became known in the political and literary world of London under the name of Sergius Stepniak.

Not infrequently the hunger strikers are women. Indeed, it was they who originated the idea, the very first hunger strike on record being undertaken by the women convicts confined in the Kara political prison, as a protest against the flogging to death of one of their number, Madam Sigida.

For sixteen days none of them tasted food. They were then at the point of death, and the governor, at his wits' end, was compelled to resign, as, obviously, it would not have done for him to have allowed scores of women, some of whom belonged to the highest families in Russia, to perish of inanition before his eyes.

TWO-STORY CLOSED BED.

The Breton Peasant Has a Handy Piece of furniture.

A recent visitor to Brittany describes the two-story closed bed of the Breton peasant, in many cases a richly carved and ornamented heirloom, and always highly prized.

One day the visitor was expressing his admiration of a certain "lit-clos," when madame pulled the sliding panels apart, and revealed the figure of her husband sleeping, rubbing his eyes and wanting to know what was the matter. She calmly explained to him that the visitor wanted to see the inside of the bed, and then explained to the visitor that her good man had been out fishing since dawn, and was very tired.

The visitor begged him to close the panels and go to sleep again, which he immediately did, but not before she noticed he was fully dressed. It seems that the Breton peasant always disappears into the "lit-clos" fully dressed, and always emerges therefrom in the same condition.

While her husband slept, madame enlarged on the advantages of a "lit-clos" in bringing up a family. "I have had six children," she said, "and when they were little I used to put three in the top story and three in the bottom, then close the panels and leave them with an easy mind."

WAXY POTATOES BEST.

"Housewives should always buy the yellow-colored waxy potatoes instead of the white, mealy variety. The former are far more nutritious and better in every way," said a London medical man. "The popular notion that potatoes must be served up white and floury is a great mistake," he continued. "A floury potato is tasteless and most objectionable. When buying potatoes those with a tinge of yellow or blue should always be purchased. They are not 'bad,' as some people think, but contain a higher percentage of valuable salts than the white variety."

The snake-finder works by smell as well as by music, or at least he asserts that he has an educated sense of smell which enables him to discover the proximity of concealed snakes; which is simply another piece of bluff, for the arrangements made by the snake-finder easily permit of trickery.

When a native in India thinks there are snakes in his house, he sends for the "charmer" to remove them. He arrives with an assistant, a crowd of natives from the neighborhood is collected, and the show begins. The audience are ranged in a semicircle round the entrance to the dwelling, and within this ring the two performers move slowly about, playing their primitive pipes, with the object of luring the snake from his concealment.

A GOOD TRICK.

Then one of the two men will enter the house, cautiously peer this way and that, while the onlookers watch carefully for the capture. Darting into a dark corner, he will make a grab, and, amid the cries of the delighted audience, emerge with a fine cobra held tightly by the neck.

A close examination of the snake's mouth, however, would reveal the fact that it was quite harmless. The snake is, in fact, a pet animal, carefully concealed in the first instance in the loose folds of the clothing of the "charmer," and is smartly produced at the psychological moment. The house-owner is, however, thoroughly satisfied that his house is rid of the scourge, pays the snake-charmer his fee, and the latter then makes off in search of fresh fields and pastures new, where he is sure of finding other dupes.

WAS STRENUOUS LOVER.

How William the Conqueror Won His Royal Bride.

William the Conqueror, when he was only the Duke of Normandy, had fallen in love with the Princess Mathilde of Flanders. She was proud and haughty and had refused the noble lovers who were anxious to win her hand. The wily Norman studied her character carefully, and when he had mapped out his plan of campaign he rode into the town one day when she, at the head of a party, was going from church. He sprang from his horse by her side, boxed her ears soundly, pulled her off her steed, rolled her vigorously in the mud, told her that he loved her, and rode away. The astonished princess was infuriated, and swore all kinds of vengeance. After her rage cooled down, however, she said to her father that, upon reflection, she had come to the conclusion that the only man who could treat Mathilde of Flanders in that manner should be her husband. They were married, and the union turned out to be one of the happiest marriages in the history of royalty.

WHY NAMED "TOMMY ATKINS"

The origin of the nickname "Tommy Atkins" as applied to the British private soldier is interesting. It arose from the custom of printing the name Thomas Atkins on the forms used in the army for different purposes, to indicate to those using them where to write their names. Ever since, the private soldier has been alluded to as "Tommy Atkins."

The first Jew who sat in this legislative body also represented Ulm. During his candidature Dr. Mayer publicly proclaimed himself a Jew. The Frankfurter Zeitung styled him one of the ablest and best democrats that Germany has ever possessed.

There lately arrived in Jaffa, Palestine, about 150 Yemenite Jews. They came from the Arabian desert, where they were oppressed by the Arabs. Among them are smiths, farmers, and other manual workers. They are a healthy lot, and seek work in the Jewish colonies. Some of them have more than one wife, a few as many as four.

The large Jewish immigration to Palestine has included within recent years many writers, scholars and other professional men. This coterie has placed itself at the head of the movement for furthering popular education. Various courses of scientific lectures are arranged in the larger cities on general educational topics and on special subjects, as, for example, the hygienic and economic conditions of the country, for the special benefit of immigrants.

HONEST MAXIMS OF FORGER.

Van Vlissingen Tells Young Men How to Succeed.

Four maxims as a guide to young men entering business are given by Peter Van Vlissingen, the former real estate operator whose forgeries, amounting to \$1,500,000 and covering a period of twenty years, were unfolded last week. Van Vlissingen is serving a sentence in Joliet prison, but is in Chicago trying to straighten out his books for his creditors. The maxims are:

- "Be honest in small things."
 - "Do not permit your conscience to become calloused."
 - "Be economical and never risk other people's money no matter how certain success may seem."
 - "Once you commit a wrong make restitution immediately, for delay means ruin, maybe death."
- Van Vlissingen said sadly that once he was known as "Honest Pete." His first forgery was for \$2,500. A clerk discovered this and absconded with all the money. Then Van Vlissingen had to forge again, and he kept at it until last fall, when he was exposed.

A LAST HOME OF THE BISON.

Recent exploration of the Athabasca-Mackenzie region shows that it contains many valuable fur-bearing animals, and it appears also to be the home of the last wild remnant of the American bison family. The herds of bison are not numerous, and they are being rapidly exterminated by wolves. The Canadian musk-ox also inhabits this region, and in the spring, when the rivers and springs escape from their frost, great flocks of birds, including most of the migratory game-birds of America, resort thither to breed.

A LIFE'S RECORD.

According to a French statistician, taking the mean of many accounts, a man of fifty years of age has slept 6,000 days, worked 6,500 days, walked 800 days, amused himself 4,000 days, was eating 1,500 days, was ill 500 days, etc. He ate 17,000 lb. of bread, 16,000 lb. of meat, 4,600 lb. of vegetables, eggs, and fish, and drank 7,000 gal. of liquid, namely, water, tea, coffee, beer, wine, etc.

RIBES PRESENTS FOR ROYALTY TRIBUTE OF A NATION KINGS STUDY ECONOMY IN MERRY OLD ENGLAND

ATION Y. A BOX OF SPRATS FOR QUEEN ALEXANDRA.

Antidotes Against Sea-Sickness, and Typhoid Fever — Embarrassing Gifts.

On Queen Alexandra's last birthday she was the recipient of a curious present, which took the form of a box of sprats sent by the Aldeburgh spratters. The lid of the box was painted with the borough arms, bearing an inscription to the effect that the fishermen hoped Her Majesty would accept their tribute of respect.

CURES FOR SEASICKNESS.

When the King was Prince of Wales, suffering from typhoid fever, he was the recipient of a hop-pillow, which the donor declared would bring complete restoration to the Royal patient. The Czar, when he was suffering a year or two ago from the same complaint received a bottle of Jordan water, which was delivered at his palace by one of his devoted subjects who had made a special pilgrimage to Palestine for it.

When the Prince and Princess of Wales started on their tour to visit the outskirts of the British Empire they received scores and scores of antidotes against sea-sickness. One firm of chemists sent their Royal Highnesses a huge box containing a sample of hundreds of potions and powders, some of which they declared would render them immune from attacks of mal-de-mer.

A WINDELL FOR WILLIAM.

When the German Emperor was at the height of his popularity he had many admirers who frequently showed their affection for him in queer ways. On one occasion, while His Majesty was witnessing the annual review of his army on a very chilly day, a sentry was asked by a spectator to deliver an envelope to the Emperor. It was found to contain a bank-note for 100 marks. The donor begged the Emperor to purchase with the money some suits of warm under-clothing, as His Majesty was not as warmly clad as he should be. William II. also derives a good income from a German steamship line, which was presented to his father as a legacy from the founder of the line.

GIFTS OF WILD ANIMALS

Some of the presents received are rather embarrassing. Frequently they take the form of wild animals. A menagerie proprietor sent three fine elephants to the German Emperor some years ago. His Majesty, not wishing to hurt the feelings of his loyal subject, accepted the offer and handed them over to the Zoological Gardens, Berlin. A huge Polar bear once arrived at the Royal Palace at St. Petersburg, much to the astonishment of the officials, addressed as a birthday gift to the "little Father." The Czarina took a fancy to the splendid beast with his shaggy white coat, and the bear was housed in an out-building of the Winter Palace.

Perhaps the most notable gift to Royalty of recent times is the beautiful little Sunbeam Island which lies in the Gods Sound, on the west coast of Norway. It was pre-

MONUMENT TO THE LATE QUEEN VICTORIA.

An Intricate Performance of Beauty and Restful Charm—Great Monument.

Mr. Lewis Harcourt, First Commissioner of Works, announces that a large portion of the sculpture for the Queen Victoria memorial, in St. James' Park, London, England, is completed, and that arrangements have been made to begin fixing it as soon as possible.

DREADNOUGHT OF STATUES.

The great Queen's monument, as Mr. Brock is executing it in the great circular space created and beautified by the art of Sir Aston Webb, will prove one great homogeneous work of art; but, in another sense, it is many works of art—a vast artistic framework to include so many works of art that their conception and execution alone might have filled, creditably, half a busy man's working lifetime.

This is to be the "Dreadnought" of great monuments; it is to last like Roman aqueducts or well-laid roads of France. Described in detail the statue is as follows:

The principal figure, enthroned with orb and sceptre, has been executed with a dignity that is allied with deep wisdom and a gravity not quite remote from sadness. The feeling and art of Mr. Brock—executing as a whole, in the great Queen's monument, an intricate performance of beauty and of restful charm—has grasped and rendered, in the central figure, something of the "awfulness" of the throne she inherited, and to which she was "marshalled" by all the past and present of her land.

High above the Queen statue towers one of Victory, eighty feet above, and looking down upon the roadway of the Mall. With "Victory" are the attendant and contributing figures of

"COURAGE" AND "CONFIDENCE."

The base of these figures serves as the immediate background to the Queen's statue, also to the groups, Motherhood, Justice and Truth. The marble statue of the Queen is 18½ feet high. It faces the Palace in London, the Queen's official home, and is well within sound of the murmur of the town which was her country's heart.

The monument is surrounded by a broad, circular walk, a granite platform, free to access, and affording, from one or other point of it, what will be the nearest and possibly the best view, not perhaps of the monument as a whole, but of its principal constituents—the Queen's great statue and the groups that symbolize her character and attributes.

SUPPLY OF ARMY HORSES.

Not Equal to Demand in England—French and German Stables.

The adequate supply of horses for the army, it would scarcely be denied, is as essential to its efficiency as men and guns. Yet in this vital particular the British Government, as in so many other questions relative to the defence of the coun-

FACTS ABOUT ROYALTIES HAMPERED BY DEBT.

German Emperor Has His Troubles—Reforms in King Edward's Palaces.

Things have reached such a pass that the German Emperor offered to sell the castle and estate of Erdmannsdorf, in Silesia, for \$450,000. Four other imperial castles are also to be put on the market, and it is hoped that, if purchasers can be found for all five lots, the present urgent difficulty will be tidied over.

There is no doubt that His Majesty's expenses have increased, but this is very largely owing to his own extravagance, his costly journeys, and the lavish pomp maintained on all State occasions.

Then one of the Emperor's weaknesses is to be the owner of a large number of palaces, and in this direction he probably holds the record. He owns at least fifty of varying size and splendor, and this year he has spent about \$500,000 on Achilleion and Hohkoenigsburg, while in Posen he is building another, estimated to cost \$1,250,000.

ROYAL FINANCES

seem to be in a very bad way just at present. The other day the Shah of Persia was pawning his jewels, and just a little earlier Abdul Aziz, ex-Sultan of Morocco, was frantically trying to pawn his jewels in Paris. They included several diamonds as large as hazel nuts, emeralds, rubies, and several pearl necklaces. They cost the Sultan little short of \$2,500,000, but all he could raise on them was a paltry \$300,000.

King Leopold is still hampered by the debts he contracted in his young days, and it is said that it will take years to free his Majesty finally from this incubus. The most drastic economies have been brought about in the Royal palaces.

There have been reforms in our own palaces, for immense sums of money appear to have been wasted on innumerable trifles during Queen Victoria's reign.

One day, while the Queen was driving, the Royal coachman was taken ill. Her Majesty called for brandy, but there was none to be got. Eventually, they returned to the Palace, where orders were given that a bottle of brandy should always be placed in the Royal carriage before the Queen went out. This, of course, was done; but, owing to the fact that

A FRESH BOTTLE OF BRANDY

was placed in the carriage nearly every time it was taken out, the expense of the Queen's thoughtful order soon became rather heavy. This drain has now been discontinued.

When the Queen was in residence at Windsor, it took no less than \$2,500 a day to light the kitchen fire, to use the phrase current among the Castle servants. These servants, too, were kept up in unnecessary numbers, as a single instance will show. Three "chocolate women" were kept, who had nothing else to do but prepare the one cup of chocolate a day that was served to Queen Victoria when she was called in the morning.

Another expensive item in the old Royal household was the bill

NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.

Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

St. Paul's school celebrates its four hundredth anniversary next month.

Thousands of tons of sand have been deposited by the sea at Southchurch, Essex.

Since August, 1905, the West Ham Distress Committee has expended \$331,145.

Valuable machinery was destroyed by fire at the Coates Park Colliery, Alfreton.

On the South Beach at Yarmouth a scenic railway is to be built this summer at a cost of \$75,000.

At the Elliott Collieries of the Powell Duffryn Company, Rhymney Valley, two men were killed by the fall of a roof.

The Testament which has been used at the Essex Quarter Sessions since 1750 has been replaced by a new one.

A ninety-one-year-old woman named Pratt was burned to death while sitting before the fire at West Deane, Chichester.

A waterman, aged 75, who was accused at Yarmouth of stealing a pennyworth of coal, was dealt with as a first offender.

The Queen has presented Mrs. Close, chief stewardess of the Dover-Calais steamers, with a gold brooch set with brilliants.

Dead twin babies (still born) were discovered in a large bag a woman had been seen to leave in the New Cross station, London.

Dr. Simeon Snell, president of the British Medical Association and one of the leading ophthalmic surgeons, died recently at Sheffield.

Alderman John Banks, who died at Folkestone recently, was a member of the Town Council for fifty-two years, and was mayor six times.

Among the articles stolen by burglars from the house of the Rev. A. Swann, vicar of Christ church, Fulham, was a burglary insurance policy.

During the past year \$2,798,545, of which \$2,348,790 went to the Victoria and Albert Museum, was spent on the national museums of the United Kingdom.

For driving sheep in Islington parish on Sunday, in contravention of the Islington Parish Act, John Fuller was, at the London Police Court, fined sixpence.

The London County Council will make a profit of \$7,430 this year by letting sites for roundabouts, swings, and coconut shies in the parks for bank holidays.

Weighing 186½ grains, a Greek coin (stater) of B. C. 488 to 240, which is considered by many the finest example in existence, was sold in London for \$1,075.

George Mason, a glass worker, and his son John, aged eight years, were found dead in their house at St. Helens. They had evidently been suffocated by gas.

Ravens Ait, an island in the Thames at Surbiton, for over 50 years the headquarters of Kingston Rowing Club, was sold by auction recently at the Mart for \$20,000.

It has cost the ratepayers \$3,500 to maintain the children of William Terry, who was remanded at the Lambeth Police Court recently.

Diet. The minute rafter. ina took a fancy to the splendid beast with its shaggy white coat, and the bear was housed in an out-building of the Winter Palace. Perhaps the most notable gift to Royalty of recent times is the beautiful little Sunbeam Island which lies in the Gode Sound, on the west coast of Norway. It was presented by Miss Musgrove only last year to the young Crown Prince Olaf of Norway.—London Tit-Bits.

A GAS-ENGINE WARSHIP.

The British Admiralty have made a test of the producer gas engine for naval purposes, which has resulted very satisfactorily. An old British gunboat of 715 tons displacement was used, and a 500-horsepower producer gas engine was installed in place of the steam engine formerly used. The displaced steam engine weighed 150 tons, where the gas plant weighed only 94 tons. It was found by actual experiment that fully 30 per cent. of the fuel was saved, the vessel was without vibration or noise, no smokestacks were exposed, and there were a number of other decided advantages which commended themselves strongly to the naval experts. The result was that another vessel is being built double the size. There are some problems connected with cooling the piston and piston rod which require careful study and experimentation before large engines are introduced.

THE SLOUCHING HABIT.

Depresses People Mentally as Well as Physically.

We all know there is much, very much, in our mental attitude toward things. Make up your mind that you will be exactly what you wish to be physically and mentally, and bend every energy toward this end.

On the other hand, did you ever think of the serious effect the slouching habit will have upon your character? A girl cannot carry herself badly—allowing her shoulders to droop, her muscles to become flabby, her gait to grow awkward—without more than her body suffering. She will not only be depressed mentally and physically, but she will gradually "look in" instead of "outward" and "upward," which means that unhealthy introspection will in time have its effect upon her character.

THE LANGUAGE OF FOWLS.

A French savant has become convinced that barnyard fowls have a real language, and that the curious sounds they are continually uttering are perfectly understood by one another. This naturalist has for some time kept a phonograph hung up in a coop in which several cocks and hens are confined. He has caused, as it were, the fowls to talk about all sorts of things by agitating them in one way and another—by letting them become hungry, and then feeding some of them while the others "complain"—and in many ways he has induced them to utter all the sounds of which they seem to be capable. These sounds the phonograph has faithfully recorded, and Prevot du Haudray, the scientist in question, declares himself to be able to demonstrate from them that the chickens have a means of communication which may properly be called a language.

Not Equal to Demand in England, French and German Stables.

The adequate supply of horses for the army, it would scarcely be denied, is as essential to its efficiency as men and guns. Yet in this vital particular the British Government, as in so many other questions relative to the defence of the country, have utterly failed to realize their responsibilities, says the Pall Mall Gazette.

Sir Gilbert Parker is raising the point in one of its important aspects next week in the House of Commons. He has given notice to call the attention of the Secretary of State for War to the fact that German agents are extensively buying three-year-old horses suitable for army purposes in England, Ireland and Wales.

"There is no use disguising the fact," said an expert on English horse breeding, "that the country is rapidly being denuded of its best horses, and the position is becoming acute."

"It is a regulation of the War Office that horses shall not be bought under four years old. This is the foreigner's chance. Not only the German's but practically every Continental country, has agents bent on securing the very pick of the available three-year-olds. They purchase especially young mares, which of course do not return to this country. They are, therefore, reducing both in quality and number the supply of four-year-olds obtainable by the home authorities."

"The German and French Governments realize the value of a plentiful supply. They have their own Government breeding establishments and encourage horse breeding by subsidy. I believe France pays something like 300,000 francs a year in this respect. They also take great care that only good stallions are employed."

"The principal causes of the alarming scarcity—for I am convinced it will be scarce to-morrow we have not a sufficient supply for the army—are the unprecedented buying of young horses by foreign agents, the fact that farmers are more and more giving up the breeding of horses, the increase in mechanical traction, and the heavy demand for horses during the late South African war."

TO LEGALIZE 1,000 WEDDINGS.

The marriages took place at the ancient church of St. Peter's Stantonlow, England, recently of two of the couples who should have been married at St. James', Stantonsbury, the church which, it was recently discovered, was not registered for marriages when it was consecrated fifty years ago. To legalize the thousand or so weddings which have taken place in the church during its existence a special Act of Parliament will have to be passed. People from all the surrounding districts congregated at St. Peter's to witness the recent ceremonies. In order to destroy the overwhelming odor of old oak and decaying stone incense had been burnt.

TOWN RUN BY ONE FAMILY.

A curious fact is reported from a small township situated in the South of France, called Saint Martin. The whole municipal council is composed of one family, and has now been re-elected. The mayor is Louis Guigo, and the councillors are Joseph, Alexandre, Pierre, Louis, Vincent, Jean Andre, and Gabriel, all with the same surname, Guigo.

servants, too, were kept in unnecessary numbers, as a single instance will show. Three "chocolate women" were kept, who had nothing else to do but prepare the one cup of chocolate a day that was served to Queen Victoria when she was called in the morning.

Another expensive item in the old Royal household was the bill for candles. No candle that had once been lighted, if only for a few minutes, was ever again used.

The financial difficulties of the Portuguese Royal House are being slowly straightened out, and since the sale of her pawned jewels and clothes, Princess Louise of Belgium has been, financially, lying low.

KING PETER, OF SERBIA, TOO.

is worried about money, and he can hardly ask for help from his Government, for they, in their turn, are half crazy over the debts that Alexander left behind him. One creditor alone is claiming \$500,000.

The democratic spirit of Switzerland was proved when a Swiss court sentenced Princess Alexandra of Baden to three weeks' imprisonment, because she did not appear in bankruptcy proceedings brought against her.

Another Royal bankrupt is a nephew of Queen Emma, of the Netherlands. Prince Eberwein took the castle of Oud-Wassenaar, and furnished it in splendid style. Soon after, the agents of a London tailor seized the furniture. This bill was, with difficulty, settled, but the rent fell due, and the Prince could not pay. Bailiffs took possession, and furniture, carriages, and horses were sold up.

Other Royal bankrupts are the Archduchess, Clotilde of Austria; Duke Paul of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, and his son, Duke Heinrich, the first of whom is a frisky old dame of sixty.—Petersen's Weekly.

LIVES WITH HALF A STOMACH.

Surgeons Cut Man's Stomach Into Sections.

Charles H. Dean, a patient at the City Hospital, St. Louis Mo., has only half a stomach, yet he must eat six times a day or suffer from the pangs of hunger. At each meal, however, he can only eat half the amount of food to which he has been accustomed.

Surgeons recently cut Dan's stomach into three sections and removed the middle section because of a cancerous growth. The two outside sections were then sewed together and the patient is well on the way to recovery. The operation leaves him with only 45 per cent. of his original stomach, and consequently his food capacity is a little less than half what it originally was.

LONG DISTANCE TELEGRAPHY.

A "world's record" for long-distance telegraphy was established on January 23rd, when the direct transmission of messages between London and India was begun. The extreme distance over which a message was flashed, without interruption and repetition, was about 7,000 miles. The line of wires that carries these messages was recently completed by the filling up of the gap between Teheran and Karachi. The Wheatstone system of automatic transmission is used throughout the line.

No American President has ever served for more than two terms. Ten have been re-elected.

been sunken by gns. Ravens Ait, an island in the Thames at Surbiton, for over 50 years the headquarters of Kingston Rowing Club, was sold by auction recently at the Mart for \$20,000.

It has cost the ratepayers \$3,500 to maintain the children of William Terry, who was remanded at the Lambeth Police Court recently, on a charge of deserting them.

The Queen has sent a cheque for \$125 to assist in the restoration of St. Peter's church, Walpole, near King's Lynn, which is said to be the finest village church in the county.

Placed in a wickerwork coffin, the body of Mrs. Sheppard, wife of Col. Sheppard, D.S.O., was at Osmington, Dorset, conveyed to the grave on a farm cart covered with flowers.

According to the Iron and Coal Trades Review the production of pig-iron in the United Kingdom last year amounted to 9,259,840 tons, as compared with 9,923,853 tons in 1907 and 19,149,388 tons in 1906.

HORSE SCARED TO DEATH.

By Sight of Dromedary in a Circus Parade.

A valuable horse was frightened to death at Elizabeth, New Jersey, the other day, by the sight of a big dromedary in a passing circus parade. The parade was going through First street, and the horse, which was attached to a delivery wagon, was standing at Court and First streets. The driver, Joseph Styles, had stopped there to let the parade go by.

When the dromedary came along the horse gave every evidence of intense fright. Rearing and plunging in the shafts, it gave a neigh and a snort, and then collapsed, falling to the pavement. After giving a few convulsive kicks the animal stiffened and was dead.

The dromedary seemed to be about as badly frightened as the horse, and the men attending it had a hard time to control the animal. For a time the big camel made such a commotion that the crowd which lined the street was panic-stricken, but the attendants finally got the animal quieted and the parade moved on.

GENERAL AGE OF TREES.

Inquiry as to the general age of trees being put to an authority of the forestry service at Washington, it was said that the pine tree attained 700 years as a maximum length of life; 425 years were the allotted span of the silver fir; the larch lived 275 years; the red beech, 245; the aspen, 210; the birch, 200; the ash, 170; the elder, 145; the elm, 130. The heart of the oak begins to rot at about the age of 300 years. Of the holly, it is said that there is a specimen 410 years old near Aschaffenburg, Germany.

WASHERWOMEN FEASTED.

A curious feast takes place every year in the Pendleton (England) Town Hall, which had its origin in the generosity of the late Mr. Thomas Costley, member of the Board of Guardians. He used to entertain every year a party of Pendleton washerwomen, and when he died his family kept up, and still keep, the custom. This year's party consisted of 300 women, all of whom had qualified for the treat by earning some part of their livelihood over the tub.

SHOES FOR THE 24th

SEE OUR WINDOW.

For all the New Styles and Colors in natty Spring Footwear.

We have a great range of the popular Wine and Ox Blood Shades for Men, Women and Children.

Men's Wine Oxfords, Goodyear welted soles made with new flat, brass eyelets. Prices **\$3.50 and \$4**

Ladies' Wine Oxfords in many different styles. Prices **\$2.50, \$3 and \$3.50**

Ladies' Brown Kid Oxfords in the popular blucher style at **\$1.50, \$2, \$2.50 & \$3**

Children's Shoes in Wine, Red, Brown, White and Black—a complete range of Styles in each color.

THE **J. J. HAINES** SHOE Napanee, Belleville, HOUSES, and Trenton.
Largest Dealers in this Section of Canada.

THE BEST FLOUR. DAFOE'S NONESUCH DAFOE'S MANITOBA PATENT

By numerous tests by the best Bakers the above mentioned grades have been proven to be the best Flours in the market. When buying Flour ask for Dafe's, and patronize your home mill, thereby producing Bran and Shorts that you can purchase cheaper than the product of the Western mills, which has to be transported thousands of miles at great expense, and usually, when it reaches you, of inferior quality.

The grocer complains if the farmer or the mechanic sends to Toronto or to outside points for an article he can get at the home store just as good, but he does not hesitate to buy Flour from mills hundreds of miles away, and sell you an inferior Flour for more money than you can purchase the home product for, every bag of which is guaranteed.

CHOICE CORN MEAL and BUCK-WHEAT FLOUR always on hand.

FEED GRINDING a specialty, with the best feed mills known to the trade.

A full stock of the best ANTHRACITE COAL. Also in the market for the purchase of all kinds of Grain.

Ask for prices at the big Mill before purchasing your Flour, Feed or Coal.



A SWEET GIRL.

loves sweet things. It's an act of sweetness on your part, to present her with a box of

FOR STOCK FOR CURING MEAT —USE— Liverpool Salt

A new lot just to hand.
Large Sacks.
Small Prices.

Phone 130.

FRANK H. PERRY.

Give me a call.

HERE

Is the BEST place to get the BEST Cement at the Best price. We will quote you rock bottom prices on Star Cement.

ASBESTOS PLASTER

The Cheapest and Best Plaster in use to-day.

GAS STOVES

New Styles. Low Prices.
We invite your inspection.

COAL OIL STOVES

They spell ECONOMY. The Perfection, Florence and Reliance makes are always combined with SAFETY and COMFORT. They are simply PERFECT and Perfectly simple.

M. S. MADOLE,

Phone 13

For a Short Time Only.

10c Prints for 8c.

**20c Collars,
3 for 40c.**

**12 1-2c Collars,
3 for 25c**

\$1 Shirts for 50c.

There are only a few of these.

**75c Overalls
for 65c.**

A.E. Lazier.

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.

30-3-m

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Near Royal Hotel
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential. 39

ICE. Begin to-day and have your eatables in good shape for the table.

Choice Groceries

always on hand.

S. CASEY DENISON.

Phone 101.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

F. S. SCOTT, Proprietor.

First-Class Workmen.
Lightest and Brightest Shop in Napanee.

GIVE US A CALL.

The County Council meets on Tuesday, June 8th.

Large sheets brown wrapping paper for putting under carpets 1 cent per pound, and old newspapers 2 cts per lb.—This Office.

Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, New Perfection Oil Stoves, Dangler Oil Stoves, full line summer goods at

BOYLE & SON'S.

The town of Picton will pay 72 cents a square yard for the building of its cement walks this year. Mr. W. Smith was recently awarded a contract at that price.

Be sure and read the posters of the Steamer Reindeer's annual Victoria Day excursion to Picton. Return tickets 25c only. Good to return any day during the week.

Mr. Mark Pizzariello's pony attached to his delivery wagon, caused some excitement on Dundas street on Wednesday. He had a lively run for a couple

Mr. M. Pizzariello disposed of a car load of fruit during the past week.

The Schooner Winnie Wing unloaded coal for Mr. Chas. Stevens this week.

Mr. Geo. Thompson is improving his terrace on Bridge street by building handsome verandahs in the place of the porches.

Mr. C. A. Walters has his new gasoline launch in commission. She is the speediest boat on the river, making seventeen miles an hour.

The annual meeting of the Lennox Farmers' Institute will be held in the Council Chamber, Napanee, on Saturday, June 5th, at 1.30 p. m.

The new hose wagon being built by J. M. Graham for the fire department is about finished and will probably be delivered about the first of next week.

The annual meeting of the Farmers' Institute, of Amherst Island, will be held at Stella on June 17th. G. G. Publow, Kingston, will be the chief speaker.

Jewel Gas Stoves have no equal, fully one year in advance. New flame reflector, Valveless oven burner, other new features that no other stove have yet. Get the best from

BOYLE & SON.

Considerable interest is being manifested in the wrestling bout between Gene Hurtbese, of Peterboro, and J. Hawkey, of Glenvale, which comes off at the Brisco opera house on June 1st.

All that is best in Baseball Goods will, as last year, be found at Fisher's Music Store. Wallpapers are also a great feature. If you want the choicest goods, hurry up Opposite Haines'.

An interesting window display is that of M. S. Madole. The display is a representation of a camping scene, with a miniature lake in the foreground. A choice line of fishing tackle etc., is on exhibition.

Itch, Mange, Prairie Scratches, Barber's itch, and every form of contagious Itch on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by—T. B. Wallace

Charlotte Mary Martin, beloved wife of Mr. Chas. D. Wagar, Enterprise, passed away on Monday after an illness of but a couple of days. Deceased suffered a stroke on Saturday, from which she never rallied. Mrs. Wagar was aged fifty-six years and eight months. Mr. W. A. Martin, Moscow, is a brother of deceased. The funeral took place from her late residence, Enterprise, on Wednesday morning. Services were conducted in the Methodist church, Enterprise, and the remains taken to Moscow cemetery for interment.

Cordwood and Slabs for sale. "Star" and "Lehigh" brands portland cement. Silo Mould for rental.

M. S. MADOLE.

"Our Boys" presented at the opera house on Wednesday evening, by the St. Thomas Dramatic Club, of Belleville, under the auspices of the Napanee Canoe Club, was attended by a fair house. The production was a rare treat, and while the company was purely amateur, the members are worthy of the highest praise for the manner in which they all performed their parts. The members of the Canoe Club are to be congratulated on securing such a good attraction. After the performance the members of the Dramatic Club were entertained until train time by a dance in the Oddfellows' hall.

A. S. Kimmerly will sell choice Alfalfa Seed \$10.00 bush., choice stock of garden seed, Timothy and Red Clover seed on hand. Plenty of Bran and Shorts and all kinds of cracked feed in stock. Try five Roses Flour, Salada Tea 25 off. Try our 25c Tea, good Tea 15c. 1 pay 17c for fresh eggs. Store eggs not wanted, 22 nutmeg 5c.

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A Candy Bowl Laxative.

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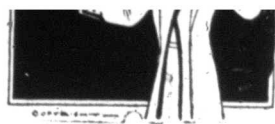
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A SWEET GIRL.

loves sweet things. It's an act of sweetness on your part, to present her with a box of

CANDY BON BONS.

Our candy does wonders. One box of our delicious bon bons has been known to subdue an obdurate heart. It's no gamble. It's a sure thing. Sweet but inexpensive.

W. M. CAMBRIDGE.

Baker and Confectioner.

Napanee.

*Phone 96.

AGENTS WANTED

To canvas your own Neighborhood.

Make Home Money

in your spare time.

For particulars apply

BOX 622, NAPANEE.



THE SIGHT OF COAL

is most brilliant to behold. We refer of course to the kind of

COAL AT THIS YARD

and to its heat giving and other excellent qualities. You can't make coal, you have to buy it. Summer heat won't do cooking, but coal will. Buy here, it's economy.

Office, West Side Market Square, Phone 104
Yard: Foot of West Street. 1-tf

CHAS. STEVENS,

WALLPAPER

A Genuine Clearance.

Fisher's Music Store is about to resign the wall paper business, and for the next two weeks the whole stock is offered at 40 per cent discount. This is a movement in wallpaper which has probably never occurred in this vicinity, and will, no doubt, appeal to everyone who requires these goods. Many of you have seen them and know the price. Two weeks from Saturday, May 22nd, will suffice for a clearance. Bear this in mind.

Wallpapers at 40 per cent Discount

FISHER'S MUSIC STORE

They spell ECONOMY. The Perfection, Florence and Reliance makes are always combined with SAFETY and COMFORT. They are simply PERFECT and Perfectly simple.

M. S. MADOLE,

Phone 13

LOOK HERE!

Now if you want to get a cheap Boot, now is your chance. I am selling the balance of my stock of Boots and Shoes

AT COST.

Here are a few of the Prices:

Men's Chase Boot	\$1.60 for \$1.30
Men's Oil Tan reg.	1.90 for 1.65
Boys' Calf	1.75 for 1.40
Boys' Grain Boots	1.80 for 1.55
Boys' Box Calf	2.00 for 1.50

AT—

H. W. KELLY'S,

Campbell House Corner.



OUR WATCH WORD
WALTHAM

We claim they lead the world

15,000,000
NOW IN USE.

They tell the time
Right now and
All the time

EVERY GRADE THE
FACTORY MAKES

at

Smith's Jewelry Store

ement walks this year. Mr. W. Smith was recently awarded a contract at that price.

Be sure and read the posters of the Steamer Reindeer's annual Victoria Day excursion to Picton. Return tickets 25c only. Good to return any day during the week.

Mr. Mark Pizzariello's pony attached to his delivery wagon, caused some excitement on Dundas street on Wednesday. He had a lively run for a couple of blocks, but was captured before doing any damage.

All teas deteriorate with age. The flavor consists in an essential oil which decays. Take only fresh tea, and it only in the sealed lead packets of the "Salada" Tea Company. On account of its delicious strength a pound of "Salada" will go as far as a pound and a quarter of other teas.

Miss Edna Fraser, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Fraser, Bridge street, was quietly married on Saturday morning last, to Mr. Arthur E. Holland, of Ottawa. The ceremony was performed by Rev. G. W. McColl. Mr. and Mrs. Holland left on the noon train for a honeymoon in New York.

Floor Paint that won't stick and dries with a good gloss and wears well at "Wallace's Drug Store." If you did not get one of our sample color cards bring any one you did get. We have the same color.

A man proposes to a girl, that's his business.

The girl accepts him, that's her business.

They get married, that's their business.

We want horses and cattle in exchange for Pianos, Organs and separators.

that's our business.

VAN LUVEN BROS.,

Moscow, Ont.

Walking and gang ploughs, sulky and disc ploughs, snow ploughs, farm wagons, sleighs, dump carts, manure spreaders and loaders, land rollers, drags, disc harrows, turnip drills and seeders, wheel barrows, all kinds pulpers, straw cutters, pneumatic ensilage cutters, drag and wheel scrapers, side scrapers, road planers, cement mixers, stone boats all steel, beet pullers and contractors' supplies for sale by S. E. Gallagher, agent for the Wilkinson Plough Co., Toronto. In town every day.

Watertown, N. Y., May 14. Surprised by a number of friends and neighbors, who dropped in to offer their congratulations, Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Shannon, living at No. 373 Flower avenue east, celebrated their golden wedding anniversary, on Tuesday night, with more elaborateness than was thought of during the earlier hours of the day. Though there had been no definite arrangements toward a gathering at the Shannon home, it so happened that every few minutes some neighbor or friend would drop in and before long the elderly couple were receiving the best wishes of a room full of friends. During the evening a purse of gold was presented, along with several other gifts, as tokens of the love and esteem with which they are regarded. A half century ago Mr. Shannon, a smooth-faced lad, journeyed to Napanee, Ont., and there married Miss M. J. Crysedale. The young couple came directly to Watertown as a part of their honeymoon, settling upon the same street where they have lived continuously for fifty years.

Dr. de Van's French Female Pills
—the Wife's Friend.

A reliable regulator; never fails. While these pills are exceedingly powerful in regulating the generative portion of the female system, they are strictly safe to use. Refuse all cheap imitations. Dr. de Van's are sold at \$5.00 a box, or three for \$10.00. Mailed to any address. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont. At Lawrance's Drug Store.

garden seed, Timothy and Red Clover seed on hand. Plenty of Bran and Shorts and all kinds of cracked feed in stock. Try five Roses Flour, Salada Tea 25c off. Try our 25ct Tea, good Tea 5c. I pay 17c for fresh eggs. Store eggs not wanted, 22 nutmeg 5c.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowel Laxative.

DEATH OF J. A. LOCHHEAD.

James A. Lochhead, of Centreville, one of Camden's most respected farmers, passed away on Monday, at Kingston General Hospital, after several week's illness. It will be remembered that Mr. Lochhead had trouble with a corn on the outside of his foot and pared it too closely. Then blood-poisoning developed, and he was taken to the hospital, where it was seen that amputation would be necessary if the life of the patient was to be saved. This was done, but the disease had gained such headway that this did not prove successful, and gangrene set in, which caused his death.

Deceased was seventy-eight years of age, and was a very active man all his life. He was treasurer of the township of Camden for almost twenty-one years, and before that he was prominent in municipal matters, and served in the township council for a number of years. He was also a prominent Orangeman.

He was widely known and highly respected, and his hospitality was unbounded. As a neighbor he was kind and thoughtful, always willing to help in time of need and trouble, and will be missed for many a year by friends and neighbors. Deceased leaves seven children, John A., Hamilton; J. Mortimer, Centreville; William M. O., Berlin; Miss Jennie, at home; Mrs. Craighead, Vancouver; Miss Clara, Berlin, and Miss Laura, Peterboro. Mrs. Craighead arrived from Vancouver, but too late to see her father alive.

All the family were present at the funeral, which took place from his late residence, Centreville, on Thursday afternoon. The Orange Lodge, of which deceased was a member, conducted the services.

Hang up your fur coat in a Bell's Moth-Proof Fibre Bag. No creases; No care; safe from the enemy. Sold at The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

Bargains for Saturday.

MENS' SUITS AT 5\$

We have just received a large shipment of Men's Suits, in all sizes, in good serviceable Tweed. These were regular \$8 and \$10 Suits. Your choice for \$5.00

BOYS' NORFOLK SUITS \$1.99

15 Suits in the lot for Boys 8, 9, and 10 years of age. None of them were less than \$2.50, and some as high as \$3.75.

MOLE WORKING PANTS 89c.

10 dozen in all, sizes 32 to 44, clearing at 89c, regular value \$1.00.

Arlington Rubber Collars 15c.

Just about 10 dozen left, Regular 25c, clearing at 15c each.

COME EARLY.

Graham & Vanaalstyne.

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LOW PRICES —BUT— HIGH GRADE

SUMMER SUITINGS

Neat and Fashionable
Patterns—Extra Well
Made, and Tailored to
hold their shape.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailor, - Napanee.

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

W. C. F. U.

Regular meeting at Public Library
on Tuesday afternoon next at 7 p. m.

Jump Seat Buggy.

I have one new jump seat buggy,
will sell at cost.

W. J. NORMILE,
Napanee Bicycle and Carriage Works.

We Lead, Others Follow

Following are the prices which prevail
at the East End Barber Shop. Hair cut,
15c, Massage, 15c, shave, 10c, beard trim-
med, 10c. All work guaranteed first-class.
J. N. OSB RNE.

Prop

Excursion to Picton

The Foresters have chartered the
steamer Brockville for their annual ex-
cursion to Picton on May 24th. The
steamer has been thoroughly over-
hauled and is now an exceedingly com-
fortable excursion boat on which to
enjoy a sail on the bay.

Dissolution of Partnership.

Messrs. S. G. Hawley and W. M.
Maybee, who have been conducting a
shoe store, have dissolved partnership
and the business will be carried on by
Mr. S. G. Hawley alone in future. Mr.
Hawley is well known to the purchas-
ing public in Napanee and vicinity,
and with a large clean stock should re-
ceive a good patronage.

Special Notice

Parties intending building or re-
pairing old roofs this season should
call and inspect Amatite Roofing be-
fore buying. Amatite is fire proof,
wind and waterproof, is easily applied,
needs no painting. Cheaper than
shingles. Especially adapted for flat
roofs, as every joint is cemented in
putting it on. C. A. WISEMAN,
John St., first door north of Smith's
Jewelry Store. 17tf

Prisoner Escaped.

Finlay, a prisoner in the Napanee Gaol,
escaped from the institution on Thursday
afternoon about 4 p. m. He is aged about
40 years, quite grey, has but one eye,
dressed in grey pants and grey shirt. The
prisoner was cooking in the kitchen, and
taking a couple of suits of prison garb, and
with one half of each, made a suit all the
same color. He then went for a pail of
water and forgot to come back. The
prisoner is mentally sane and was in

PERSONALS

Mr. E. Spencer, Hay Bay, was a cal-
ler at our office on Monday.

Mrs. A. C. Clarke and family are
spending a couple of weeks in Roches-
ter, N. Y., the guests of Mr. and Mrs.
Jno. Clarke.

S. J. Mitchell, of Deseronto, passed
with honors at the final examinations
of the Ontario College of Pharmacy at
Toronto.

Miss Mabel Martin, Deseronto, spent
a few days this week the guest of Miss
Lena McConkey.

Miss Viola Vanalstine spent a few
days this week in Newburgh.

Mrs. W. Stanley and daughter,
Fanny, returned to her home in
Watertown, N. Y., on Saturday, after
spending a week with her sister, Mrs.
S. Lindsay.

Mrs. M. B. Deming, who has been
in Boston, Providence, and other
points in the States for the past year,
is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. R.
G. H. Travers, at Providence House.

Mrs. Peter Bogart has returned from
a visit with her daughter, Mrs. Major
Deroche, Ottawa.

Mrs. C. H. Finkle, Newburgh, and
Miss Wood, New York, were in Napanee
Wednesday.

Miss Gladys Grange, of Boston, has
returned to Napanee to spend the
summer with her parents, Mr. and
Mrs. A. W. Grange.

Mr. W. A. Grange was in Deseronto
Friday on business.

Mrs. H. B. Sherwood left for New
York Tuesday to spend a couple of
weeks with friends.

Mr. Harry Travers, inspector for the
Crown Bank, left the first of the week
for a ten day trip North of Toronto.

Mrs. C. A. Wiseman is visiting
friends at Violet.

Mrs. W. A. Grange will receive with
her mother, Mrs. G. H. Williams, on
Thursday, May 27th, from 3 p. m. to 6
p. m.

Mr. Alex Henry, of Toronto, was in
Napanee this week.

Miss Florence Johnston left last Fri-
day for Toronto for a few days and
then goes to Scranton for a month to
visit Mrs. James M. Lapum and family.

Mrs. Dr. Ward returned from Bos-
ton Saturday, after spending a month
with Mrs. Andrew, her daughter, in
that city.

Miss Jean Gibson went home with
her friend, Miss Helen Wartman, of
Colebrook, to spend Sunday.

Mr. James Young went to Cole-
brook Friday on a business trip.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Reid, of
Toronto, left for home Tuesday, after
having a very pleasant time with Mr.
and Mrs. James Young, Centre St.

Miss Susie Parrott, of Kingston,
spent last Sunday with friends in Na-
panee and left for Toronto Monday.

Miss Jennie Baker is home from
Sydenham for a few days.

Mrs. John A. McLennon left for
Belleville for the summer.

Mr. W. S. Herrington, K. C., made
a business trip to Arden on Wednes-
day.

At the evening services in the Wes-
tern Methodist Church last Sunday
evening Miss Pearl Grieve rendered in
very fine voice a beautiful solo entitled
"Ora Pro Nobis."

The Rev. Father Ethelbert will ar-
rive in Napanee on Saturday, May
29th, prox to open the mission in St.
Patrick's Church on Pentecost Sun-
day.

Rev. W. H. Emsley, Mr. and Mrs.
John Blanchard, Mr. James Reid, Mrs.
Dollie Perry, Napanee, and Messrs. A.
C. Parks and Chas. Parks, Hay Bay,
attended the funeral of the late Mrs.
C. D. Wagar, at Enterprise, on Wed-
nesday.

Miss Lena Warren, Deseronto, spent
a few days with friends at Green Point
and Picton last week. Miss Ella Pow-
less is visiting in Deseronto Picton

Food is
more tasteful,
healthful and nutri-
tious when raised with

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

The only baking powder made
from Royal Grape
Cream of Tartar

Made from
Grapes

Absolutely
PURE

TAMWORTH.

Mrs. Rogers and children, of Seattle,
Washington territory, are visiting at
Jas. Aylsworth's.

Mr. Chapman, of Stirling Bank, and
Miss Hattie Kennedy were married at
Christ church on Wednesday last by
Rev. Mr. Jones.

Rev. Mr. Sexsmith, of Newburgh,
preached in the Methodist church on
Sunday last.

Mr. Fitzgerald and wife leave on
May 24th to visit their daughter, who
will graduate as a nurse-in-training
soon after the above date.

Jas. Wheeler has just got home from
a wood ranging trip in the far North
country.

The Georgian and Slater Boots and
the Queen Quality just arrived at
Floyd & Co. Call and see them.

The next time you paint your house
try Sherwin-Williams Gloss White,
especially prepared for outside paint-
ing. It remains whiter and covers
more surface than lead and oil. It
will not chalk. The Medical Hall—
Fred L. Hooper, agent for Napanee.

STELLA.

Mrs. McMullen, an old resident of the
island, passed away at the home of her
daughter, Mrs. Drummond, at Emerald, on
Thursday, May 6th, after a lingering illness.
She leaves, besides her daughters, two sons,
Edward, at Emerald, and John, of this
place. The funeral was held on Friday to
Glenwood vault, and was largely attended.
Farmers are now commencing to turn
their cattle out to grass. Some are through
seeding.

William Montgomery has rented Mr.
Gibson's farm on the North shore.

T. J. J. Polley, Kingston, is spending a
few days with his mother, who is quite ill.
W. D. Sanders had his foot cut with an
axe a few days ago.

C. Fleming was around a few days ago
delivering stock for the Pelham Nursery.
Lieut. Pearce, of Odessa, has been
around collecting in aid of the Salvation
Army.

Bishop Mills held service in St. Alban's
church on May 5th and at Christ's church,
Emerald, on the 6th.

J. Miller has started into the butchering
business.

YARKER.

The breaking away of the dam in
Fifth Lake, and the great increase in
the rush of water, did not create any
fears here.

Mrs. Arthur Baxter received her
check for two thousand dollars from the
A.O.U.W.

Young men should be more careful
and not run horses along the highway
after dark. Sunday night, while R.
Ashley and wife were returning home,
they met some young men racing
horses. The result was broken rigs
and Mrs. Ashley thrown out. A good
heavy fine for such work would put a
stop to it.

David Goudy started with his gang
of men, Tuesday, to work on the town-

Buggies at a Bargain.

I have in stock a number of buggies,
Canada's best make. Must have the
room they occupy for other goods and
will sell them at less than cost.

W. J. NORMILE.

NEW GUINEA COURTSHIP.

All the Proposals of Marriage Are
Made by Women.

Away off in the strange island of
New Guinea it is leap year all the
time in one important sense, for out
there all the proposals of marriage
are made by the women. It is consid-
ered beneath the dignity of the male
inhabitants of New Guinea to even
notice a woman, and consequently the
women perforce must notice the men
and must start any idea of weddings,
etc.

So when the island belle of New
Guinea becomes in love she promptly
sends a piece of string to the sister of
the lucky man. If he has no sister
she sends it to his mother or to some
female relative—this because the man
and his male relatives are assumed
to be abate taking any steps toward
acquiring a wife.

Then the sister says to the man in-
volved: "Brother, I have news. So-
and-so is in love with you." If in-
clined to matrimony the man makes
an engagement to meet the enamored
lady. When they meet it is alone, and
they either decide to wed or drop the
entire proposition at once. There is
no courting, for the man is not al-
lowed, theoretically at least, to waste
any time on a woman—not even
enough time to make love to the lady
or to allow her to make love to him.

The betrothal is announced, and the
engaged man in New Guinea is brand-
ed on the back with charcoal, but the
woman's mark of engagement to wed
is actually cut into her skin and is
never allowed to completely vanish.
If either one decides to break the en-
gagement nothing can be done by the
offended party.

If the girl decides that, after all, she
sent the little piece of string by mis-
take the man is apt, however, to catch
her some time alone and beat her. If
the man filts the woman her relatives
often hunt him up and administer a
sound drubbing. Blood, however, is
seldom shed, as the breaking of these
women made engagements is not deem-
ed a very serious matter.

Though the women propose the wed-
dings in New Guinea, the condition of
the wife is miserable and unjust in
the extreme. The girl is merely the
property and slave of the husband. He
can beat her unrelentingly and even kill
her with impunity if she incurs his
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Prisoner Escaped.
Finlay, a prisoner in the Nanpsee Gaol, escaped from the institution on Thursday afternoon about 4 p.m. He is aged about 40 years, quite grey, has but one eye, dressed in grey pants and grey shirt. The prisoner was cooking in the kitchen, and taking a couple of suits of prison garb, and with one half of each, made a suit all the same color. He then went for a pail of water and forgot to come back. The prisoner is mentally unsound and was in gaol for using abusive language and threats.

Alex Ray Opt. D., Eye-Sight Specialist.
Will make the first of his regular visits for this season to Nanpsee on Monday, May 31st, from 12 o'clock noon, until 7 in the evening. Dr. Ray not only makes a specialty of all forms of impaired vision, but also the many forms of Eye-Strain where the vision is apparently normal. As Dr. Ray devotes all his time and research to this one thing, the relief of all forms of Eye-Strain, than can be relieved by any kind of Lens, and nearly all can be by the use of the right glass.

All Next Week.
Nothing so up-to-date and pleasing as the new comedy bill the Kyle Company are presenting at the opera house, opening on Monday next, for each night of the week at 8.15 giving a special matinee that will appeal to all, with a change of bill every second night. This energetic company have been appearing in all the big cities of the States and Canada and come highly recommended by press and public for the many able portrayals of the different comedy, straight work parts. Miss Gurney's wardrobe will surely cause comment by the ladies of the town. The prices are popular and within the reach of all.

Death of Mr. Jos. Taylor.
Mr. Joseph Taylor, for 40 years a successful bookseller and stationer at 288 Queen street west, Toronto, passed away on Tuesday after a long illness. The late Mr. Taylor prior to going to Toronto lived in Hamilton. For the past year he had lived retired, but continued to manifest a deep interest in the affairs of the city. He was sixty-nine years of age, and besides Mrs. Taylor, leaves one son, Mr. Harry Taylor, proprietor of the Campbell House, Nanpsee. The late Mr. Taylor was a member of the Methodist Church. Mr. Taylor had been ailing for some time, and had recently undergone an operation in the General Hospital. It was believed that he was much better as a result of it. "Why, the doctors said he could be brought home," said one neighbor, "but Mrs. Taylor thought it would be better for him to stay at the hospital for a little time."

P. S.—OUR 2 SPECIALS—
"White Oil Mixture" for Hard Wood Floors.
(It does not darken the wood.)
"Extra Floor Varnish" for Hard Wood Floors, and the best for Linoleums.
T. B. WALLACE, Druggist.

W. J. Taylor Purchases Curler, Bowler, Goller.
The Toronto News on Saturday contained the following: "The Curler, Bowler and Goller Magazine, published under the patronage of the Ontario Bowling Association, the Dominion Bowling Association and the Ontario Curling Association, has changed hands, the purchaser being Mr. W. J. Taylor, of Woodstock, Ontario, the publisher of Canada's two leading sportsmen's magazines, The Rod and Gun Magazine and the Motor Magazine of Canada. The Curler, Bowler and Goller will be published from Toronto as heretofore. Mr. Taylor experience in magazine publishing will mean even a better monthly magazine for the curlers, bowlers and golfers of Canada. The magazine still retains the patronage of the various Bowling and Curling Associations. The office in future will be at 5 King Street, West, Toronto."

John Blanchard, Mr. James Reid, Mrs. Dollie Perry, Nanpsee, and Messrs. A. C. Parks and Chas. Parks, Hay Bay, attended the funeral of the late Mrs. C. D. Wagar, at Enterprise, on Wednesday.

Miss Lena Warren, Deseronto, spent a few days with friends at Green Point and Picton last week.—Miss Ella Powless is visiting in Deseronto—Picton Gazette.

The engagement is announced of Miss Mammie Sutton, daughter of Mrs. Geo. Sutton, Georgetown, to Mr. Robert H. Gault, of Manitowaning, Ont. The marriage will take place quietly, early in June. Mr. Gault was formerly of Deseronto and well known in Nanpsee.

Mr. Shorey and Mr. McNeil, Wellington, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Rev. J. W. McColl a few days this week.

Mrs. Burritt is spending a few days in Toronto.

Mr. B. Ake Perry, of Schoenectady, N. Y., is spending a few days in town. He will shortly leave for Winnipeg.

DEATHS.

WAGAR—At Enterprise, on Monday, May 7th, 1900, Charlotte Mary Martin, beloved wife of Mr. Chas. D. Wagar, aged 56 years and 8 months.

Messrs. Hurtubies, of Peterborough, and Hawkey, of Glenvale, will again meet in the Brisco Opera House on June 1st. A preliminary match is also being arranged.

New Shoe Shop.

Mr. J. P. Ellison has bought out Mr. Jas. Taylor's shop opposite the Campbell house, and is prepared to do all kinds of repairing on shortest notice. Rubber work and made-to-order boots and shoes a specialty. Was with Wilson Bros. for years.

22-3-in.

Buggies, Buggies, Buggies.

Buggies manufactured by the old reliable Canada Carriage Co., of Brackville, and Dominion Carriage Co., Toronto, at prices to suit the times. Every rig guaranteed. Also buggies and wagons made to order by these well known makers. Call and inspect before buying elsewhere. C. A. WISEMAN, John St., Nanpsee.

19-1f.

CHEESE BOARD.

Nanpsee cheese board met in the Council chamber on Friday last, 227 colored and 540 white cheese were boarded. White sold at 12 5-16c and colored at 12 1-16c.

	White	Colored
Nanpsee	45	65
Moscow		
Empey	25	
Bell Book		25
Phippen No. 1		50
Phippen No. 2	30	
Phippen No. 3	20	25
Kingsford	52	
Forest Mills		62
Odesa	90	
Excelsior	50	
Farmer's Friend	40	
Palace Road	55	
Centreville	30	
Selby	90	
Newburgh	40	
	227	540

MUST MOVE.

Six monuments that are in the way where I intend erecting a new workshop and show room early in the spring. They are imported granite set on granite bases. I will make a cut ten per cent on former price for March and April. I have over thirty monuments on the yard and a few more coming in May and June. Also on hand forty finished marble blocks from \$5.00 to \$80.00. All choice stock to choose from. Come early before we are rushed with spring orders.
V. KOUBEK,
Nanpsee.

13-1f

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* The Kind You Have Always Bought

Young men should be more careful and not run horses along the highway after dark. Sunday night, while R. Ashley and wife were returning home, they met some young men racing horses. The result was broken rigs and Mrs. Ashley thrown out. A good heavy fine for such work would put a stop to it.

David Goudy started with his gang of men, Tuesday, to work on the township roads.

E. W. Benjamin has put in on the north-west side of his residence here a very handsome window.

Kenneth Smith has been transferred to Deseronto station on the B. of Q.R. R.

Mr. McLean was up from Strathcona.

The Methodist Sunday school will likely arrange for a social on June 1st.

George Beaudier has arrived again from England and will remain now in Canada.

Mrs. C. Shultz and niece have gone to Bloomfield.

Mrs. Erchorn and her mother, Mrs. A. Hill, are here from Carthage, N. Y.

Henry Beatty, of Omamee, formerly a hotel keeper here, and left six years ago, paid Yarker a visit.

George Lucas, sr., has sold his farm and for a time will live here.

Mrs. Ted Irish and daughter, Hattie are at the home of Edward Irish.

Mr. Holland, of Verona, the purchaser of the Allen bakery, has moved his family here. Mr. Allen has not yet decided where to locate but will at present reside in Marlbank.

Stewart Connolly has located in Langdon, Alberta.

Mac Vanluven, having secured a position in St. Anne de Bellevue has removed his family there.

VITOL

**The Great Nerve Tonic
Makes Blood and Flesh**

If you wish to have health and beauty take Vitol. That sallow complexion will be transformed into a clear, bright, healthy appearance. Your cheeks will put on a bright rosy color. If you feel tired, worn out, hard for you to drag yourself around, Vitol will give you a new lease of life. Vitol tablets will create strength, energy and ambition. Don't hesitate, get a box at once; price 50c a box, six boxes for two dollars and fifty cents. For sale at Lawrason's drug store.

**Letter Heads
Statements
Bill Heads
Envelopes
Cards**

The Nanpsee Express Job Department does anything and everything in the way of high-grade commercial printing. Our assortment of job type is complete, our press facilities of the best, and our workmen true typographical artists. This tells all the story of our facilities for doing job printing of the right kind at right prices.

**Cards
Envelopes
Bill Heads
Statements
Letter Heads**

which more engagements are secured a very serious matter. Though the women propose the weddings in New Guinea, the condition of the wife is miserable and unjust in the extreme. The girl is merely the property and slave of the husband. He can beat her unrebuked and even kill her with impunity if she incurs his enmity.

A Summer of Haze.

Europe and Asia were covered by fog during the summer of 1881. Says Gilbert White letter 1039: "The summer of the year 1783 was an amazing and a portentous one. * * * for, besides the alarming meteors and tremendous thunderstorms, * * * the peculiar haze, or smoky fog, that prevailed for many weeks in this island (England) and in every part of Europe and even beyond its limits was a most extraordinary appearance. The heat was intense. Calabris and part of the Isle of Sicily were torn and convulsed with earthquakes." Comber also refers to this phenomenon in speaking of "nature, with a dim and sticky eye."

All He Knew.

Officer (to recruit who has missed every shot)—Good heavens, man, where are your shots going? Recruit (tearfully)—I don't know, sir; they left here all right!—London Punch.

Habit is the deepest law of human nature.—Carlyle.

**Brisco Opera House!
ONE WEEK**

Commencing

Monday, May 24th

Kyle Vaudeville Co.

in a delightful entertaining bill of up to date Comedies and Songs. Mirth and Melody combined.

2 1/2 hours of solid enjoyment.
Amateur Night—Friday Night.
Special Saturday Matinee at 2 15 p.m.

Prices 10, 20 and 30c.

If you miss this you will be sorry.